CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, ILLINOIS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended April 30, 2005

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Finance Department

September 10, 2004

To the Citizens of the City of Bloomington

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Bloomington, Illinois, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2005 is hereby submitted. This report presents a comprehensive and detailed picture of our financial transactions during the 2004 - 2005 fiscal year and the financial condition of the various funds as of April 30, 2005.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City management. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the City's financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the City's financial condition have been included. The organization and content of this report follows the standards for annual financial reporting promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. To provide as reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Bloomington's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. In 2003, the City converted the presentation of its financial statements, including infrastructure reporting, to comply with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, including infrastructure reporting. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by McGladrey and Pullen, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Bloomington for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2005, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2005, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The Comprehensive Annual Report is divided into three main sections:

<u>Introduction</u>: Provides an overview of the City's operations. This section also discusses fiscal trends and gives some basic financial information.

<u>Financial</u>: The financial statements of the City in accordance with requirements established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for the year ended April 30, 2005.

Statistical: Ten-year trend information and other vital facts about the City.

Profile of the City of Bloomington: The City of Bloomington is located in the heart of Central Illinois, approximately 125 miles southwest of Chicago, 155 miles northeast of St. Louis and 64 miles Northeast of Springfield, the State Capital. Bloomington is the County Seat of McLean County, the largest county in Illinois (approximately 762,240 acres). Bloomington (2000 population 64,808) is a twin city with the Town of Normal (2000 population 45,368). Intestates 74, 55, and 39 intersect in Bloomington-Normal as well as U.S. Routes 51 and 150 and State Route 9. The twin cities are also serviced by three major railroad lines and AMTRAK as well as air transportation at the Bloomington-Normal airport, which services commercial, commuter, corporate, and private aircraft. Bloomington is located in one of the most productive agriculture areas in the nation, but the economy is diverse and well balanced. In addition to the major manufacturers and industries, there are two universities, two community colleges, two hospitals, and sixteen banks and savings and loan associations located in Bloomington-Normal. The City of Bloomington is one of the fastest growing urban areas in Illinois with an estimated 12.3% increase in population between 1990 and 2000. New construction continues to enhance residential, industrial and commercial growth.

The City operates under the Council/City Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a Mayor and an eight-member Council of Aldermen. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City's manager. The City's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the City's departments. The Council is elected on a nonpartisan basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms, while the Mayor is elected to a four-year term. The Mayor is elected at large, the Council members by ward.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, parks and recreation, the operating of the water and sewer utilities, public parking and refuse pickup.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit their budget requests to the Finance Director by November 15th of each year. The Finance Director then works with the City Manager and Department Heads to refine the budget request, and the City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the City Council before March 31st of each year. The City Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than April 30th of each year; the close of the City's previous fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. Budget transfers or amendments require approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Corporate Fund, this comparison is presented in the required supplementary information. For governmental funds, other than the general corporate fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the nonmajor governmental funds subsection of this report.

Major Initiatives

The City staff, following specific directives of the City Council and the City Manager, have been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year; projects which reflect the City's commitment to ensuring that its citizens are able to live and work in an enviable environment. The most significant of these projects are discussed more thoroughly below:

Community Development: The City of Bloomington has established a number of ongoing programs for rehabilitation of single-family residential dwellings as a part of its community development programs. Eligible households may have their homes rehabilitated through a variety of grant/loan programs, including City direct loans, reviewable loans, deferred loans or grants. Eligible households receiving assistance through Community Development must meet one of HUD's national objectives. These objectives are a benefit to low/moderate income households or the elimination of slum/blight.

Tax Increment Financing: In 1986, the City of Bloomington augmented its economic development programs by creating three Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts; Market Square, Veterans Parkway and Downtown Bloomington. The purpose of the TIFs is to stimulate economic development in areas of the City that have not kept pace with the rest of the City in terms of jobs, public facilities, shopping choice and quality of life. To date, over \$70 million of private investment has been attracted to the districts. Specifically, a 250,000 square foot shopping center, major hotel-conference center and three auto dealerships have developed in the Veterans Parkway District. In Market Square, a full service truck stop and a 60,000 square foot shopping center have opened their doors. The City has been able to attract and support historic rehabilitation of over 100,000 square feet for various uses in downtown Bloomington through the TIF, rehabilitate a 70-year old theater, and assist many business owners to remodel the fronts of their businesses through facade grants.

The City issued over \$12,500,000 in TIF bonds in 1987 to finance projects in the Veterans Parkway and Market Square Districts. In 1988, an additional \$2,500,000 in bonds was issued for additional work in Market Square and to assist the downtown project. The City will continue to use TIF as an economic development tool in the future where appropriate. The success of the Veterans Parkway TIF allowed the City to retire the \$7,200,000 of debt before scheduled and close the TIF

Other Projects:

- Complete building a \$35 million downtown sports and entertainment center named US Cellular Coliseum, including a public skating rink, named the Pepsi Ice Center, and parking deck, on the southwest edge of the downtown area.
- Adding four patrolmen to the Police Department.
- Began a new Stormwater Utility paid for via a stormwater fee. Issued \$ 29.4 million in General Obligation Bonds to pay for the US Cellular Coliseum.
- Moved several City Departments to new space in the Government Center Building.

Issued \$15.6 million in tax-exempt variable General Obligation Bonds to pay for the new parking deck, Pepsi Ice Center and Phase I of the Cultural District plus refinancing some older bonds.

<u>Factors Affecting Financial Condition</u>: The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local Economy: The City did experience continued improvement in local economic activities to recover from the slow down in the economy earlier in the decade. The City had a significantly lower unemployment rate as compared to the entire state, and the sales tax collections have been improving significantly in the last year. The region has a varied professional office, light manufacturing and industrial base, which assist the previously mentioned employment situation. Retail sales in the Bloomington-Normal area have been strong over the past few years. There are approximately 14 major shopping areas located in the Bloomington-Normal area serving a large retail-trading region covering a radius of about 50 miles. The household effective buying income of \$51,299 in 2003 for Bloomington-Normal was 5.13% above the United States EBI of \$48,798; 19.19% above the Champaign/Urbana EBI of \$43,040; 12.79% above the Peoria EBI of \$45,480; and 6.17% above the Springfield EBI of \$48,319.

Bloomington is the headquarters for State Farm Insurance Company. State Farm Insurance Company is the City's largest employer. There are seven major employers in Bloomington-Normal who employ between 1,000 and 14,132 employees each. Another twenty-three employers provide jobs for between 157 and 974 employees, of which the City of Bloomington with 859 employees is included.

Commercial and residential growth has been strong and steady. Several years ago Eastland Mall expanded and brought Famous Barr to the Mall plus expanding the existing Kohl's store. It is conservatively estimated that this agreement will result in an increase of \$9 million to sales and property tax collections for the City. An exposition center was built on the west side of the City near the outlet mall, which is able to host events year-round. A new hotel has been built in this area and a new Super Wal-Mart has been opened for several years as well. A new Lowes store was opened on the east side several years ago and the City enjoys the presence of most major restaurants including Krispy Kremes. Major employers have remained stable and plans for occupying expanded space are underway. Mitsubishi Motors has started adding staff again after undertaking a large layoff last year. New projects and renovation abound in the downtown area and expanded lodging and restaurant facilities are under consideration. Veterans Parkway is being widened, which will also aid growth. A Cultural District has been authorized and plans are underway to rehabilitate an 80-year old facility. Also, please refer to the MD&A elsewhere in this document to see further information about the City's economic condition and bond rating status.

<u>Long-Term Financial Planning</u>: The extension of a new water main from Lake Bloomington, the completion of Tipton Park, the construction of a Downtown Sports and Entertainment Center, the creation of a new Stormwater Utility to deal with storm run off, the repair and improvement of various streets, remodeling the Public Library and the development of the downtown area including a Cultural District remain the main emphasis for the City Council at this time.

Over the next three to five years, the City will complete Tipton Park, continue work on the new water main from Lake Bloomington, complete developing the Cultural District and complete construction of the Downtown Sports and Entertainment Center. In addition, there will be several major road construction repair projects.

Cash Management Policies and Practices: Cash temporarily idle during the year in the City's operating funds was invested in the Illinois State Treasurer's Pool (Illinois Fund), the Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET), the Financial Investors Trust (FIT) and certificates of deposit. The maturities of the investments vary from being immediately accessible (Illinois Funds and FIT) to approximately six months (CDs) to two to three years (IMET). The average yield of these investments tracked closely with the return for Illinois Funds which for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2005 was 2.611%. The Police Pension and Fire Pension funds are managed by their respective boards. For the fiscal year from May 1, 2004 to April 30 2005, the rate of return for the Fire Pension Fund was 4.89% due mainly to having a slow year in the stock market. For the fiscal year from May 1, 2004 to April 30 2005, the rate of return for the Police Pension Fund was 6.07% as their investments performed better in the stock market. Usually the two Pension Board's returns are higher than the City because the Pension funds can invest in long-term securities and in equities.

<u>Budget System</u>: The City of Bloomington operates under a five-year budget program. The budget is also the City's appropriation ordinance. The budget process starts in June and includes staff hearings, City Manager's review and Council Public hearings. Each line item is justified by backup material, including capital improvements. The budget and appropriation ordinance is passed prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The City's budget process has been successful to the point that we usually finish the year within 3% of the budget.

<u>Risk Management</u>: In October 1995, the City of Bloomington established the Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority that allows the City of Bloomington to purchase property, casualty, liability and worker's compensation insurance at wholesale prices and avail the City of a more aggressive investment strategy. The long-term goal is to produce enough revenue from investments to pay for the City's insurance.

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits: The City sponsors a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for its police officers and firemen. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the City and the pension plans calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City must make to each respective pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the City fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the respective pension plans as determined by the actuary. As a result of the City's conservative funding policy, the City has succeeded as of April 30, 2004 of funding 60.5% of the Police Pension and 61.5% of the Fire Pension actuarial accrued liabilities. The remaining unfunded liability is being systematically funded over 31 years as part of the annual required contribution calculated by the actuary.

The City also provides pension benefits for its nonpublic safety employees. These benefits are provided through a statewide plan managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). The City has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan beyond its contractual payments to IMRF

Additional information on the City's pension arrangements can be found in Note 8 in the financial statements.

<u>Deferred Compensation</u>: The City does offer its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Further details on this can be found in Note 10 in the financial statements.

<u>Flexible Compensation</u>: The City provides a Section 125 Flexible Compensation Plan for all full-time employees. The plan allows tax-free deductions for premiums for health and dental insurance and for medical and daycare reimbursement. Employees can select one or all of the tax-free deductions.

Awards and Acknowledgments: The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2004. This was the 28th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA this year to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation especially to Judy Whikehart, Assistant Finance Director, and all other members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Bloomington's finances.

Respectfully submitted.

