CITY OF BLOOMINGTON CITY COUNCIL WORK SESSION 109 E. OLIVE ST. MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 2013, 5:25 P.M.

- 1. Bonds (30 min)
 - a. \$10 Million Road Resurfacing Bond new money
 - b. \$8 Million 2003 Bond Refinancing
 - c. Public Building Commission Refinancing
- 2. Proposed Draft Downtown Streetscape Master Plan (30 minutes)
- 3. Adjourn at 6:25pm

City of Bloomington McLean County, Illinois

General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Refund Series 2003 Bonds), Series 2013A (Bank Qualified) General Obligation Bonds (New Money Road Improvement Bonds), Series 2013B (Bank Qualified)

	S	epte	mber	201	3	
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
7	9	10	11	12	13	14
14	16	17	18	19	20	21
21	23	24	25	26	27	28
28	30					

		Octo	ber 2	2013		
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
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6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		
hliaht	od in	hlua				

	N	lover	nber	201	3	
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Mesirow Financial

Scheduled City Council meetings are highlighted in blue.

Scheduled Administration & Finance Committee meetings are highlighted in orange

Date	Event	Party
Week of September 16	Circulate first draft of Official Statement	All Parties
Week of September 23 or 30	Finalize Rating Presentation and hold conference calls with rating agencies (Coordinate calls with McLean County PBC Refunding)	Issuer, FA, PC
September 23	City Council Work Session	Issuer, FA, PC
October 2 or 3	Hold Official Statement due diligence call	DC, FA, Issuer, PC
October 4	Bond ratings published by rating agencies	Issuer
October 7	Finalize Official Statement (Publish Notice of Sale for 2013A and 2013B Bonds in Bond Buyer)	Issuer, DC, FA, PC
October 14	City Council adopts bond parameters ordinance	Issuer, BC, PC
October 15*	Hold competitive Bid Bond Sale for Series 2013A Refunding Bonds via MuniAuction	All Parties
Week of October 21	Closing documents for 2013A Bonds signed by City officials and returned to Bond Counsel	Issuer
October 22	Publish the 2013A Final Official Statement	DC, FA, PC
October 29	Closing for 2013A Bonds	All Parties
October 30*	Hold Competitive Bid Bond Sale for Series 2013B New Money Bonds via MuniAuction	All Parties
Week of November 4	Closing documents for 2013B Bonds signed by City officials and returned to Bond Counsel	Issuer
November 5	Publish the 2013B Final Official Statement	DC, FA, PC
November 12	Closing for 2013B Bonds	All Parties

Legend

Issuer	City of Bloomington, Illinois	FA	Financial Advisor – Mesirow Financial, Inc.
BC	Bond Counsel – Chapman & Cutler LLP	DC	Disclosure Counsel – Chapman and Cutler LLP
PC	Pricing Consultant – Ehlers		

Notes:

Timeline could be affected by market conditions

^{*}Note that 2013A and 2013B bond sales must occur 15 days apart to preserve separate issue Bank Qualified status for each bond issue

City of Bloomington

2013A \$10 Million BQ New Money GO Bonds Projected Level Debt Service Structure

				Proj	Projected Series 2013A Bonds Debt Service \$10 Million BQ TAX-EXEMPT	ed Series 2013A Bonds Debt \$10 Million BQ TAX-EXEMPT	ds Debt Se	rvice				
				13	10-Yr Amortization: Level Debt Service	ition: Level	Debt Servi	ce				
										Total	Total	
Fiscal	Total	Total								Projected	Projected	Cumulative
Year	Existing Principal*	Existing	Payment	Grinding	2010	70:2	***************************************	Semi-Annual	Annual Dobt Songe	Annual	Annual	Remaining
(as ill de)		Den Selvice	Date	incipal in	Conhon				Dent sei vice	הבון הבו הבו	8	86,555,000
2014	6,405,000	9,556,611	12/1/2013				28,680	28,680	28,680	9,585,291	6,405,000	80,150,000
2005	225 000	0 000 01	6/1/2014	870,000	3.000%	0.580%	161,325	1,031,325	1 1 70 600	10 001	000 303 9	72 555 000
CTOZ	2,723,000	0,022,313	12/1/2014	000	,0000	,0000	146,273	146,273	1,179,000	CIE,LUU,UI	000,686,0	000,000,0
2016	5,900,000	8,851,902	6/1/2015 12/1/2015	895,000	3.000%	0.830%	148,275 134,850	1,043,275	1,178,125	10,030,027	6,795,000	66,760,000
1		0	6/1/2016	920,000	3.000%	1.150%	134,850	1,054,850	1000		000	1
7107	4,070,000	6,850,948	12/1/2016	000	,0000	,0001	121,050	121,050	1,175,900	8,026,848	4,990,000	61,770,000
2018	4,240,000	6,870,854	6/1/2017 12/1/2017	950,000	3.000%	1.500%	121,050 106,800	1,071,050 106,800	1,177,850	8,048,704	5,190,000	56,580,000
2019	3,870,000	6,348,079	6/1/2018 12/1/2018	000'086	3.000%	1.940%	106,800	1,086,800	1,178,900	7,526,979	4,850,000	51,730,000
2020	3,105,000	5,444,091	6/1/2019 12/1/2019	1,010,000	3.000%	2.260%	92,100 76,950	1,102,100	1,179,050	6,623,141	4,115,000	47,615,000
2021	3,350,000	5,555,157	6/1/2020	1,040,000	3.000%	2.540%	76,950	1,116,950	1,178,300	6,733,457	4,390,000	43,225,000
2022	3.505.000	5.562.054	6/1/2021	1,070,000	3.000%	2.830%	61,350	1,131,350	1.176.650	6.738.704	4.575.000	38.650.000
2023	3,395,000	5,296,117	6/1/2022	1,110,000	4.000%	3.060%	45,300	1,155,300	1,178,400	6,474,517	4,505,000	34,145,000
2024	3,575,000	5,315,383	6/1/2023	1,155,000	4.000%	3.230%	23,100	1,178,100	1,178,100	6,493,483	4,730,000	29,415,000
2025	3,520,000	5,093,241	6/1/2024 12/1/2024							5,093,241	3,520,000	25,895,000
2026	3,370,000	4,775,972	6/1/2025 12/1/2025							4,775,972	3,370,000	22,525,000
2027	3,005,000	4,233,750	6/1/2026 12/1/2026							4,233,750	3,005,000	19,520,000
2028	3,215,000	4,279,938	6/1/2027							4,279,938	3,215,000	16,305,000
2029	2,440,000	3,348,181	6/1/2028 12/1/2028							3,348,181	2,440,000	13,865,000
2030	2,030,000	2,807,609	6/1/2029 12/1/2029							2,807,609	2,030,000	11,835,000
2031	2,220,000	2,873,391	6/1/2030 12/1/2030							2,873,391	2,220,000	9,615,000
2032	2,420,000	2,937,256	6/1/2031 12/1/2031							2,937,256	2,420,000	7,195,000
2033	2,640,000	3,008,250	6/1/2032 12/1/2032							3,008,250	2,640,000	4,555,000
2034	2,170,000	2,391,213	6/1/2033 12/1/2033							2,391,213	2,170,000	2,385,000
2035	2,385,000	2,461,022	6/1/2034 12/1/2034							2,461,022	2,385,000	1
	76,555,000	112,683,331		10,000,000			1,809,555	11,809,555	11,809,555	124,492,886	86,555,000	

Notes and Assumptions:
*Total Existing Principal and Debt Service includes those payments due and made on 6/1/2013. Also includes the following: (i) remaining 2004 Taxable Colisuem debt, (ii) remaining 2012 ERI Liability refunding debt and (iii) the projected results of the 2013B Refunding. It does NOT include any of the Public Building Commission debt or refunding of such debt.

(1) Dated Date of 10/29/2013

(2) Bank-Qualified Tax-Exempt interest rates used; assumes 40 bp spread to AAA MMD from September 13, 2013

(3) All yields and debt service payments are estimated and subject to change based on market conditions and other factors

(4) Expected City of Bloomington credit rating: Aa2 (Moody's) and AA+ (Fitch)

(5) Because the City cannot levy for any debt sevice payments up through and including 6/1/2014, those payments me paid through capitalized interest or the City's Operating Funds

Preliminary as of 9/17/2013 **FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES ONLY**

McLean County PBC

Refunding of 2004 PBC Revenue Bonds Savings Analysis and Summary

			Project \$ (Bond St	Projected PBC Refunding Bonds Debt Service \$1.550 Million* BQ TAX-EXEMPT (Bond Structure as received from First Midstate)	nding Bond * BQ TAX- ceived fron	Is Debt Se EXEMPT n First Mi	ervice dstate)					
										[
	Prior								Projected	ъ	Projected	Present
Levy	2004 Bonds	Payment				σ,	Semi-Annual	Annual	Semi-Annua	nal	Annual	Value of
Year	Debt Service	Date	Principal	Conpon	Yield	Interest	Debt Service	Debt Service	Savings		Savings	Savings
		10/1/2013										
2012	32,631	5/1/2014					1		32,	32,631	32,631	32,042
	182,631	11/1/2014	165,000	3.150%	3.150%	52,894	217,894		-35,	-35,263		
2013	29,744	5/1/2015				21,814	21,814	239,708	7,	7,930	-27,333	-26,542
	179,744	11/1/2015	165,000	3.150%	3.150%	21,814	186,814		-7,	-7,070		
2014	26,744	5/1/2016				19,215	19,215	206,029	7,	7,529	459	321
	176,744	11/1/2016	165,000	3.150%	3.150%	19,215	184,215		-7,	-7,471		
2015	23,669	5/1/2017				16,616	16,616	200,831	7,	7,053	-419	-479
	173,669	11/1/2017	165,000	3.150%	3.150%	16,616	181,616		-7-	-7,948		
2016	20,594	5/1/2018				14,018	14,018	195,634	6,	9/2/9	-1,371	-1,297
	195,594	11/1/2018	190,000	3.150%	3.150%	14,018	204,018		8-	-8,424		
2017	16,919	5/1/2019				11,025	11,025	215,043	5,	5,894	-2,530	-2,237
	191,919	11/1/2019	190,000	3.150%	3.150%	11,025	201,025		·6-	-9,106		
2018	13,200	5/1/2020				8,033	8,033	209,058	5,	5,168	-3,939	-3,324
	213,200	11/1/2020	210,000	3.150%	3.150%	8,033	218,033		-4,	-4,833		
2019	8,800	5/1/2021				4,725	4,725	222,758	4,	4,075	-758	-658
	208,800	11/1/2021	210,000	3.150%	3.150%	4,725	214,725		.5-	-5,925		
2020	4,400	5/1/2022				1,418	1,418	216,143	2,	2,983	-2,943	-2,323
	204,400	11/1/2022	000'06	3.150%	3.150%	1,418	91,418		112,983	983		
2021								91,418			112,983	85,107
	1,903,400		1,550,000			246,619	1,796,619	1,796,619	106,781	_	106,781	80,609

Notes and Assumptions:

^{*}Par amount is preliminary and subject to change

⁽¹⁾ Dated Date of 10/1/2013

⁽²⁾ Assumes expected rating of Aa2 from Moody's; subject to rating committee outcome

⁽³⁾ First Midstate has indicated that the PBC has chosen to realize all of its savings in the final year of the bonds, decreasing debt service in Levy Year 2021 by about \$110,000

⁽⁴⁾ For all other notes and assumptions used, please contact First Midstate

Preliminary as of 9/16/2013 **FOR DISCUSSION PURPOSES ONLY**

City of Bloomington

Series 2013B BQ Refunding of 2003 GO Bonds Savings Analysis and Summary

			Projected :	Projected Series 2013B Refunding Bonds Debt Service \$7.890 Million* BQ TAX-EXEMPT Uniform Savings Structure	ies 2013B Refunding Bonds 890 Million* BQ TAX-EXEN Uniform Savings Structure	Bonds Del k-EXEMPT ucture	bt Service			
Fiscal	Prior								Projected	Projected
Year	2003 Bonds	Payment					Semi-Annual	Annual	Semi-Annual	Annual
(April 30)	Debt Service	Date	Principal	Coupon	Yield	Interest	Debt Service	Debt Service	Savings	Savings
		10/30/2013							(125,737) **	
2014	138,594	12/1/2013				12,857	12,857	12,857	125,737	ı
	1,138,594	6/1/2014	1,005,000	3.000%	0.580%	121,800	1,126,800		11,794	
2015	123,094	12/1/2014				106,725	106,725	1,233,525	16,369	28,163
	1,123,094	6/1/2015	1,005,000	3.000%	0.830%	106,725	1,111,725		11,369	
2016	107,344	12/1/2015				91,650	91,650	1,203,375	15,694	27,063
	1,107,344	6/1/2016	1,000,000	3.000%	1.150%	91,650	1,091,650		15,694	
2017	90,844	12/1/2016				76,650	76,650	1,168,300	14,194	29,888
	1,090,844	6/1/2017	995,000	3.000%	1.500%	76,650	1,071,650		19,194	
2018	73,844	12/1/2017				61,725	61,725	1,133,375	12,119	31,313
	1,073,844	6/1/2018	995,000	3.000%	1.940%	61,725	1,056,725		17,119	
2019	56,344	12/1/2018				46,800	46,800	1,103,525	9,544	26,663
_	806,344	6/1/2019	740,000	3.000%	2.260%	46,800	786,800		19,544	
2020	42,844	12/1/2019				35,700	35,700	822,500	7,144	26,688
	792,844	6/1/2020	735,000	3.000%	2.540%	35,700	770,700		22,144	
2021	28,969	12/1/2020				24,675	24,675	795,375	4,294	26,438
_	778,969	6/1/2021	725,000	3.000%	2.830%	24,675	749,675		29,294	
2022	14,719	12/1/2021				13,800	13,800	763,475	919	30,213
	389,719	6/1/2022	345,000	4.000%	3.060%	13,800	358,800		30,919	
2023	7,406	12/1/2022				6,900	6,900	365,700	206	31,425
_	382,406	6/1/2023	345,000	4.000%	3.230%	6,900	351,900		30,506	
2024		12/1/2023						351,900		30,506
-	9,368,000		7,890,000			1,063,907	8,953,907	8,953,907	288,356	288,356

(148)

Present Value of Savings 27,639

25,975

28,088

28,808

23,997

23,515

22,808

25,528

25,972

24,662

256,845

			ω	
Estimated PV Savings:	Plus Refunding Funds on Hand:	Total NPV Savings:	Par Refunded:	Savings as % of Refunded Par:
		ted by the		

261,181 3,000,000

3.265%

4,336

256,845

Notes and Assumptions:

^{*}Par amount is preliminary and subject to change

^{**}Analysis assumes the contribution from the City of \$125,737 - these are moneys that have already been levied for and collecto City in regard to the 2003 Bonds due 12/1/2013 and 6/1/2014

⁽¹⁾ Dated Date of 11/12/2013

⁽²⁾ Bank-Qualified Tax-Exempt interest rates used; assumes 40 bp spread to AAA MMD from September 13, 2013

⁽³⁾ All yields and debt service payments are estimated and subject to change based on market conditions and other factors (4) Expected City of Bloomington credit rating: Aa2 (Moody's) and AA+ (Fitch)

City of Bloomington

Projected Wrap-Around Debt Service Structure 2013A \$10 Million BQ New Money GO Bonds