Brian J. Barnes, Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

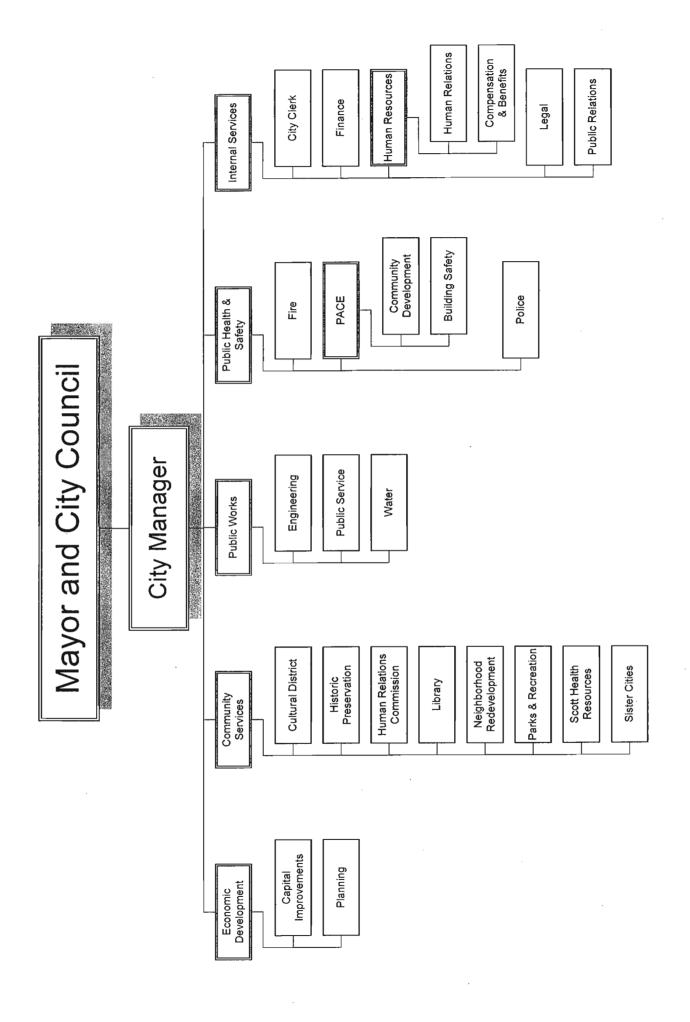
City of Bloomington, Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES PARAMETERS AND COMPOSITION C

Nancy L. Zielle President



Officers and Officials Year Ended April 30, 2005

Elected Officials

Administrative Officials

Mayor

Judy Markowitz

Aldermen

Michael Matejka Kevin Huette Karen Schmidt Jim Finnegan J.E. "Skip" Crawford Rich Veitengruber Thomas D. Whalen

Michael Sprague

City Manager

Thomas Hamilton

City Clerk

Tracey Covert

Director of Finance and City Treasurer

Brian J. Barnes

Corporate Counselor

Todd Greenburg

Fire Chief

Keith Ranney

Police Chief

Roger J. Aikin

Director of Water

Craig Cummings

Director of Public Services

Brian Brakebill

Director of Engineering

Doug Grovesteen

Director of Human Resources

Emily Bell

Director of Parks & Recreation

Keith Rich

Director of Planning & Code Enforcement

Mark Huber

Director of Bloomington Public Library

Matthew Kubiak

Director of J.M. Scott Health Resources Center

Ruth Ann Sikora

Executive Director of Bloomington Cultural District

Bruce Marquis

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bloomington, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bloomington, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Bloomington, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority, which represent 10% and 18%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information and represents 2% of the governmental activities assets and none of the governmental activities revenues. We also did not audit the financial statements of Police Pension and Fire Pension, which represent all of the assets and revenues of the fiduciary funds of the City of Bloomington, Illinois. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority, Police Pension and Fire Pension, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority, Police Pension, and Fire Pension were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bloomington, Illinois, as of April 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2005 on our consideration of the City of Bloomington, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 17 and budgetary comparison information on pages 70 through 72 and the Pension Plans Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 67 through 69 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Bloomington, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audit of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

McGladrey of Pullen, LCP

June 28, 2005, except for the fiduciary funds as to which the date of the other auditor's is August 15, 2005 for the Police Pension and August 29, 2005 for the Fire Pension

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

The City of Bloomington (the "City") Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing to significant issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter beginning on page iv) and the City's financial statements (beginning on page 18).

Financial Highlights

- The City's net assets increased by \$14.6 million (or 5.4%) during the fiscal year ending April 30, 2005 (FY05). The government net assets increased by \$10.3 million (or 6.6%) while the business-type activities increased \$4.3 million (or 3.5%) during the same time
- The governmental activities total revenues increased by \$0.7 million (or .008%). The governmental activities program expenses increased by \$4.0 million (or 5.7%).
- The business-type activities total revenues increased by \$1.8 million (or 11.1%). The business-type activities program expenses increased by \$1.1 million (or 8.7%).
- The total cost of City programs increased by \$5.1 million (or 6.2%).

Using the Financial Section of this Comprehensive Annual Report

The financial statement's focus (implemented in 2002/2003) is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 18 - 21) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns, which add to a total for the primary government. The focus of the statement of net assets (the "unrestricted net assets") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The statement of activities (see pages 20 - 21) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental, business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

The governmental activities reflect the City's basic services, including police, fire, parks and recreations, public works, engineering, community development, interest on debt and administration. Shared property taxes, state sales tax, home rule sales tax, local utility tax and shared state income taxes finance the majority of these services. The business-type activities reflect private sector type operations, historically including water, sewer and parking operations. With FY 05, there is the addition of the stormwater management. Generally, these business-type activities are designed to be based on a fee for service to cover all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements (pages 22 - 39) presentation more familiar. The focus is on major funds rather than fund types.

The governmental major fund (see pages 22 - 26) presentation is organized on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the fund financial statement allows the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith.

The fund financial statements also allow the government to address its pension fund (Police Pension and Firemen's Pension Fund). While this fund represents trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the government-wide financial statements.

While the total column on the business-type fund financial statements (see pages 28 - 29) is the same as the business-type column at the government-wide financial statements, the government major funds total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement (see pages 24, 27 and 30). The flow of current financial resources will reflect bond proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources, as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligation (bonds and others) into the governmental activities column (in the government-wide statements).

Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure - roads, bridges, sidewalks, storm sewers, etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. This new statement requires that these assets be valued and reported within the governmental column of the government-wide statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system (the modified approach), which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its cost of maintenance in lieu of depreciation. The City of Bloomington has chosen to depreciate assets over their useful life. If a road project is considered maintenance - a recurring cost that does not extend the road's original useful life or expand its capacity - the cost of the project will be expensed. An "overlay" of a road will be considered maintenance whereas a "rebuild" of a road will be capitalized.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Government-Wide Statement

Statement of Net Assets

The City's combined net assets increased by \$14.6 million or 5.4% from FY04, increasing from \$267.8 million to \$282.4 million. The analysis following will look at net assets and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately. Table 1 reflects the condensed statement of net assets compared to FY 04. Table 2 will focus on the changes in net assets of the governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1 - Statement of Net Assets as of April 30, 2005 (in millions)

	Governme	ntal Ad	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government				
	2005		2004	2005		2004		2005		2004		
Current assets and other	\$ 97.8	\$	70.9	\$ 6.8	\$	2.3	\$	104.6	\$	73.2		
Noncurrent assets	155.4		134.4	129.8		124.2		285.2		258.6		
Total assets	253.2		205.3	136.6		126.5		389.8		331.8		
Current liabilities	30,1		28.7	1.7		1,1		31,8		29.8		
Noncurrent liabilities	67.8		31.6	7.8		2.6		75.6		34.2		
Total liabilities	97.9		60.3	9.5		3.7		107.4		64.0		
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt	80.1		103.0	121.8		121.5		201.9		224.5		
Restricted	5.4		5.4					5.4		5.4		
Unrestricted	69.8		36.6	5.3		1.3		75.1		37.9		
Total net assets	\$ 155.3	\$	145.0	\$ 1 2 7.1	\$	122.8	\$	282.4	\$	267.8		

For more detailed information, see the statement of net assets (pages 18 - 19). There will be some minor variations due to rounding.

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the statement of net assets summary presentation.

Net results of activities: which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net assets.

Borrowing for capital: which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending borrowed proceeds on new capital</u>: which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, which is an increase in "invested in capital assets" and an increase of "invested in capital assets, net of debt"

Spending of nonborrowed current assets on new capital: which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) will reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

<u>Principal payment on debt</u>: which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Reduction of capital assets through depreciation: which will reduce capital assets and invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Current Year Impacts – Overall Government Financial Position

The City's combined net assets (which is the City's bottom line) increased \$14.6 million to \$282.4 million from \$267.8 million as a result of the combination of many factors. First the business-type total assets increased \$10.1 million while total liabilities increased only \$5.8 million. At the same time, government activities total assets increased \$47.9 million while total liabilities increased only \$37.6 million. The increase of assets over liabilities significantly increased the City's cash position. Overall, the City's financial condition improved and strengthened from FY 04 to FY 05.

Net assets of the City's governmental funds increased from \$145 million in FY 04 to \$155.3 million in FY 05. The City's unrestricted net assets for governmental activities, the part that can be used to finance day-to day operations, were up \$33.2 million from \$36.6 million in FY 04 to \$69.8 million in FY 05. This increase in unrestricted net assets accounted for the majority of improvement in the City's financial condition. Several factors played a role in this improvement. First, the City issued \$29 million in G.O. Taxable Bonded debt in June 2005 to pay for the taxable portion of the new Coliseum Second, the City issued \$15.6 million in G.O. Bonded debt in October 2004 to pay for the tax exempt portion of the new public skating rink, the related parking deck, the beginning of the Cultural District project, and refinancing a portion of an older issue to save the City money. In addition, the City's general revenues increased significantly as sales taxes and state income tax continued to grow. In addition, there was a \$12.9 increase in governmental activities net capital assets from \$134.4 in FY 04 to \$147.4 in FY 05. Looking at Note 3 on page 51 shows that the majority of this change involves construction-in process, infrastructure and construction, reflecting the work on the Coliseum, roads and parks in the City.

The net assets of business-type activities grew \$4.3 million, from \$122.8 million in FY 04 to \$127.1 million in FY 05. Current assets increased 195.6% from \$2.3 million in FY 04 to \$6.8 million in FY 05 as cash, investments and prepaid items improved. The U.S. Cellular Coliseum work began and the stormwater management utility started operations. In addition, the parking division completed construction of two new floors on the Lincoln Lot and 600 additional spots were added. The water department continues a multi-year project to build an additional water line 10 miles from Lake Bloomington to town. Business-type unrestricted net assets increased \$4.0 million, from \$1.3 million in FY 04 to \$5.3 million in FY 05. This was due to water, sewer and the stormwater management utility all building up their liquid assets to finance infrastructure improvements. The City can use the unrestricted net assets of \$5.3 million to finance the continuing operation of its water, sewer, parking, coliseum and stormwater operations. A rate study will be conducted in the near future to determine the appropriate rate structure for the water, sewer and stormwater utilities. The parking fee structure is reviewed periodically by management to ensure the financial stability of the service.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Changes in Net Assets

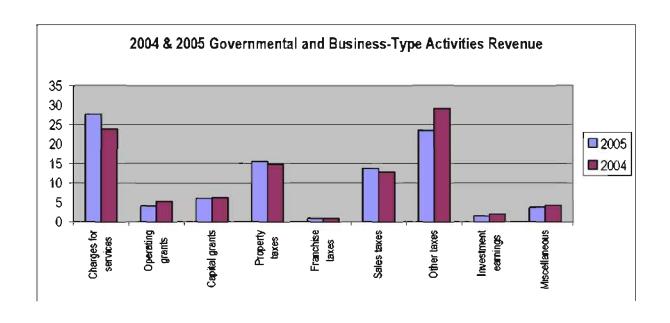
See table below comparing revenues and expenditures for the current and previous year:

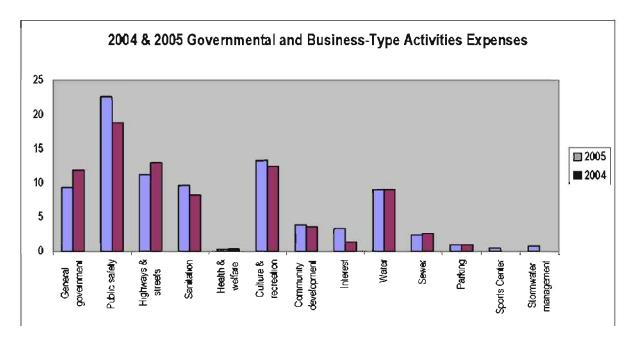
Table 2 - Changes in Net Assets For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005 (in millions)