				Proi	Projected Series 2013A Bonds Debt Service	2013A Bon	de Deht Se	vice				
					\$10 Millio	\$10 Million BQ TAX-EXEMPT	us Debt sel					
				10-Yr	10-Yr Amortization: Wrap-Around Structure	n: Wrap-A	round Stru	cture				
										Total	Total	
Fiscal	Total	Total								Projected	Projected	Cumulative
Year (April 30)	Existing Principal*	Existing	Payment	Drincinal	a canada	Pleix	+2070401	Semi-Annual	Annual Debt Service	Annual Debt Service	Annual	Remaining
(25	5		2		5000	2						86,555,000
2014	6,405,000	9,556,611	12/1/2013				29,973	29,973	29,973	9,586,584	6,405,000	80,150,000
1,000	000	200	6/1/2014				168,600	168,600	000	7	1	000 100 10
2015	5,725,000	8,822,315	12/1/2014				168,600	168,600	337,200	9,159,515	5,725,000	74,425,000
2016	2,900,000	8,851,902	6/1/2015 12/1/2015				168,600 168,600	168,600 168,600	337,200	9,189,102	5,900,000	68,525,000
			6/1/2016	200,000	3.000%	1.150%	168,600	368,600				
2017	4,070,000	6,850,948	12/1/2016				165,600	165,600	534,200	7,385,148	4,270,000	64,255,000
2018	4,240,000	6,870,854	6/1/2017 12/1/2017	200,000	3.000%	1.500%	165,600 162,600	365,600 162,600	528,200	7,399,054	4,440,000	59,815,000
2019	3,870,000	6,348,079	6/1/2018 12/1/2018	200,000	3.000%	1.940%	162,600	362,600 159,600	522,200	6,870,279	4,070,000	55,745,000
2020	3,105,000	5,444,091	6/1/2019	1,910,000	3.000%	2.260%	159,600	2,069,600	2,200,550	7,644,641	5,015,000	50,730,000
2021	3,350,000	5,555,157	6/1/2020	1,895,000	3.000%	2.540%	130,950	2,025,950	2,128,475	7,683,632	5,245,000	45,485,000
2022	3,505,000	5,562,054	6/1/2021	1,875,000	3.000%	2.830%	102,525	1,977,525	2,051,925	7,613,979	5,380,000	40,105,000
2023	3,395,000	5,296,117	6/1/2022	1,860,000	4.000%	3.060%	74,400	1,934,400	1,971,600	7,267,717	5,255,000	34,850,000
2024	3,575,000	5,315,383	6/1/2023	1,860,000	4.000%	3.230%	37,200	1,897,200	1,897,200	7,212,583	5,435,000	29,415,000
2025	3,520,000	5,093,241	6/1/2024 12/1/2024							5,093,241	3,520,000	25,895,000
2026	3,370,000	4,775,972	6/1/2025 12/1/2025							4,775,972	3,370,000	22,525,000
2027	3,005,000	4,233,750	6/1/2026 12/1/2026							4,233,750	3,005,000	19,520,000
2028	3,215,000	4,279,938	6/1/2027							4,279,938	3,215,000	16,305,000
2029	2,440,000	3,348,181	6/1/2028 12/1/2028							3,348,181	2,440,000	13,865,000
2030	2,030,000	2,807,609	6/1/2029 12/1/2029							2,807,609	2,030,000	11,835,000
2031	2,220,000	2,873,391	6/1/2030 12/1/2030							2,873,391	2,220,000	9,615,000
2032	2,420,000	2,937,256	6/1/2031 12/1/2031							2,937,256	2,420,000	7,195,000
2033	2,640,000	3,008,250	6/1/2032 12/1/2032							3,008,250	2,640,000	4,555,000
2034	2,170,000	2,391,213	6/1/2033 12/1/2033							2,391,213	2,170,000	2,385,000
2035	2.385.000	2.461.022	6/1/2034							2.461.022	2.385.000	
	76,555,000	112,683,331		10,000,000			2,538,723	12,538,723	12,538,723	125,222,055	86,555,000	

^{*}Total Existing Principal and Debt Service includes those payments due and made on 6/1/2013. Also includes the following: (i) remaining 2004 Taxable Colisuem debt, (ii) remaining 2012 ERI Liability refunding debt and (iii) the projected results of the 2013B Refunding. It does NOT include any of the Public Building Commission debt or refunding of such debt.

(i) Dated Date of 10/29/2013

(2) Bank-Qualified Tax-Exempt interest rates used; assumes 40 bp spread to AAA MMD from September 13, 2013

(3) All yields and debt service payments are estimated and subject to change based on market conditions and other factors

(4) Expected City of Bloomington credit rating: Aa2 (Moody's) and AA+ (Fitch)

(5) Because the City cannot levy for any debt sevice payments up through and including 6/1/2014, those payments me tail through capitalized interest or the City's Operating Funds

September 16, 2013

TO: Mayor and City Council

cc: David A. Hales, City Manager

FROM: Barbara J. Adkins, Deputy City Manager

SUBJECT: September 23, 2013 Work Session – "Five Year Capital Improvements Downtown

Streetscape Report"

Background:

Over the last several years, Council has continued to look at ways to ensure that the downtown continued to be prosperous, by incorporating streetscape, while preserving the history and heritage of the Bloomington.

Staff was charged with developing a Five- year Downtown Streetscape Plan Report for Council discussion.

Staff worked internally with Administration, Engineering and Parks Maintenance staff to develop the draft report as well as recommendations that were set forth in the City's Strategy Plan and the Downtown Entertainment Task Force Final Report, chaired by Councilwoman Karen Schmidt.

As part of developing the report, staff reviewed past work that had been completed in the downtown as well as locations for additional streetscape that would include;

- Decorative Lights
- Street Resurfacing
- Sidewalk Replacement
- Benches/Bike Racks, and Garbage Receptacles
- Cleanliness
- Underground Storage Vaults
- Cameras

Attached please find the 5-year Capital Improvements Downtown Streetscape Report that includes past background history, City Grant Programs, Parking, Streetscape and Staff Recommendations.

This plan does not include water fountains or mural's, however it does include additional decorative street lights, sidewalk replacement, benches, bike racks, cameras, garbage/cigarette receptacles and vaults. The draft report also includes a map of existing as well as locations for additional streetscape.

Finally, staff is requesting that a "design" study be completed by using \$75,000 from the Fiscal Year 2013 budget that was approved by Council that would assist staff with the 5 year financial planning and transition of the streetscape plan.

Staff will also be presenting the draft plan to the Downtown Bloomington Association, Downtown Property Owners Groups and the Downtown Bar Association for their feedback.