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Governm			
		2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004	
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	11.7	\$	9.1	\$	16.0	\$	14.8	\$	27.7	\$	23.9	
Operating grants		3.2		5.3		0.9		•		4.1		5.3	
Capital grants		4.7		4.1		1.4		2.2		6.1		6.3	
General revenues:													
Property taxes		15.5		14.8				•		15.5		14.8	
Franchise taxes		0.9		0.9		-		(4)		0.9		0.9	
Sales taxes		13.7		12.9		-		10		13.7		12.9	
Other taxes		28,6		29.1		-		-		28,6		29.	
Investment earnings		1.5		20		-				1.5		2.0	
Miscellaneous		3.7		3.5		0.1		0.7		3,8		4,:	
Transfers		0.4		1.5		(0.4)		(1.5)		-		-	
Total revenue	\$	83.9	\$	83.2	\$	18.0	\$	16.2	\$	101.9	\$	99.	
_													
Expenses: Governmental activities:													
General government	\$	9.3	\$	11.9	\$	_	\$		\$	9.3	\$	11.9	
Public safety	4	22.6	•	18.8	*	-	ø		•	22.6	φ	18.3	
Highways & streets		11.2		12.9		-				11.2		12.	
Sanitation		9.6		8.2		_				9.6		8.	
Health & welfare		0.3		0.4		-				0.3		0	
Culture & recreation		13.3		12.4		_				13.3		12.	
Community development		3,9		3.6		-		,		3.9		3.	
Interest		3.4		1.4		_		•		3.4		1.	
Business-type activities:		9.7		174		_				9.7		•	
Water		_				9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	
Sewer		•				2.4		2.6		2.4		2.	
Parking		_				1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0	
Sports Center		•		4		Ö.5		,		0.5		•	
Stormwater management		_				0.8		•		0.8		_	
Total expenses	\$	73,6	\$	69.6	\$	13.7	\$	12.6	\$	87.3	\$	82.	
Changes in net													
assets	\$	10.3	\$	13.6	S	4.3	\$	3.6	s	14.6	\$	17.	

The City's combined change in net assets was a decrease of \$2.6 million from 2004 to 2005. The City's total revenues increased by \$2.5 million or 2.5%. The City's cost of all programs increased \$5.1 million or 6.2%. For more detailed information, see the Statement of Activities (pages 20 - 21).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005





Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Normal Impacts

There are eight basic impacts on revenues and expenses and are reflected below.

Revenues:

<u>Economic condition</u>: This can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income, sales and utility tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.

Increase/decrease in City approved rates: While certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Council has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, wastewater, parking, fees, home rule sales tax, food and beverage tax, utility taxes, etc.).

<u>Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and nonrecurring)</u>: Certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while nonrecurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparisons.

<u>Market impacts on investment income</u>: The City's investment portfolio is managed using a short-term average maturity and the market condition may cause investment income to fluctuate less than alternative longer-term options.

Expenses:

Introduction of new programs: Within the functional expense categories (public safety, public works, general government, etc.), individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs or unfunded mandates from other governmental levels.

<u>Increasing authorized personnel</u>: Changes in service demand may cause the City Council to increase/decrease authorized staffing levels; staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent approximately 65% of the City's General Fund operating costs.

<u>Salary increases (annual adjustments and merit)</u>: The ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive for a competitive salary range position in the marketplace. In addition, the City has ten separate bargaining units representing and negotiating for various segments of the employee population.

<u>Inflation</u>: While overall inflation appears to be reasonably low, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels and parts. Some specific areas may experience unusually high price increases.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Current Year Impacts - Overall Results of Operations

Governmental Activities

Revenues: The City's governmental revenues increased by \$0.7 million. Most significant in the revenue changes were increases to the charges for services offsetting decreases in operating grants. The operating grant involved culture and recreation, as the City received several grants related to the parks and recreation department as well as the Library. In the summer of 2003, the City began charging \$5 a month for garbage collection services. Management estimates that this covers approximately 33% of the cost of providing this service.

Property taxes increased \$0.7 million or 4.7% due to general increases to absorb increasing costs of providing services. Investment earnings decreased by \$0.5 million as interest rates remained low. The City's net equalized assessed value increased in the 2003 levy year (which was collected in FY 04-05) by 5.89% to \$1,351,696,013. This shows a healthy growth in the tax base for the City in order to pay for services.

Expenses: The City's governmental expenses increased by \$4.1 million or 5.9%. The largest increase was due to public safety increasing \$3.0 million or 15.9% due to the increasing costs of police and fire protection. Other increases were primarily due to increased labor costs, plus an increase in interest on long-term debt (up \$2.0 million or 142.8%) as the costs of recent bond issues for capital expenditures begins to show up on the books Additions to staff included single positions added in the City Clerk, Human Resources, Finance, and Computer Services, respectively, to handle growth. Two positions were added to the Building Safety Department and three to Parks and Recreations to deal with growth as well. The Police Department added six patrol officers and eliminated a civilian position. The Fire Department added five firefighters to help with growth and provide an additional ambulance crew. Nine positions were moved from various divisions and reassigned to the new stormwater maintenance utility to deal with this EPA unfunded mandate. The library also added four positions to provide for additional growth.

The Bloomington/Normal area has had very low unemployment numbers in recent years, well below the state average. Given this competition for good employees, the City must provide a competitive compensation package to attract and retain high quality employees. The FY 2005 expenses included funding for the City's pay for performance compensation package targeted to a 3% increase. In addition, many of the ten bargaining units have contracts that contain longevity increases that can amount to significantly more than 3% increases for the eligible staff.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues: The City's business-type revenues increased by \$1.8 million or 11.1%. This reflects an increase in collections for charges for service as activity grew while rates for services held flat. Water and sewer did increase, plus the stormwater utility started collecting revenue. Parking revenues were also up slightly as the Lincoln Lot facilities began operations again after closing down the previous year to add two floors and approximately 600 spots.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Expenses: The City's business-type expenses increased by \$1.1 million or 8.7%. The increase was in parking the cost of operating the Lincoln Lot, including debt service, rose as the lot was expanded. Also, the City created a new business-type entity, the stormwater maintenance utility, to handle the EPA mandated requirements. In addition, the U.S. Cellular Coliseum is being built on the southwest edge of the downtown area to include professional hockey, football, other sports functions, concerts, etc. The project also includes a public ice rink in a connected structure, and a parking deck with approximately 270 parking spots. Construction is ahead of schedule as of this writing and the plans are to have the arena open for business in spring of 2006.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds: As of April 30, 2005, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on pages 22 and 23) reported a combined total fund balance of \$77.3 million, which is an increase of \$33.3 million or 75.6% over the FY 2003 total of \$44.0 million. Of the total fund balance of \$77.3 million, \$25.2 million is unreserved indicating availability for continuing City services. Reserved fund balances of \$52.1 million includes \$0.4 million in inventory, \$1.6 million in loans, 2.4 million in prepaid items, \$41.9 million in encumbrances from the prior year, \$5.4 million in trust corpus, and \$0.3 million in property held for sale. For more detailed information, see the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, governmental funds (pages 25 - 26).

Major Governmental Funds: The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$5.0 million or 34.7% from \$14.4 million in FY 04 to \$19.5 million in FY 05. Per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances on pages 25 and 26, General Fund total revenues increased by \$3.1 million or 5.2% and General Fund total expenditures increased by 1.5 million or 2.8%. Total revenues, less total expenses for FY 04, were \$7.8 million. A net other financing use of (\$2.8 million) reduced the net change in fund balance to \$5.0 million. This was achieved by a combination of several items as the City worked hard to improve fund balances:

- Increases in tax collections as the local economy continued to grow.
- Increases in charges for service collections as the City continued to grow and some fees are raised periodically to keep pace with inflation.
- Contain costs wherever possible by delaying purchases.

The fund balance for the Library Fund decreased \$0.055 million or 8.3% from \$0.662 million to \$0.607 million. Total revenues for the library increased \$0.2 million or 5.6% as the property tax levy continued at an elevated level to pay for some needed remodeling and expansion plans. Total expenses for the library increased \$0.4 million or 10.8% as operating costs increased (labor mainly) as well as the tail end of the HVAC replacement project occurred.

The fund balance for the Debt Service Fund increased \$1 108 million or 54.9% from \$2 019 million to \$3.127 million. Total revenues for debt service increased \$3.5 million or 114.7% as the City refinanced some older bonds to save interest costs. Total expenses for debt service increased \$1.1 million or 33.4% to reflect this activity. In addition, there was a \$4.042 issuance of long-term debt in the Debt Service Fund, which was the capitalized interest for the 2004 variable rate bond issue.

Capital Project - U.S. Cellular Coliseum

The fund balance for the U.S. Cellular Coliseum increased \$17.716 million or approximately 900%. This is due to the issuance of long-term debt to pay for the bulk of this project. Total expenses for the U.S. Cellular Coliseum was \$8.498 million as work commenced building this structure. The construction phase of this project should be completed by spring of 2006.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

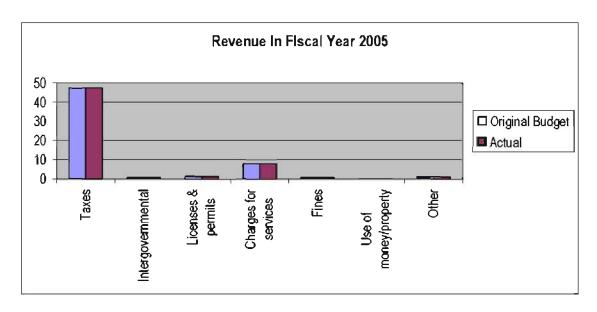
The fund balance for the nonmajor governmental funds increased \$6.963 million or 26.9% from \$25.807 million to \$32.770 million. Total revenues for the nonmajor governmental funds decreased \$3.228 million or 28.3% as the Intergovernmental line dropped \$3.422 million due to a drop in motor fuel tax allocations from the state and lower capital grant activity. Total expenses for the nonmajor governmental funds decreased \$4.430 million or 25.4% as capital projects dropped as the Cultural District planned for the major part of the rehabilitation and MFT projects decreased. There was a \$4.0 million transfer which is the restarting of the annual transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Fund to pay for major capital projects. Last there was a \$9.3 million issuance of long-term debt, which was the 2004 variable rate issue for the Pepsi Ice Center and the Cultural District projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City amended the budget once. It is the policy of the City to not continually amend the budget during the year as new projects are authorized, as some other projects may not happen due to uncontrollable events and so it could be confusing to keep amending the budget during the fiscal year. Rather, the City waits until the end of the year, processes the late bills as they come in, and then does a series of budget amendments to cover any overages that become apparent. Usually the budget is amended at least once and generally only the expenditures are amended. Below is a table, which reflects the original and revised budget and the actual for the revenues and expenditures for the General Fund. This corresponds to page 70 in the audit (note, there has been some slight rounding in the below table):

Fiscal Year 2005 (in millions)

General Fund	Origi	Original Budget			Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$	47.4	\$	47.4	\$ 49.5
Intergovernmental		0.5		0.5	0.5
Licenses & permits		1.3		1. 3	1.2
Charges for services		8.0		8.0	8.1
Fines		0.7		0.7	0.9
Use of money and property		0.1		0.1	0.3
Other		1.2		1.2	1.5
Total		59.2		59.2	62.0
Expenditures and transfers:					
Expenditures		58.7		5 8.8	56.6
Transfers		2.8		2.8	2.8
Total		81.5		61.6	59.4
Change in fund balance	\$	(2.3)	\$	(2.4)	\$ 2.6



The General Fund actual revenues were \$2.7 million more than the original budgeted amount. Food and beverage taxes were \$0.3 million over budget, income tax was \$0.7 million more than budget, utility taxes were \$0.5 million over budget, and personal property replacement taxes came in at \$0.6 million over budget. Townships forwarded \$0.3 million in back road & bridge taxes. Charges for services were over budget as the City collected \$0.2 million more than budgeted for garbage collection. Generally, the City budgets revenues very conservatively, rarely projecting any revenue item to increase by more than 3% in a given year.