City of Bloomington Downtown Streetscape Master Plan



5-Year Capital Improvements Report

September 2013
Prepared by: William C. Hanks
Graduate Management Intern
and

Stephen Arney
Public Works Miscellaneous Technician







Background: Heart of the city

The City of Bloomington is committed to a vibrant downtown that will become a regional destination, while preserving the City's history and heritage. It represents the heart of the city, presents fine architecture and offers amenities and events unique to the municipality.

Downtown, primarily, is bordered by Olive Street to the south, Locust Street to the north, East Street to the east, and Madison Street to the west. However, some of its finest niches are *outside the U.S. 51 arterial roads of Madison and East. To the west, a multi-purpose coliseum* provides a venue for sports, music and conventions, and a public ice skating center adjoins it. To the east, Front Street shines and a movie theater has been converted into a music venue. To the north, a cultural district serves a multitude of tastes in drama, music and fine art. In its core, downtown serves as government center, commercial center and residential living spot and is home to multiple art galleries, restaurants and taverns. A history museum in the former courthouse serves both as cultural and architectural anchor.

Despite its potential, downtown has struggled at times through the decades – as is common for central business districts in mid-sized American cities. During the past three decades, Bloomington government has played a leading role in rejuvenating the heart of the city. This document aims to guide the City Council, and was created at its request, as City leaders continue involvement in partnership with other Downtown stakeholders. The report first summarizes public improvements, then offers recommendations for future action.

Streetscape Projects

One element of the future vision of downtown Bloomington is streetscape beautification projects. The City of Bloomington needs to explore revenue sources and create a long-term plan to continue to see the progress. In 1986, Bloomington created a Downtown Tax Increment Financing (TIF) district to provide for comprehensive renewal of Downtown Bloomington. A TIF allocates future increases in property taxes from a designated area to pay for improvements only within that area. TIF did much to fund streetscape work and to provide incentives to the private sector. However, the Downtown TIF expired at the end of 2009. Without a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) district in downtown Bloomington, it is important to continue the commitment to a better downtown Bloomington though other sources and create a long-term capital improvement plan in collaboration with the downtown residents, businesses, the Downtown Bloomington Association and downtown property owners.

Since 2003, the City of Bloomington completed three major improvement projects in the downtown district: The Bloomington Downtown Courthouse Square Streetscape project, Downtown Bloomington Main Street Beautification project and the Main Streetscape Improvement project.



Figure 1: Bloomington Courthouse Square

Figure 1 on the left shows the southeast corner of the courthouse square. Work on the Bloomington Downtown Courthouse Square Streetscape project started in 2003. The project was funded by a \$925,000 grant awarded to the City through the Illinois Department of Community Affairs. The purpose was to enhance the streetscape on both sides of the four streets (Main, Jefferson, Center, and Washington) surrounding the courthouse with landscaping, sidewalks, curb improvements, and the installation of decorative lights.

The Downtown Bloomington Main Street Beautification project occurred in 2007. On the right, Figure 2 shows the 100 block of Main Street. The project was partly funded by a \$30,000 Illinois Transportation Enhancement Program (ITEP) grant and around \$165,000 from federal funds

The City spent approximately \$72,000 for the Main Street Beautification project. The project area was the 100 block of Main Street from Washington to Front streets. The scope included installation of decorative lights, landscaping improvements, and sidewalk replacement.



Figure 2: 100 Block of Main Street



Figure 3: Convergence of Purpose Statue



Figure 4: Main & Mulberry Street Intersection

The Main Streetscape Improvement project started in 2009 and included four blocks: Main Street from Jefferson to Mulberry streets and Monroe Street from Main to Center streets. The project cost approximately \$2 million and was funded by the remaining money in the expiring Downtown Tax Increment Financing (TIF) fund. The scope of the project included some private vault filling, sidewalk replacement, installation of combined trash and cigarette receptacles, decorative benches, trees, decorative lights, and a concrete base for the Convergence of Purpose statue in front of the Bloomington Center for the Performing Arts. The

Convergence of Purpose statue, which is shown in Figure 3 on the previous page, is a life-size statue of Abraham Lincoln, Jesse Fell, and David Davis.

On the left, Figure 4 shows the decorative lights along Main Street near the Monroe Street intersection.

The City also completed a smaller scale project, in the 600 block of Main Street in 2012. This project was budgeted for \$50,000. Below, Figure 5 shows the block. The scope of the work included installation of decorative lights and sidewalk replacement. The majority of the decorative light work was funded by the 2012 Traffic Signal Maintenance contract. While City electricians installed the decorative light poles, the City paid a contractor for foundation and underground electrical conduit work. Sidewalk replacement was paid though general revenue sidewalk money.

Harriett Fuller Rust Grant Program

In addition to the major streetscape projects, the City has committed itself to improved aesthetics though other avenues, while preserving the history of downtown. An example is the Harriett Fuller Rust Grant Program. The grant allows property owners or business owners to receive grants of up to 50 percent of the total cost of work on facade rehabilitation, repair or restoration, and/or structural work. In Fiscal Year 2012-13, the City spent about \$100,000 on

Pader 1 to

Figure 5: 600 Block of Main Street

the program and an additional \$25,000 in encumbrances. The Council has approved \$200,000 for Rust grants for the fiscal year 2013-2014. Over the years, the grants incentivized owners on scores of projects while protecting the historical integrity of buildings; the Historic Preservation Commission approves grant applications and ensures that façade changes are conducted in a historically sensitive manner.

Parking adjustment

The City of Bloomington took a small but meaningful step in addressing parallel parking. In 2007, the City started experimenting with removal of the tick markings on the pavement at parallel parking spaces. A tick mark indicates the boundary of a designated parking space. Motorists can get parking tickets for failing to park within tick marks. Eliminating tick marks creates more space for parking.

Other Accomplishments:

With Bloomington's continued action agenda commitment to improve the downtown area, City Manager Hales assigned Deputy Manager Adkins to create and direct a 5-year improvement plan in 2012. In December 2012, the staff formed an internal team with the goals to increase security and enhance the streetscape in the downtown area while preserving the history and heritage of Bloomington. The internal team combines of City staff from various departments that have a direct interest in the issues being addressed. The team includes:

- ➤ Barb Adkins, Deputy City Manager
- ➤ Kevin Kothe, City Engineer
- ➤ Jeff Kohl, Engineering Technician
- > Jeff Raines, Engineering Technician
- ➤ John Kennedy, Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Arts Department Director
- > Troy Olson, Engineering Technician

- ➤ Jim Karch, Public Works Director
- Scott Sprouls, Director of Information Services
- Don Gilmore, Superintendent of Streets& Sewers
- Robert Meows, Superintendent of Parks & Recreation

The team conducted a walking tour of downtown and met multiple times to discuss concerns and needs for downtown.

Proactively, the following items were completed by each department:

The Public Works Department created a map of the downtown that identifies locations of existing and proposed items, such as benches, bike racks, cameras, trash cans, and decorative lights (See Attachment 1). The items on the map were added with input from the members of the project team.

The Public Works Department identified inlets and sidewalks that need to be replaced. Within the Fiscal Year 2012-2013 budget cycle, The Public Works Streets and Sewers Division workers have completed repair work in the downtown area:

- > Inlet repair work at the northeast corner of the Market and Center intersection.
- ➤ Inlet repair work at the southeast corner of the Monroe and Center intersection.



Figure 6: Example of Completed Inlet Repair Work

- ➤ Inlet repair work at the southeast corner of the Jefferson and Main intersection.
- ➤ Replaced a no parking sign at the corner of Washington at Main Street.
- ➤ Alley approach repair work on the north side of Mulberry Street.

At left, Figure 6 shows completed inlet repair work. The sidewalks and ramps were replaced at those locations. Three additional ramps were contracted out and replaced at the intersection of Mulberry and Main streets in Fiscal Year 2012-2013. These ramps are now compliant with the new ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) standards and with the new curb ramps

guidelines set by the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT).

The Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Arts Department removed two Hawthorne trees at 415 North Center Street because of a heavy insect infestation problem. In addition, the department removed a dead oak tree at the corner of Market and Center in front of the parking garage.

Security Cameras

The Information Services Department installed a wireless network infrastructure, a video management system (VMS), and four (4) cameras to enhance safety in the downtown district. Figure 7, shown at the right, is an example of a camera and a wireless access point in the downtown district. The camera on the corner of Main and Mulberry streets was moved from the concrete Ameren pole to the decorative pole.

In 2008, the City secured a grant from the State Farm Foundation for technology for \$169,500, with \$80,000 being earmarked for the downtown cameras. Money remains available, and the Police Department has prioritized locations for future cameras. The first priority would be a camera at the intersection



Figure 7: Camera & Wireless Access Point Pole Example

of Washington and Main Street. The second priority would be a camera mid-block in the 500 block of Main Street. The camera would face towards the east to allow a better view of the heart of the bar district. The third priority would be Front Street, but the exact location is still to be determined. The Police Department plans to have cameras installed for the first two priority locations by late summer of 2014.

The City should plan for future camera locations along Center Street to increase safety. It would be wise to pick one corner at each intersection for a camera post. In the future, these camera posts may be used for a wireless network in the downtown district.



Figure 8: A 5-Globe Decorative Light Example

Decorative Lights

Decorative lights have been a key element in enhancing downtown and staff envisions expanded use of them. Figure 8, on the left, is an example of a 5-globe decorative light. Entering 2013, there were 91 existing decorative lights in the downtown district. Among those, there were 37 single-globe light stands, 1 two-globe, 5 three-globe, 1 four-globe, and 47 five-globe lights. Additional location information can be found by looking at the map on Attachment 1.

The team conducted a nighttime check of the

street lights to ensure all the lights worked properly. The nighttime check led to the decision to removed four (4) concrete Ameren light poles along Main Street.

Decorative lights come with challenges, and the team identified several concerns. First, decorative lights are fed off of a circuit, and there are questions that need to be analyzed, such as how many lights can be fed off of one circuit and the best way to construct a plan. Second, the installation of decorative lights requires trenching. That means digging up sidewalks. Third, the Police Department has noticed that ambient lighting from the decorative light globes has a negative impact on the quality of camera images if the camera is not situated high enough or the camera is not in the right position. The camera that experienced the most trouble was the one the intersection of Mulberry and Main streets. The City switched that camera from an Ameren light pole to a decorative light pole to improve image quality.

Design budget

The team proactively recommended that \$75,000 be allocated in the Fiscal Year 2013-2014 -- and the Council agreed -- for the design phase of the Downtown Streetscape Master Plan. The Master Plan includes designing and outlining locations for decorative lights, benches, and bike racks. The City Council also approved \$400,000, which would be distributed evenly in each of the next four budget's cycles following Fiscal Year 2013-14. The \$400,000 is earmarked for the construction of any downtown streetscape improvements. Attachment 2 is a copy of the budget sheet for the Downtown Streetscape Improvements project in the Capital Improvements Program.

Observations on vaults

Sidewalk vaults constitute a major obstacle in downtown improvement. Vaults are basement spaces extending underneath sidewalks. They belong to private property owners and were created in decades past for coal delivery and for storing goods. On the right, Figure 9 shows an example of a sidewalk vault. It is one of the few that is visible from the sidewalk.

Some of the vaults are now abandoned by the property owners while other property owners are unaware of their existence; the City and the owners do not know their locations.