The General Fund actual expenditures were \$2.1 million less than the original budgeted amount. This was caused by general restraint on expenditures.

Due to budget amendments, actual General Fund expenditures and transfers were less than the amended budget by \$2.3 million.

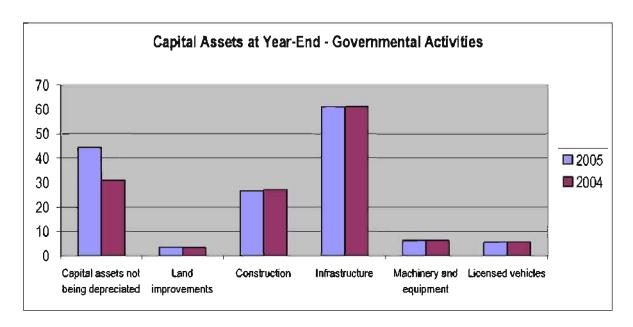
Table 3 - Capital Assets at Year-End Net of Depreciation (in millions)

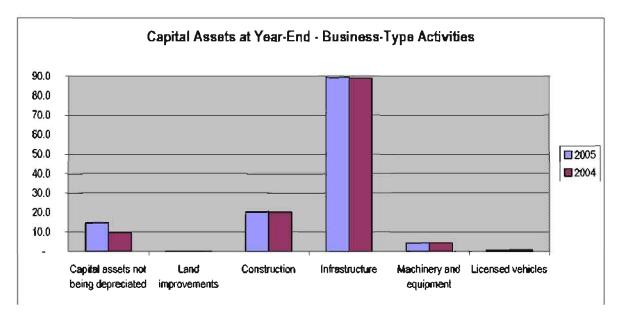
	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government				
		2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004	
Capital assets not being													
depreciated	\$	44.4	\$	31.2	\$	14.6	\$	9.8	\$	59.0	\$	41.0	
Land improvements		3,4		3.2		0.2		0.2		3,6		3.4	
Construction		26.7		27.1		20.4		2 0.1		47.1		47.2	
Infrastructure		61.1		81.1		89,3		88.8		150.4		149.9	
Machinery and equipment		6.3		6.3		4.5		4.5		10.8		10.8	
Licensed vehicles		5.6		5.6		0.7		8.0		6,3		6.4	
Total net capital													
assets	\$	147.5	\$	134.5	\$	129.7	\$	124.2	\$	277.2	\$	258.7	

(Note: columns may not total due to rounding)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

At the end of fiscal year 2005, the City had a combined total of capital assets, net of depreciation, of \$277.2 million. This is an increase of \$18.5 million or 7.2% over the FY 2004 total of \$258.7 million. Most of the increase occurred as a result of more construction-in-progress as the Coliseum and Cultural District projects move forward, as well as extensive street work taking place. For more details, see Note 3 capital assets on pages 51 – 53.





Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Table 4 - Change in Capital Assets (in millions)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government	
Beginning balance	\$ 134.4	\$	124.2	\$	258.6	
Additions:						
Nondepreciation	25.7		11.1		36.8	
Depreciation	(9.7)		(2.7)		(12.4)	
Retirements:						
Nondepreciation	(5.2)		(3.6)		(8.8)	
Depreciation	2.1		8.0		2.9	
Total	\$ 147.3	\$	129.8	\$	277.1	

This year's major additions to the capital assets include the following (in millions):

Governmental activities:	
U.S. Cellular Coliseum	\$ 7.807
Pepsi Ice Center	1.455
Fell Avenue Bridge Design	0.112
McGraw Park Design & Construction	0.147
Bloomington Center for Performing Arts - Renovation	1.426
Library HVAC	0.506
Hershey Road Phase III	0.252
Stone Mountain Boulevard	0.197
Airport Road (Route 9 to Gill)	1.264
Tipton Park Phase II	0.786
Fort Jesse Road Improvement Phase I	0.101
Business-type activities:	
West Side Parking Deck	0.113
Design 36* Watermain from Lake Bloomington to Ft. Jesse	0.130
New Water Dept. Building, 603 W. Division	0.167
East Side Water Main (Douglas to Mulberry)	0.217
16" Water Main in Ft. Jesse Road	0.147
Route 9 Water Main	0.206
Lake Bloomington Retaining Wall at Treatment Plant	0.638
Szarek Sewer Extension	0.173
Extreme Nissan Drainage Improvement	0.218
Pipeline Road Water Main Northlown to 2350 N.	3.129
Cantebury Court 42" Relief Storm	0.279

The governmental activities net capital assets increased from FY 04 to FY 05 by \$12.9 million or 9.5% because additions were larger than the amount of depreciation expensed this year. The business-type activities net capital assets increased from FY 04 to FY 05 by \$5.6 million or 4.5% because additions were also larger than the amount of depreciation expensed this year. The most significant additions to both categories are listed above.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Debt Outstanding

The City of Bloomington had total long-term debt and loans payable of \$39.299 million as of April 30, 2004. This is comprised of general obligation debt, agreements with developers, compensated absences to employees and loans payable as follows:

Table 4 - Long-Term Debt (in millions)

	•	Beginning Balance April 30, 2004				Ending Balance April 30, 2005		
Government activities:								
General obligation debt	\$	31.428	\$	36.502	\$	67.930		
Agreements with developers		4.041		(0.730)		3 .311		
Compensated absences		1.169		0 173		1,342		
Government activities total		36.638		35.945		72.583		
Business activities:								
Loans payable		2.659		2.226		4.885		
General obligation bonds		•		3.174		3.174		
Total long-term debt	\$	39.297	\$	41.345	\$	80.642		

For more details, see Note 5, long-term debt on pages 54 – 56.

During the year, \$5,615,000 net of the general obligation debt was retired while \$42,117,765 of new debt was issued. In addition, \$1,503.993 of the Developers Agreements was retired while there was \$773,200 in new agreements. Compensated absences increased by \$173,180 in accrual. The loan payable (from the IEPA to pay for a new water main from Lake Bloomington) increased by \$2.226 million net. Last, \$3,174,728 was added on general obligation debt related to the parking deck for the Pepsi Ice Center. See Note 5 on page 54 for more details.

The City of Bloomington maintains an AA rating from Standard and Poor's, an AA rating from Fitch, and an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investor Services as of April 30, 2005. In past years, Moody's and Standard and Poor's had assigned a negative outlook to those ratings, but this outlook was removed during the FY 04-05 year in recognition of the growing financial condition of the municipality and low debt levels and was replaced with a stable outlook. As a home rule authority, the City of Bloomington does not have a legal debt limit. The City plans to issue \$9.9 million in tax-exempt general obligation debt in October 2005 to complete the Cultural District project. The debt service will be paid by using earmarked sales tax collections allocated to the project. Other than some potential refinancing of existing debt to save interest costs, no other debt issuance is contemplated in the foreseeable future as of this writing.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

Economic Factor's and Next Year's Budget

The City's assessed value grew by an average of 6.16% over the last five years. The majority of this increase has been due to growth through new development, so this should be a sign of a growing economy in Bloomington. Property taxes comprise 24.1 % of general revenues (see pages 20-21). The City of Bloomington has been very aggressive in encouraging new developments as exemplified by the Agreements With Developers amounts shown in the long-term debt section above. Such growth activities have been a major reason for the growth in the assessed value and the good performance of sales taxes. The City's share of state sales tax grew from 2004 to 2005 by \$.793 million or 6.1%. State income tax grew from 2004 to 2005 by \$.606 million or 15.5%. Utility taxes grew from 2004 to 2005 by \$.269 million or 5.2%. Property taxes, sales taxes and home rule sales taxes represent the largest components of the general revenues. Clearly, the City economy is growing in a healthy manner. Taxes comprise 75.2% of general revenues. There are multiple housing developments taking place around the community. The completion of Tipton Park on the east side of town will encourage more growth and development on that side of town. The completion of the Coliseum, the Pepsi Ice Center and the Cultural District will provide additional economic growth in terms of jobs, people visiting the downtown area, and related purchases. For additional details on the above see pages 118 through 120.

Unemployment for the City was 4.6% countywide (up from 2.7% last year), 6.0% for the state (up from 5.9% a year ago) and 5.0% for the United States (down from 5.4% last year) as of April 30, 2005. The City unemployment rate is less than both the national rate and the statewide rate. The increase in the local rate is due primarily to a large layoff at Mitsubishi Motors, but the overall economy is very strong and people are gradually being added back on the payroll at Mitsubishi. This shows that the employment environment in the Bloomington area is very strong.

The 2005-06 budget shows the General Fund revenues increasing 9.3% and expenses increasing 9.3%, for a balanced budget. With the new budget year, the City Council approved the building of the Coliseum and the Pepsilice Center and the completion of the Cultural District in the downtown

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Bloomington's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Brian Barnes, City Finance Director, City of Bloomington, 109 East Olive St., Bloomington, Illinois 61702.

Statement of Net Assets April 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 51,131,548	\$	2,861,369	\$ 53,992,917
Investments	14,152,813		2,992,325	17,145,138
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles of \$331,927:				
Taxes	15,015,335		-	15,015,335
Loans	1,559,140		-	1,559,140
Accounts	2,816,628		1,836,082	4,652,710
Accrued interest	12,967		-	12,967
Due from other governmental units	7,274,015		-	7,274,015
Internal balances	2,074,323		(2,074,323)	-
Inventory	438,068		85,754	523,822
Prepaid items and other assets	3,013,643		1,158,527	4,172,170
Properties held for resale	347,490		-	347,490
Total current assets	 97,835,970		6,859,734	104,695,704

Noncurrent Assets:	10.100.110	4 000 400	00 704 070
Land	18,123,410	4,608,469	22,731,879
Construction-in-progress	26,362,780	9,993,579	36,356,359
Other depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 102,929,628	115,239,096	218,168,724
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	147,415,818	129,841,144	277,256,962
Pension assets	1,779,247	-	1,779,247
Bond issuance costs	374,896	14,890	389,786
Bond discounts	409,319	18,159	427,478
Restricted investments	 5,402,151	-	5,402,151
Total noncurrent assets	155,381,431	129,874,193	285,255,624
Total assets	\$ 253,217,401	\$ 136,733,927	\$ 389,951,328

	(Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,764,131	\$	1,124,963	\$ 3,889,094
Claims payable		4,299,219		-	4,299,219
Compensated absences		1,342,621		142,085	1,484,706
Accrued interest payable		1,624,734		57,663	1,682,397
Unearned revenue		1,495,826		169,950	1,665,776
Deferred revenue, property taxes		15,015,335		-	15,015,335
Deposits		-		26,648	26,648
Current portion of developer agreements		1,400,000		-	1,400,000
Current portion of loan payable		-		169,131	169,131
Current portion of general obligation					
bonds payable		2,136,968		27,100	2,164,068
Total current liabilities		30,078,834		1,717,540	31,796,374
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bond premium		134,388		-	134,388
Developer agreements, noncurrent portion		1,911,170		-	1,911,170
Loan payable, noncurrent portion		-		4,715,436	4,715,436
General obligation bonds payable,					
noncurrent portion		65,794,516		3,147,628	68,942,144
Total noncurrent liabilities		67,840,074		7,863,064	75,703,138
Total liabilities		97,918,908		9,580,604	107,499,512
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related					
debt		80,134,161		121,814,898	201,949,059
Restricted, permanent		5,402,151		-	5,402,151
Unrestricted		69,762,181		5,338,425	75,100,606
Total net assets		155,298,493		127,153,323	282,451,816
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	253,217,401	\$	136,733,927	\$ 389,951,328

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

		Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	(9,315,837)	\$	6,360,215	\$	1,643,091	\$	-	
Public safety		(22,632,094)		1,240,643		115,913		-	
Highways and streets		(11,228,589)		290,843		-		4,651,148	
Sanitation		(9,603,786)		-		-		-	
Health and welfare		(333,600)		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		(13,253,966)		3,828,057		121,005		-	
Community development		(3,875,334)		-		1,281,005		-	
Interest on long-term debt		(3,429,408)		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		(73,672,614)		11,719,758		3,161,014		4,651,148	
Business-type activities:									
Water		(8,986,194)		11,762,235		590,681		702,910	
Sewer		(2,423,695)		2,165,669		287,763		546,457	
Parking		(1,080,682)		737,942		-		-	
U.S. Cellular Coliseum		(462,974)		-		-		-	
Stormwater management		(844,984)		1,391,849		31,991		158,186	
Total business-type activities		(13,798,529)		16,057,695		910,435		1,407,553	
Total government	\$	(87,471,143)	\$	27,777,453	\$	4,071,449	\$	6,058,701	

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Sales taxes

Home rule sales taxes

Utility taxes

Income taxes

Food and beverage taxes

Other taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net assets Net assets, beginning of year Net assets, end of year

Primary Government								
	Governmental Business-Type							
	Activities		Activities		Total			
\$	(1,312,531)	\$	_	\$	(1,312,531)			
•	(21,275,538)	*	_	*	(21,275,538)			
	(6,286,598)		_		(6,286,598)			
	(9,603,786)		_		(9,603,786)			
	(333,600)		_		(333,600)			
	(9,304,904)		_		(9,304,904)			
	(2,594,329)		_		(2,594,329)			
	(3,429,408)		_		(3,429,408)			
_	(54,140,694)		_		(54,140,694)			
	, , ,				, , ,			
	-		4,069,632		4,069,632			
	-		576,194		576,194			
	-		(342,740)		(342,740)			
	-		(462,974)		(462,974)			
	-		737,042		737,042			
	-		4,577,154		4,577,154			
	(54,140,694)		4,577,154		(49,563,540)			
	15,523,328		-		15,523,328			
	908,809		-		908,809			
	13,714,717		-		13,714,717			
	11,212,571		-		11,212,571			
	5,478,337		-		5,478,337			
	4,515,877		-		4,515,877			
	3,184,108		-		3,184,108			
	4,214,587		-		4,214,587			
	1,490,494		43,062		1,533,556			
	3,790,779		68,299		3,859,078			
	425,898		(425,898)		<u>-</u>			
	64,459,505		(314,537)		64,144,968			
	10,318,811		4,262,617		14,581,428			
_	144,979,682		122,890,706		267,870,388			
\$	155,298,493	\$	127,153,323	\$	282,451,816			

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds April 30, 2005

		General	Library	Debt Service
Assets			,	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,146,963	\$ 819,408	\$ 6,536,029
Investments		2,418,119	· <u>-</u>	1,126,479
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:				
Taxes		9,388,902	3,850,530	1,775,903
Loans		391,978	-	-
Accounts		2,028,056	139	-
Due from other governmental units		6,807,072	_	157,256
Due from other funds		2,884,405	18,000	96,563
Inventory		438,068	· -	-
Prepaid items		2,209,209	_	_
Properties held for resale		, , , <u>-</u>	_	-
Total assets	\$	33,712,772	\$ 4,688,077	\$ 9,692,230
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	2,224,194	\$ 189,147	\$ 23,396
Due to other funds		, , , <u>-</u>	41,662	1,104,123
Unearned revenue		171,260	, <u>-</u>	, , <u>-</u>
Deferred revenue		11,796,321	3,850,530	1,847,558
Total liabilities		14,191,775	4,081,339	2,975,077
Fund balances:				
Reserved for:				
Inventory		438,068	_	-
Loans		391,978	-	=
Prepaid items		2,209,209	_	-
Encumbrances		2,783,310	_	-
Trust corpus		, , , <u>-</u>	_	-
Property held for resale		_	_	_
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:				
General Fund		13,698,432	_	-
Special revenue funds		· · ·	606,738	-
Debt Service Fund		-	-	6,717,153
Capital project funds		-	-	, , , <u>-</u>
Permanent Fund		-	_	-
Total fund balances	_	19,520,997	606,738	6,717,153
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	33,712,772	\$ 4,688,077	\$ 9,692,230

 U.S. Cellular Coliseum	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total			
\$ 17,687,044 -	\$	18,423,332 13,133,612	\$	50,612,776 16,678,210		
-		- 1,167,162		15,015,335 1,559,140		
		82,485 309,687		2,110,680 7,274,015		
- - 48,576		1,368,450 - 151,521		4,367,418 438,068 2,409,306		
\$ 17,735,620	\$	347,490 34,983,739	\$	347,490 100,812,438		
\$ -	\$	320,456 1,727,861	\$	2,757,193 2,873,646		
-		113,300 51,412 2,213,029		284,560 17,545,821		
<u> </u>		2,213,029		23,461,220		
- - 48,576		- 1,167,162 151,521		438,068 1,559,140 2,409,306		
18,212,978 -		20,964,965 5,402,151 347,490		41,961,253 5,402,151 347,490		
-		-		13,698,432		
- - (525,934)		3,256,566 - (689,208)		3,863,304 6,717,153 (1,215,142)		
(525,934) - 17,735,620		2,170,063 32,770,710		2,170,063 77,351,218		
\$ 17,735,620	\$	34,983,739	\$	100,812,438		

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities April 30, 2005

Total governmental fund balances		\$	77,351,218
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net			
assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			147,415,818
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures			
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.			2,530,486
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain			
services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service			
funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net asset:			
Current assets	\$ 4,718,778		
Internal balances	37,573		
Current liabilities	(5,517,423)	-	(761,072)
The pension assets resulting from contributions in excess of the annual required contribution			
are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			1,779,247
Internal service funds allocated to business-type activities.			542,978
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the			
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences	(1,342,621)		
Bond premium	(134,388)		
Bond discount	409,319		
Bond issuance costs	374,896		
Accrued interest payable	(1,624,734)		
Developer agreements	(3,311,170)		
General obligation bonds payable	(67,931,484)		(73,560,182)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$	155,298,493

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	General	Library	Debt Service
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 49,467,899	\$ 3,820,004	\$ 3,030,424
Intergovernmental	478,832	127,941	-
Licenses and permits	1,230,803	-	-
Charges for services	8,106,427	48,226	-
Fines and forfeitures	916,103	-	-
Use of money and property	290,107	24,588	23,565
Other	 1,487,926	271,144	-
Total revenues	 61,978,097	4,291,903	3,053,989
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	6,842,200	-	-
Public safety	23,132,980	-	-
Highways and streets	3,363,293	-	-
Sanitation	9,269,284	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	8,155,297	4,350,195	-
Community development	-	-	-
Debt Service:			
Principal	954,234	-	2,250,000
Interest and fiscal agent fees	-	-	2,459,702
Bond issuance costs	-	-	27,124
Capital outlay	2,366,476	-	-
Total expenditures	54,083,764	4,350,195	4,736,826
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	 7,894,333	(58,292)	(1,682,837)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	690,099	-	1,279,511
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	4,042,303
Discount on issuance of debt	-	-	(15,265)
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	3,365,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(3,365,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	127,235	3,346	-
Transfers out	 (3,621,250)	-	(34,485)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,803,916)	3,346	5,272,064
Net change in fund balances	5,090,417	(54,946)	3,589,227
Fund balances, beginning of year	 14,430,580	661,684	3,127,926
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 19,520,997	\$ 606,738	\$ 6,717,153

\$ - \$ 2,423,826 \$ 58,742,153 240,000	U.S. Cellular Coliseum	Go	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total
240,000 4,432,843 5,279,616 - 1,230,803 - 79,065 8,233,718 - 45,687 961,790 393,963 798,515 1,530,738 - 363,817 2,122,887 633,963 8,143,753 78,101,705 - 1,499,334 8,341,534 - - 23,132,980 - 2,015,839 5,379,132 - - 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 - - 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) - - <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>				
- 1,230,803 - 79,065 8,233,718 - 45,687 961,790 393,963 798,515 1,530,738 - 363,817 2,122,887 633,963 8,143,753 78,101,705 - 1,499,334 8,341,534 - 23,132,980 - 2,015,839 5,379,132 - 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 - 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 3,365,000 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269	\$ -	\$	2,423,826	\$ 58,742,153
- 79,065 8,233,718 - 45,687 961,790 393,963 798,515 1,530,738 - 363,817 2,122,887 633,963 8,143,753 78,101,705 - 1,499,334 8,341,534 - 23,132,980 - 2,015,839 5,379,132 - 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 3,365,000 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	240,000		4,432,843	5,279,616
- 45,687 961,790 393,963 798,515 1,530,738 - 363,817 2,122,887 633,963 8,143,753 78,101,705 - 1,499,334 8,341,534 - 23,132,980 - 2,015,839 5,379,132 - 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		-	1,230,803
393,963 798,515 1,530,738 - 363,817 2,122,887 633,963 8,143,753 78,101,705 - 1,499,334 8,341,534 - - 23,132,980 - 2,015,839 5,379,132 - - 9,269,284 - - 333,432 333,432 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 - - 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) - - 3,365,000 - - 3,365,000 - - 3,365,000 - -	-		79,065	8,233,718
- 363,817 2,122,887 633,963 8,143,753 78,101,705 - 1,499,334 8,341,534 23,132,980 - 2,015,839 5,379,132 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 3,365,000 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		45,687	961,790
633,963 8,143,753 78,101,705 - 1,499,334 8,341,534 - - 23,132,980 - 2,015,839 5,379,132 - - 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 - - 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) - - 3,365,000 - - 33,365,000 - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18	393,963			
- 1,499,334 8,341,534 - 23,132,980 - 2,015,839 5,379,132 - 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 - (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-			
-	 633,963		8,143,753	78,101,705
-				
- 2,015,839 5,379,132 - 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 33,65,000 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269	-		1,499,334	
- 9,269,284 - 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 33,65,000 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		-	
- 333,432 333,432 8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 33,65,000 (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269	-		2,015,839	
8,217,161 3,309,247 24,031,900 - 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 - - 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) - - 3,365,000 - - (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		-	
- 4,033,837 4,033,837 - 341,352 3,545,586 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-			
- 341,352 3,545,586 - 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	8,217,161			
- 2,459,702 281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 33,365,000 - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		4,033,837	4,033,837
281,301 27,552 335,977 - 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) - - (3,365,000) - - (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		341,352	
- 1,404,136 3,770,612 8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		-	
8,498,462 12,964,729 84,633,976 (7,864,499) (4,820,976) (6,532,271) - 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) - - 3,365,000 - - (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	281,301			
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- 4,008,276 5,977,886 25,939,198 9,306,971 39,288,472 (357,897) (51,420) (424,582) 3,365,000 (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	(7 864 499)		(4 820 976)	(6 532 271)
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(357,897) (51,420) (424,582) - - 3,365,000 - - (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-			5,977,886
3,365,000 (3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949				
(3,365,000) - 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	(357,897)		(51,420)	(424,582)
- 237,308 367,889 - (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		-	, ,
- (1,717,390) (5,373,125) 25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-		-	•
25,581,301 11,783,745 39,836,540 17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	-			
17,716,802 6,962,769 33,304,269 18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	 -			
18,818 25,807,941 44,046,949	 25,581,301		11,783,745	39,836,540
	17,716,802		6,962,769	33,304,269
\$ 17,735,620 \$ 32,770,710 \$ 77,351,218	18,818		25,807,941	 44,046,949
	\$ 17,735,620	\$	32,770,710	\$ 77,351,218