Although private vaults are underneath City sidewalks in the public right-of-way, they are the responsibility of the property owners to maintain because they are part of the owner's property.

Vaults at best present a planning dilemma. Unused vaults should be filled, but at whose expense?



Figure 9: Sidewalk Vault Example



Figure 10: A Collapse Sidewalk Above a Vault

At worst, they are a safety hazard. There have been a few cases in which the sidewalk above a vault has collapsed. Figure 10, on the previous page, shows one such example of collapse. The City has tried pilot programs, such as coring and ground penetrating radar (GPR), to locate the sidewalk vaults, but the results are not what the staff expected. There is still a need to update records.



Figure 11: Tree Grate Example

Decorative tree grates

Another negative element in the downtown district is decorative tree grates. They are an example of good intentions with negative consequences. Tree grates are the steel structures that sit atop mulch, which surrounds the tree. (See Figure 11, on the left.) Tree grates make it difficult for City staff to perform maintenance to the tree, such as putting in new mulch. Worse, the grates, intended to improve aesthetics, accomplish the opposite: They become collectors for trash, general debris and cigarette butts. All grates should be removed.

Recommendations:

The City of Bloomington is committed to proactively seek ways to improve the streetscape and overall beauty of downtown while preserving the history and heritage of Bloomington. The formation of the internal team is another step towards the City Council's goal for the downtown, which is outlined in the City of Bloomington Strategic Plan as Goal 6: A Prosperous Downtown Bloomington. The City Strategic Plan was adopted by the City Council on January 25, 2010. (Please see Attachment 3 for more details about the Strategic Plan Goal 6.) The team has identified needs and outlined recommendations for the capital improvement plan:

- Complete Infrastructure Rehabilitation, Block-by-Block Approach: This refers to an emerging Public Works strategy in which a block gets comprehensive infrastructure work at one time rather than piecemeal work. The team feels that this approach to improve downtown will provide better guidance and a blueprint from which to work. The approach will include addressing underground utilities (sanitary/storm sewers), curb & gutters, sidewalks, sidewalk ramps, fire hydrants, signage and decorative lights at a given spot at one time. This will ensure proper planning for improvements in the downtown district and maintain consistency within the whole city block.
- Implement a Decorative Light Plan: The team recommends gradual addition of 321 decorative lamps (185 single-globe, 8-three globe, and 128 five-globe lights). With the \$75,000 approved by the Council for FY 2013-2014 budget, the staff recommends a design phase for the planning. The design phase is needed because of the unknown locations of vaults and electrical circuits, and to ensure proper planning and synchronizing with other downtown work. Questions need to be answered, such as how many lights can be fed off of one circuit and the best way to construct a lighting plan.

The staff also recommends a policy to conduct monthly street light checks in the downtown area. This will ensure that all the street lights are properly working.

- **Conducting a Vault Inventory:** This is one of the more pressing needs moving forward because the City has incomplete records vault locations. Staff feels it can be more efficient and effective with a vault inventory in hand. Cooperation will be needed from property owners to accomplish the goal.
- City Policy for Private Vaults: The City should create a policy on how to handle the private vaults in the downtown district because of the expense to fill the private vaults. It is estimated that it would cost approximately \$25,000 for a typical vault fill without any unseen circumstances, such as asbestos removal, utilities conflicts, and structure conflict associated with the adjacent building.
- Pan/Tilt/Zoom (PTZ) Camera Preference: The Public Works Department will continue to coordinate with the Police and Information Services departments on future camera locations, as citizens' safety is a primary goal for the City. The Police and Information Services departments prefer that the City purchase pan/tilt/zoom (PTZ) cameras over fixed cameras because the PTZ cameras cover a larger area, assisting police in investigating a situation from multiple angles. The cameras also can zoom into a particular spot. Also, a PZT camera angle can be adjusted easily in the event of a problem, such as obstruction of a view.
- **Remove and Plant New Trees:** In the future, the Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Arts Department wants to remove 14 trees at an estimated cost of \$3,500. Forty-six new trees would be planted, for \$3,700. The team also recommends removing all tree grates in the downtown district.
- Adding Other Amenities: The team recommends approval for the Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Arts Department wish to purchase three 4-inch benches, two waste receptacles, and two bike racks with an estimated cost of \$5,600.
- Replacing Sidewalks: The Public Works Department has estimated that it would cost \$30,000 to replace bad sidewalks in the downtown district. These sidewalks will not comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) if not addressed in a timely manner. There also are brick squares within the City sidewalks on the 500 block of Center Street that should be torn out and replaced. Brick sidewalks are slippery when wet and become easily displaced, making it difficult and sometimes dangerous for pedestrians who are elderly and who have disabilities. However, staff feels it would be poor planning to replace any sidewalks without a decorative light plan. Installing decorative lights would require trenching and require sidewalks to be torn out and replaced. Infrastructure should be completely rehabilitated using the Block By Block method.
- **No Drinking Fountains:** Staff feels that drinking water fountains are not necessary in the downtown district and add an unnecessary expense. They also divert potential customers from merchants who sell water and other beverages.