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year: Capital outlay Depreciation The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations and disposals) is to increase/decrease net assets: Loss on the sale of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets (149,58) Transfer of capital assets to business-type activities Contributions of capital assets 4,651,14 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and,	69
Capital outlay Depreciation 18,563,58 Depreciation (9,675,63 The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations and disposals) is to increase/decrease net assets: Loss on the sale of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfer of capital assets to business-type activities Contributions of capital assets 4,651,14	
disposals) is to increase/decrease net assets: Loss on the sale of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfer of capital assets to business-type activities Contributions of capital assets 4,651,14	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfer of capital assets to business-type activities Contributions of capital assets (367,88 4,651,14	
Transfer of capital assets to business-type activities (178,86 Contributions of capital assets 4,651,14	57)
Contributions of capital assets 4,651,14	89)
	63)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and	48
Come expenses reported in the statement of available as net require the USC Of validity illiandal resources and,	
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, change in compensated absences (173,18	80)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, loan, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental	
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources	
of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds	
report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these	
amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued	
on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	
The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	
Repayment of bond principal and developer agreements 6,910,58	86
Issuance of long-term debt (41,880,27	
Forgiveness of debt - developer agreements 208,40	
Bond discount 424,58	
Issuance costs 335,9	
Developer agreements (773,20	
Amortization of issuance costs, bond premuim and bond discount (22,7	
Interest (1,155,37	70)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various activities internally to individual	
funds. The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (117,59)	96)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources	
are not reported in the funds.	90
The increase in pension asset resulting from contributions in excess of the annual required	
contribution is not a financial resource and is not reported in the funds. 237,20	
Change in net assets of governmental activities \$\frac{10,318,8}{2}\$	<u>11</u>

Balance Sheet Proprietary Funds April 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Water		Sewer		Parking
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,256,979	\$	545,003	\$	35,262
Investments		-		-		2,992,325
Accounts receivable		1,334,569		171,136		37,486
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-
Due from other funds		663,000		175,031		-
Inventory		85,754		-		-
Prepaid items and other assets		519,646		95,672		27,825
Total current assets		4,859,948		986,842		3,092,898
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets, net		77,670,074		47,043,425		3,384,703
Bond issuance costs		-		-		14,890
Bond discounts		-		-		18,159
Total noncurrent assets		77,670,074		47,043,425		3,417,752
Total assets	\$	82,530,022	\$	48,030,267	\$	6,510,650
Liabilities and Net Assets						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	837,977	\$	253,417	\$	17,721
Claims payable		-		-		-
Compensated absences		99,552		25,643		11,655
Accrued interest payable		57,663		-		-
Due to other funds		1,106,051		135,672		539,575
Unearned revenue		-		-		-
Deposits		10,273		-		16,375
Current maturities of long-term debt		169,131		-		27,100
Total current liabilities		2,280,647		414,732		612,426
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Loan payable, noncurrent portion		4,715,436		-		-
General obligation bonds payable, noncurrent portion		-		-		3,147,628
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,715,436		-		3,147,628
Total liabilities		6,996,083		414,732		3,760,054
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		72,785,507		47,043,425		243,024
Unrestricted		2,748,432		572,110		2,507,572
Total net assets (deficit)		75,533,939		47,615,535		2,750,596
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$	82,530,022	\$	48,030,267	\$	6,510,650

					Governmental
		_		_	Activities
	Nonmajor		Total		Internal
	Enterprise Funds		Enterprise Funds		Service Funds
\$	24,125	\$	2,861,369	\$	518,772
·	, <u> </u>	·	2,992,325	·	2,876,754
	292,891		1,836,082		705,948
	· -		-		12,967
	235,242		1,073,273		37,573
	-		85,754		-
	515,384		1,158,527		604,337
	1,067,642		10,007,330		4,756,351
	1,742,942		129,841,144		_
	1,142,342		14,890		<u>-</u>
	-		18,159		-
_	1,742,942		129,874,193	_	
	1,142,342		123,074,133	_	
\$	2,810,584	\$	139,881,523	\$	4,756,351
\$	15,848	\$	1,124,963	\$	6,938
*	-	*	1,121,000	٧	4,299,219
	5,235		142,085		-
	-,		57,663		_
	823,320		2,604,618		-
	169,950		169,950		1,211,266
	, <u>-</u>		26,648		, , -
	-		196,231		-
_	1,014,353		4,322,158	_	5,517,423
			4,715,436		
	- -		3,147,628		-
_			7,863,064		
_			.,000,001		
_	1,014,353		12,185,222		5,517,423
	1,742,942		121,814,898		-
	53,289		5,881,403		(761,072)
_	1,796,231		127,696,301	_	(761,072)
\$	2,810,584	\$	139,881,523	\$	4,756,351

Reconciliation of Enterprise Funds Net Assets to the Statement of Net Assets April 30, 2005

Total enterprise funds net assets	\$ 127,696,301
Amounts reported for enterprise activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in	
the statement of net assets.	(542,978)
Net assets of business-type activities	\$ 127,153,323

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	 Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund				
	 Water		Sewer		Parking
Operating revenues, charges for services	\$ 11,762,235	\$	2,165,669	\$	737,942
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	3,513,183		862,328		377,778
Contractual services	2,072,861		332,118		429,206
Commodities	1,518,445		297,900		127,669
Depreciation	1,619,796		917,318		121,259
Other charges, primarily claims	119,410		· -		· -
Total operating expenses	8,843,695		2,409,664		1,055,912
Operating income (loss)	 2,918,540		(243,995)		(317,970)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment earnings	6,259		-		36,711
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(48,579)		(1,465)		(20,211)
Loss on transfer of assets	(938,569)		(17,582)		-
Other income	850,025		275,381		-
Other expense	-		-		(1,739)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(130,864)		256,334		14,761
Capital contributions	 702,910		546,862		
Income (loss) before transfers	 3,490,586		559,201		(303,209)
Transfers in	-		_		_
Transfers out	(511,712)		(546,852)		(62,114)
Total transfers	(511,712)		(546,852)		(62,114)
Change in net assets	2,978,874		12,349		(365,323)
Total net assets (deficit), beginning of year	72,555,065		47,603,186		3,115,919
Total net assets (deficit), end of year	\$ 75,533,939	\$	47,615,535	\$	2,750,596

_					
					Governmental
		_			Activities
	Nonmajor		Total		Internal
	Enterprise Funds		Enterprise Funds		Service Funds
•	4 204 040	•	40 0E7 00E	•	0.575.000
\$	1,391,849	\$	16,057,695	_\$_	9,575,220
	606,295		5,359,584		-
	580,328		3,414,513		2,194,356
	58,433		2,002,447		-
	63,680		2,722,053		-
_	-		119,410		7,647,231
_	1,308,736		13,618,007		9,841,587
	83,113		2,439,688		(266,367)
	·				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	0.0		40.000		40.040
	92		43,062		40,243
	-		(70,255)		-
	- 32,191		(956,151) 1,157,597		-
	32,191		(1,739)		-
_	32,283		172,514	_	40,243
_	02,200		172,014		40,240
_	1,113,932		2,363,704		-
	1,229,328		4,975,906		(226,124)
	541,066		541,066		_
	(25,149)		(1,145,827)		_
_	515,917		(604,761)	_	-
_	,		, , /	_	
	1,745,245		4,371,145		(226,124)
	50,986		123,325,156		(534,948)
\$	1,796,231	\$	127,696,301	\$	(761,072)
_				_	

Reconciliation of the Change in Net Assets of Enterprise Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

Net change in net assets in enterprise funds	\$ 4,371,145
Amounts reported for proprietary activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various activities internally to individual funds. The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.	(108,528)
Change in net assets of business-type activities	\$ 4,262,617

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities: Water Sewer Parking Receipts from customers and users \$ 11,633,364 \$ 2,176,427 \$ 748,438 Payments to suppliers (3,995,442) (478,736) (597,591) Payments to claimants (3,533,752) (842,476) (376,819) Payments to employees (3,533,752) (842,476) (376,819) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 855,215 (225,972) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: (280,661) (586,211) 180,461 Other nonoperating (expense) 50,25 275,381 - Other nonoperating (expense) 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 2,500 26,725 1,500 Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Pocceds from sale of capital assets (5,562,673) (675,162) 1,500 Payments on loan (53,861) 2,500 26,725		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
Receipts from customers and users \$ 11,633,364 \$ 2,176,427 \$ 748,438 Payments to suppliers (3,995,442) (478,736) (597,591) Payments to claimants (3,593,752) (842,476) (376,819) Payments to employees (3,533,752) (842,476) (376,819) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 4,104,170 855,215 (225,972) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities (280,661) (586,211) 180,461 Other nonoperating (expense) - - (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Purchase of capital assets (5,582,673) (675,162) (153,206) Poceeds from sale of capital assets (5,582,673) (675,162) (153,206) Poceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 30,23,022			Water		Sewer		Parking
Payments to suppliers (3,995,442) (478,736) (597,591) Payments to claimants Payments to employees (3,533,752) (842,476) (376,819) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 4,104,170 855,215 (225,972) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: (280,661) (586,211) 180,461 Other nonoperating income 850,025 275,381 . Other nonoperating (expense) . . . (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities . . . (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities: .	Cash flows from operating activities:						
Payments to claimants (3,533,752) (842,476) (376,819) Payments to employees (3,533,752) (842,476) (376,819) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 4,104,170 855,215 (225,972) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: (280,661) (586,211) 180,461 Other nonoperating income 850,025 275,381 - Other nonoperating (expense) - - (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: - - (1,739) Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities - <	Receipts from customers and users	\$	11,633,364	\$	2,176,427	\$	748,438
Payments to employees (3,533,752) (842,476) (376,819) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 4,104,170 855,215 (225,972) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Payments from (to) interfund accounts (280,661) (586,211) 180,461 Other nonoperating income 850,025 275,381 - Other nonoperating (expense) - - (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Payments on loan (53,881) - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (33,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 -	Payments to suppliers		(3,995,442)		(478,736)		(597,591)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 4,104,170 855,215 (225,972) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: 280,661) (586,211) 180,461 Other nonoperating income 850,025 275,381 - Other nonoperating (expense) - - (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: - - (675,162) (153,206) Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities: (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: - - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and	Payments to claimants		-		-		-
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Payments from (to) interfund accounts (280,661) (586,211) 180,461 Other nonoperating income 850,025 275,381 - Other nonoperating (expense) - - - (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: - - - (153,206) Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: - - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - -	Payments to employees		(3,533,752)		(842,476)		(376,819)
Payments from (to) interfund accounts (280,661) (586,211) 180,461 Other nonoperating income 850,025 275,381 - Other nonoperating (expense) - - - (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: - - - (153,206) Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: - <td< th=""><th>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</th><th></th><th>4,104,170</th><th></th><th>855,215</th><th></th><th>(225,972)</th></td<>	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		4,104,170		855,215		(225,972)
Other nonoperating income 850,025 275,381 - Other nonoperating (expense) - - (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Variable of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - - Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities - - (2,995,5614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Other nonoperating (expense) - - (1,739) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: 1 - - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - - Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents <td>Payments from (to) interfund accounts</td> <td></td> <td>(280,661)</td> <td></td> <td>(586,211)</td> <td></td> <td>180,461</td>	Payments from (to) interfund accounts		(280,661)		(586,211)		180,461
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: \$69,364 (310,830) 178,722 Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - - 3,174,728 Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - - - Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of	Other nonoperating income		850,025		275,381		-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 569,364 (310,830) 178,722 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: \$69,364 (310,830) 178,722 Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - - 3,174,728 Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - - - Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of	Other nonoperating (expense)		-		-		(1,739)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,992,325) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital						, ,
Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,995,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	financing activities		569,364		(310,830)		178,722
Purchase of capital assets (5,552,673) (675,162) (153,206) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,992,325) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,500 26,725 1,500 Payments on loan (53,881) - - Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,995,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(5,552,673)		(675,162)		(153,206)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 2,279,442 - 3,174,728 Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Proceeds from sale of capital assets				26,725		1,500
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments (2,992,325) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Payments on loan		(53,881)		-		-
related financing activities (3,324,612) (648,437) 3,023,022 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		2,279,442		-		3,174,728
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Net cash provided by (used in) capital and						
Interest and dividends received 6,259 - 36,711 Purchase of investments - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments (2,992,325) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	related financing activities		(3,324,612)		(648,437)		3,023,022
Purchase of investments - - (2,992,325) Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments - - - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Cash flows from investing activities:						
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Interest and dividends received		6,259		-		36,711
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 6,259 - (2,955,614) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Purchase of investments		-		-		(2,992,325)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,355,181 (104,052) 20,158 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments		-		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 901,798 649,055 15,104	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		6,259		-		(2,955,614)
	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,355,181		(104,052)		20,158
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 2,256,979 \$ 545,003 \$ 35,262	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		901,798		649,055		15,104
	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,256,979	\$	545,003	\$	35,262

(Continued)

		•			Governmental Activities
	Nonmajor		Total		Internal
En	terprise Funds		Enterprise Funds		Service Funds
\$	1,098,958	\$	15,657,187	\$	10,591,531
	(980,106)		(6,051,875)		(4,004,071)
	-		-		(6,556,144
	(601,060)		(5,354,107)		-
	(482,208)		4,251,205		31,316
	1,103,995		417,584		23,621
	32,191		1,157,597		-
	-		(1,739)	_	-
	1,136,186		1,573,442		23,621
	(692,690)		(7,073,731)		-
	-		30,725		-
	-		(53,881)		-
	-		5,454,170	_	-
	(692,690)		(1,642,717)		-
	92		43,062		123,488
	-		(2,992,325)		(1,763,261
	5,645		5,645		2,043,321
	5,737		(2,943,618)		403,548
	(32,975)		1,238,312		458,485
	57,100		1,623,057		60,287
\$	24,125	\$	2,861,369	\$	518,772

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Water		Sewer		Parking	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to							
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,918,540	\$	(243,995)	\$	(317,970)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating							
income (loss) to net cash provided							
by (used in) operating activities, depreciation		1,619,796		917,318		121,259	
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Receivables		(78,759)		10,758		9,611	
Inventory		(19,660)		-		-	
Prepaid items and other assets		(398,393)		(67,956)		(46,458)	
Accounts payable and accrued							
expenses		133,327		219,238		5,742	
Claims payable		-		-		-	
Unearned revenue		-		-		-	
Deposits		(50,112)		-		885	
Compensated absences		(20,569)		19,852		959	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	4,104,170	\$	855,215	\$	(225,972)	
Schedule of noncash items:							
Capital and related financing activities,							
contribution of capital assets	\$	702,910	\$	546,862	\$	-	
Investing activities, net appreciation in							
fair value of investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

		_		Governmental Activities
	Nonmajor		Total	Internal
Ent	erprise Funds		Enterprise Funds	Service Funds
\$	83,113	\$	2,439,688	\$ (266,367)
	63,680		2,722,053	-
	(292,891)		(351,281)	253,506
	· -		(19,660)	_
	(515,384)		(1,028,191)	(51,807)
	0.500		007.000	(00.454)
	9,589		367,896	(63,454)
	-		-	409,862
	164,450		164,450	(250,424)
	-		(49,227)	-
	5,235		5,477	 -
\$	(482,208)	\$	4,251,205	\$ 31,316
\$	1,113,932	\$	2,363,704	\$
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 328,605

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds April 30, 2005

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,988,483
Investments:	
U.S. government securities	15,241,596
U.S. government agencies and corporations	6,619,801
IPPFA real estate	741,714
Annuities - fixed	5,537,805
Annuities - variable	8,358,098
Mutual funds	15,049,374
Stocks	6,272,724
Deposits at financial institutions	473,312
Receivables:	
Employer	2,955,275
Employee	42,521
Accrued interest	 254,887
Total assets	 65,535,590
Liabilities,	
accounts payable	 16,966
Net assets,	
held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 65,518,624

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

Additions: Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,149,056
Plan member deposits	1,178,704
Total contributions	4,327,760
Net investment:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	1,790,497
Interest	747,809
Dividends	339,247
Total investment income	2,877,553
Less investment expense	40,052
Net investment income	2,837,501
Total additions	7,165,261
Deductions:	
Benefits	4,398,324
Refund of contributions	43,090
Administrative expenses	105,020
Total deductions	4,546,434
Change in net assets	2,618,827
Net assets held in trust for benefits, beginning of year	62,899,797
Net assets held in trust for benefits, end of year	\$ 65,518,624

Note 1. Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity:

The City of Bloomington, Illinois (the City) was incorporated in 1850 under the laws of the state of Illinois. The City operates under the Mayor-Council-Administrator form of government. The City provides services to its residents in many areas, including public safety, public works services, community enrichment and development.

In accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the City is financially accountable. The City has also considered all other potential organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for that organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Based on these criteria, the City is presented as a primary government.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations. The Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority (CIRPA) is governed by a five-member board appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, CIRPA is treated as a blended component unit because its sole purpose is to provide insurance coverage to the City. CIRPA is reported as an internal service fund. The audited financial information included is for the twelve months ended December 31, 2004. CIRPA issues a separate audited financial report which may be obtained from the administrative offices at 2203 E. Empire Street, Bloomington, Illinois 61701.

There are no other organizations or agencies which should be included in these basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation:

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. There are no indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

<u>Fund accounting</u>: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net assets, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The City has the following funds:

Governmental Fund Types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance". The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Library Special Revenue Fund: To account for the tax and other resources used to provide library services to the citizens of the City.

Debt Service Fund: To account for the servicing of the general long-term debt not financed by a specific source.

U.S. Cellular Coliseum Capital Project Fund: To account for the construction of the City's downtown sports and entertainment center.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

Special Revenue Funds: are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than certain capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific projects).

Motor Fuel Tax Fund: To account for the revenue and expenditures related to projects financed by the motor fuel tax funds collected and distributed by the state of Illinois.

<u>Special Olympics and Recreation Fund</u>: To account for the activities of the Special Olympics and Recreation Program.

<u>Board of Elections Fund</u>: To account for the tax resources used to provide for the Election Commission expenses.

<u>Sister City Program Fund</u>: To account for activities of maintaining a relationship with the City of Asahikawa, Japan.

<u>Cultural District Fund</u>: To account for sales tax revenues and rental fees to provide facilities for artistic and cultural events.

Note 1. Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Drug Enforcement Fund: To account for police department revenues from drug raids.

Residential/Rehabilitation Escrow Fund: To account for low interest loans to residential homeowners within the Community Development program.

<u>Community Development Fund</u>: To account for a federally funded block grant program designed to assist low and moderate-income families and eliminate slum and blight conditions.

<u>IHDA Grant Fund</u>: To account for federally funded state grants to provide funds for the acquisition and rehabilitation of single-family homes for the low and moderate-income population.

Park Dedication Fund: To account for collections to be used for future park development.

<u>Detention Basin Fund</u>: To account for resources used for flood detention required by annexation agreements.

Capital Projects Funds: are used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, with the exception of those that are financed through proprietary funds.

<u>Market Square TIF Redevelopment Fund</u>: To account for the construction expenses in the tax increment financing district.

<u>Central Bloomington TIF Redevelopment Fund</u>: To account for the construction expenses in the tax increment financing district.

<u>1991 Southeast Improvement Bond Fund</u>: To account for the 1991 bond proceeds which are intended for infrastructure improvements necessitated by the expansion of the southeast part of the City.

<u>1995 Southwest Development Fund</u>: To account for the construction of infrastructure in the City's southwest section as a result of expansion projects.

<u>2003 Bond Projects Fund</u>: To account for the 2003 bond proceeds which are intended for the use of various City projects.

Pepsi Ice Center Fund: To account for the construction of the City's public ice rink.

<u>Cultural District Fund</u>: To account for construction and improvements to the City's cultural district.

<u>Capital Improvements Fund</u>: To account for the receipt and disbursement of monies used for the acquisition of capital facilities.

<u>Library Expansion Fund</u>: To account for the expenditures for capital improvements to expand and remodel the Bloomington Public Library.

Permanent Funds: are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

<u>J.M. Scott Health Care Trust Fund</u>: To account for access to health services, supplies, medical equipment, special nutritional support and healthcare programs in McLean County for indigent area residents.

Proprietary Fund Types: Proprietary fund types are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector (business-type activities). The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

Enterprise Funds: are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the City has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the City has elected to apply all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, including those issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for those pronouncements which conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund</u>: To account for the operation of the City's water treatment facilities and services.

Sewer Fund: To account for the operation of the City's waste disposal activities.

<u>Parking Fund</u>: To account for the activities of operating the City's downtown parking system and Cityowned parking lots.

The other enterprise funds of the City are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

<u>U.S. Cellular Coliseum Fund</u>: To account for the activities of operating the City's downtown sports and entertainment facility.

<u>Stormwater Management Fund</u>: To account for the operation of the City's stormwater management activities.

Internal Service Funds: are used to finance and account for services and commodities provided by designated departments or agencies to other departments and agencies of the City. The following are the City's internal service funds:

<u>Employee Group Healthcare Fund</u>: To account for the premiums and medical claims of all covered City employees and their covered dependents and Township employees.

<u>Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority Fund</u>: To account for the premiums and the payment of claims for insurance for the City.

Fiduciary Fund Types: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The City has the following fiduciary fund type:

Pension Trust Funds: are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The Pension Trust Funds account for the assets of the City's police and fire pension plans.

Police Pension Fund: To account for the accumulation of resources needed to pay pension costs when due. Resources are contributions from police force members at rates fixed by state statutes and City contributions in the form of an annual property tax levy.

Fire Pension Fund: To account for the accumulation of resources needed to pay pension costs when due. Resources are contributions from fire department members at rates fixed by state statutes and City contributions in the form of an annual property tax levy.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Note 1. Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services (other than utility), and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash, because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they are levied, and the current taxes receivable represents an estimate of the 2004 levy. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property in the City. The City passes a property tax levy ordinance, usually in the second calendar quarter of each year, for the fiscal year beginning on May 1 of such calendar year. The tax becomes a lien as of the following January 1, on the assessed value listed as of the day prior (December 31) for all real property located in the City. In the year following the levy, the County bills the property taxes in two installments, generally in May and August. The taxes become delinquent approximately 40 days after the dates billed. The County collects the taxes and remits them to the City. The City receives these remittances approximately one month after the collection dates.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Summary of significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies followed by the City include the following:

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: except where otherwise required, the City maintains all deposits in a bank account in the name of the City. These deposits are invested on a short-term basis with interest income being allocated to the funds based on their respective balance.

Investments: are reported at fair value. Securities traded on the national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The City invests in the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund and the Illinois State Funds Money Market Fund. A board of directors, which includes investment advisors regulated by the SEC, provides administrative oversight for the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund. The Illinois State Funds Money Market Fund is regulated by the State Treasurer's Office. The fair value of the position in the external investment pools is the same as the value of the pool shares.