Conclusion

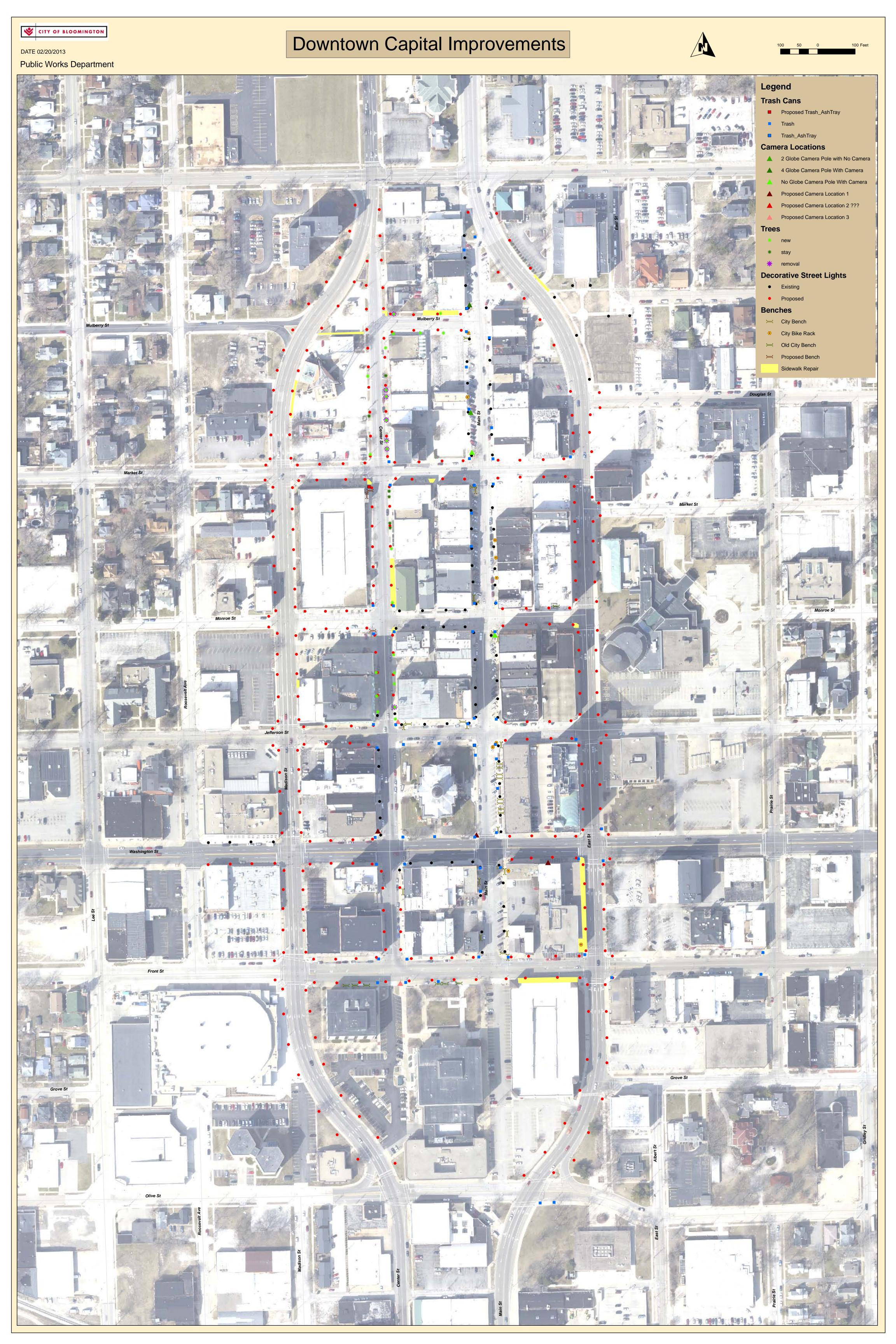
In preparing the 5-year capital improvement report, staff sought realism in terms of financial ability and sought directness in terms of needs.

- In viewing past actions and recommendations for the future, it is evident that staff members and the Council are looking at downtown as a whole. Areas like the foot of Center Street, which cannot compete with the grandeur up the hill, need streetscape and infrastructure investment even more for that very reason. Downtown improvements need to be widespread.
- In preparing the 5-year capital improvement streetscape plan for the downtown, staff looked at previous improvements, financials and the need to continue/complete streetscape throughout the downtown.
- As part of the preparation of the plan, staff also felt that a design study should be completed to assist the staff with financial planning and transition throughout the five years of the plan.
- The City Council approved \$75,000 in the current fiscal year budget that would allow for a design study to be completed. Staff will be drafting a Qualification Based Selection (QBS) within the next two months. Staff's recommendation on the best qualified Vendor for the work will be submitted to the City Council for approval.
- Over the next month, staff will be presenting the draft plan to the Downtown Business Association, Downtown Property Owners and Downtown Bar Association for their input.

Staff would like to extend much appreciation to the past and present elected officials for their continued commitment to the betterment of the downtown, one of the City's many "Jewels of the Midwest"!

Respectfully submitted,

Barbara Adkins, Deputy City Manager



Strategic Plan

2010 → *2015* → *2025*



City of Bloomington

"Jewel of Midwest Cities"

Adopted by the City Council on January 25, 2010

Goals for 2015

Goal 6: Prosperous Downtown Bloomington

What this means to you as a citizen:

- Traditional Downtown the heart of the Bloomington Community
- Choices for dining and entertainment opportunities
- Reasons to go Downtown
- Preservation of the City's history and heritage
- Downtown a regional destination for entertainment, financial center, seat of government

Objectives

- More beautiful, clean Downtown area
- Downtown Vision and Plan used to guide development, redevelopment and investments
- Downtown becoming a community and regional destination
- Healthy adjacent neighborhoods linked to Downtown
- Preservation of historic buildings

Challenges and Opportunities

- Future direction of Downtown
- Diversity of stakeholders
- Upgrading City facilities in Downtown
- Defining City's role in Downtown
- Residents thinking of Downtown as a destination
- Aging building and infrastructure in Downtown
- Main Street and couplet
- Attracting a hotel and restaurants