<u>Statement of cash flows</u>: for purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary fund types funds, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

<u>Accounts receivable</u>: results primarily from services provided to citizens and are accounted for in the governmental funds. Water services are accounted for in the Water Fund and sewer and parking services are accounted for in the Sewer Fund and Parking Fund. All are net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

<u>Inventory</u>: consist of consumable supplies and are valued at cost using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

<u>Capital assets</u>: including land, buildings, improvements, equipment assets and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Infrastructure capitalization thresholds are as follows:

	pitalization hreshold
Streets, sanitary sewers, watermains and sidewalks Street lighting	\$ 25,000 5,000
Bridges, detention basins, pumping stations, reservoir, water plant and dams Traffic signals	100,000 50,000

Assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense incurred by the Water Fund was \$119,374 and was capitalized in connection with the water plant construction.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The estimated useful lives for each fixed asset type are as follows:

Infrastructure	10 - 65 years
Land improvements	20 - 50 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years
Licensed vehicles	3 - 20 years
Zoo animals	10 - 60 years

The City's collection of library books and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to City policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items to be used to acquire other collection items.

<u>Deferred revenues</u>: in the governmental funds, deferred revenues represent amounts due, which are measurable, but not available. In the statement of net assets, deferred revenues represent the deferral of property tax receivables which are levied for a future period.

<u>Unearned revenue</u>: represents grants and similar items received; however, the City has not met all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

<u>Interfund transactions</u>: transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective fund's operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances within the governmental funds and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. For proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year earned. For governmental fund types, the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation which is payable from available resources is recorded as a liability of the respective fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and resignations.

Sick leave and other benefits are accumulative as far as time available but are not reimbursable to employees upon termination. The costs of these benefits are recognized when paid to active employees.

<u>Fund equity</u>: reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Restrictions of net assets are limited to outside third-party restrictions. Designations of fund balance represents tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Net assets</u>: represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City first applied restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Bond premium, discounts and issuance costs: in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Properties held for resale</u>: Properties acquired through the Community Development Program are recorded at the lower of cost or market value. Therefore, costs incurred which are not recoverable upon resale and permanent declines in market value are charged to expense/expenditures.

<u>Use of estimates</u>: the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

State statutes authorize the City to make deposits in interest bearing depository accounts in federally insured and/or state chartered banks and savings and loan associations, or other financial institutions as designated by ordinances, and to invest available funds in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury or agencies of the United States, money market mutual funds whose portfolios consist of governmental securities, Illinois Funds Money Market Fund and annuities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

As of April 30, 2005, the carrying amount of the City's deposits totaled \$11,723,096 with the bank balances totaling \$14,209,562. The insured and collateral status of the bank balances, by category of risk, were as follows:

Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

\$ 12,006,530

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the City's name or uncollateralized.

2,203,032 \$ 14,209,562

The City's investments are categorized as follows to give an indication of the level of credit risk assumed by the City: (1) insured or registered, or the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name, (2) uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name, and (3) uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counterparty or its agent but not in the City's name.

As of April 30, 2005, the City's investments by category of risk were as follows:

	 11	2	3		Fair Value
U.S. government securities	\$ 15,925,228	\$ _	\$	- \$	15,925,228
Corporate debt and equity	1,725,085				1,725,085
U.S. government agencies	7,771,469	-		-	7,771,469
	\$ 25,421,782	\$ -	\$		25,421,782
Investments not subject to categorization:					
Illinois State Funds Money Market Fund					44,071,872
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund					1,294,412
Money Market Mutual Funds					2,646,159
IPPFA Real Estate					741,714
Insurance Contracts					13,895,904
Mutual funds					32,741,864
Stocks					6,272,724
Total				\$	127,086,431

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 3, Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements, requires the City to assign risk categories for its investments, except those in which securities are not used as evidence of the investment. The level of risk for the City's investments during the year did not vary substantially from those at year-end.

A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and investments, as shown in the financial statements, is as follows:

Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$	13,586 11,723,096 127,086,431
	\$	138,823,113
Government-wide financial statement of net assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,992,917
Investments, including restricted investments of \$5,402,141	\$	22,547,289
	<u> </u>	76,540,206
Statement of fiduciary net assets:	\$	2 000 402
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Φ	3,988,483 58,294,424
myesuments	\$	62,282,907
The following investments represent 5% or more of Police Pension Plan net assets:		
Protective Life Insurance Company SPDR Trust Unit SR1 Stock	\$	1,805,678 6,272,724
The following investments in one organization represent 5% or more of Fire Pension Plan net ass	ets:	
Protective Life Insurance Company Fidelity Investments Institutional Services Company Sun Life of Canada (U.S.) Growth Fund of America MFS Investment Management	\$	3,146,855 1,909,320 8,358,099 2,543,723 2,123,161

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended April 30, 2005:

	,	Balance April 30, 2004	Additions	Deletions	,	Balance April 30, 2005
Governmental Activities		,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	17,496,744	\$ 854,372	\$ (227,706)	\$	18,123,410
Construction-in-progress		13,749,386	15,126,520	(2,513,126)		26,362,780
Total capital assets, not being						
depreciated		31,246,130	15,980,892	(2,740,832)		44,486,190
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements		5,052,300	430,686	-		5,482,986
Construction		34,732,429	355,876	(100,207)		34,988,098
Infrastructure		168,855,417	5,308,593	-		174,164,010
Machinery and equipment		15,619,751	2,540,174	(1,188,115)		16,971,810
Licensed vehicles		12,229,451	1,103,609	(1,190,697)		12,142,363
Zoo animals		7,200	8,000	-		15,200
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated		236,496,548	9,746,938	(2,479,019)		243,764,467
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements		1,842,381	230,463	-		2,072,844
Construction		7,619,870	597,410	(301)		8,216,979
Infrastructure		107,792,626	6,416,579	-		114,209,205
Machinery and equipment		9,341,305	1,425,880	(1,145,064)		9,622,121
Licensed vehicles		6,672,325	1,004,683	(965,051)		6,711,957
Zoo animals		1,113	620	-		1,733
Total accumulated depreciation		133,269,620	9,675,635	(2,110,416)		140,834,839
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net		103,226,928	71,303	(368,603)		102,929,628
Governmental activities capital						
assets, net	\$	134,473,058	\$ 16,052,195	\$ (3,109,435)	\$	147,415,818

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

		Balance		A .1.111		Dalatiana		Balance
Dunings Toma Askidalas		April 30, 2004		Additions		Deletions	- 1	April 30, 2005
Business-Type Activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	œ.	4 440 020	φ	400 E24	φ.		φ	4 600 460
Land	\$	4,418,938	\$	189,531	\$	- (4.700.4E2)	\$	4,608,469
Construction-in-progress		5,430,514		6,271,218		(1,708,153)		9,993,579
Total capital assets, not		0.040.450		0.400.740		(4.700.450)		44.000.040
being depreciated		9,849,452		6,460,749		(1,708,153)		14,602,048
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		373,317		-		-		373,317
Construction		27,499,499		867,824		-		28,367,323
Infrastructure		111,309,058		2,979,602		(1,229,107)		113,059,553
Machinery and equipment		10,584,820		650,114		(387,775)		10,847,159
Licensed vehicles		1,850,396		187,299		(296,632)		1,741,063
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated		151,617,090		4,684,839		(1,913,514)		154,388,415
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		139,852		16,174		-		156,026
Construction		7,432,145		477,736		-		7,909,881
Infrastructure		22,514,345		1,532,028		(292,480)		23,753,893
Machinery and equipment		6,113,560		528,963		(282,103)		6,360,420
Licensed vehicles		1,083,747		167,152		(281,800)		969,099
Total accumulated depreciation		37,283,649		2,722,053		(856,383)		39,149,319
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net		114,333,441		1,962,786		(1,057,131)		115,239,096
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	124,182,893	\$	8,423,535	\$	(2,765,284)	\$	129,841,144

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	498,864
Public safety		898,027
Highways and streets		6,571,505
Sanitation		450,035
Health		453
Culture and recreation		1,213,315
Community development		43,436
	\$	9,675,635
Business-Type Activities		
Water	\$	1,619,796
Sewer		917,318
Parking		121,259
Stormwater management		63,680
	<u>\$</u>	2,722,053

Note 4. Individual Fund Disclosures

The following is a summary of deficit fund balances/net assets of individual funds as of April 30, 2005:

Fund	Deficit nd Balance/ let Assets
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Capital Projects Funds: Market Square TIF Redevelopment Library Expansion	\$ 596,095 18,000
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund, U.S. Cellular Coliseum	411,896
Internal Service Funds: Employee Group Health Care Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority	472,572 288,500

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Individual Fund Disclosures (Continued)

The following is a summary of expenditures in excess of budget as of April 30, 2005:

	į	Amount n Excess
Nonmajor Funds:		
Special Revenue Fund, Park Dedication	\$	130,236
Capital Project Fund, Central Bloomington TIF Redevelopment		531,826

Note 5. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended April 30, 2005:

	A	Balance pril 30, 2004		Additions	ļ	Retirements	Balance April 30, 2005			Due Within One Year	Range of Interest Rates
Governmental Activities:											
General Obligation Bonds:											
Series 1991	\$	2,098,719	\$	237,493	\$	695,000	\$	1,641,212	\$	424,068	5.35% to 6.70%
Series 1993		1,130,000		-		360,000		770,000		385,000	4.10% to 6.10%
Series 1994		3,365,000		-		3,365,000		-		-	4.70% to 7.00%
Series 1995		4,675,000		-		825,000		3,850,000		875,000	5.20% to 5.70%
Series 1996		3,890,000		-		310,000		3,580,000		320,000	4.70% to 6.20%
Series 2001		6,270,000		-		60,000		6,210,000		60,000	3.50% to 4.05%
Series 2003		10,000,000		-		-		10,000,000		-	3.50% to 4.05%
Series 2004, taxable		-		29,455,000		-		29,455,000		-	5.50% to 6.38%
Series 2004		-		12,425,272		-		12,425,272		72,900	variable
		31,428,719		42,117,765		5,615,000		67,931,484		2,136,968	•
Other Liabilities:											
Agreements with developers		4,041,963		773,200		1,503,993		3,311,170		1,400,000	
Compensated absences		1,169,441		1,342,621		1,169,441		1,342,621		1,342,621	
Governmental activities,											•
long-term liabilities	\$	36,640,123	\$	44,233,586	\$	8,288,434	\$	72,585,275	\$	4,879,589	:
Business-Type Activities:											
Loan payable	\$	2,659,006	\$	2,279,442	\$	53,881	\$	4,884,567	\$	169,131	2.50%
General obligation bonds, series 2004	*	_,000,000	•	3,174,728	•	-	•	3,174,728	•	27,100	variable
Business-type activities,	_			3,111,120				-, , 0		2.,	
long-term liabilities	\$	2,659,006	\$	5,454,170	\$	53,881	\$	8,059,295	\$	196,231	:

The Series 1991 General Obligation Bonds are zero coupon bonds. The additions are the accretion of the interest.

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The outstanding general obligation bonds mature as follows:

		Principal		Interest		Total
April 30, 2006	\$	2,164,068	\$	3,532,773	\$	5,696,841
April 30, 2007	,	2,417,964	,	3,518,029	•	5,935,993
April 30, 2008		2,801,215		3,505,620		6,306,835
April 30, 2009		4,802,965		5,712,082		10,515,047
April 30, 2010		3,270,000		3,095,940		6,365,940
April 30, 2011 - 2015		10,170,000		13,259,374		23,429,374
April 30, 2016 - 2020		8,985,000		11,226,851		20,211,851
April 30, 2021 - 2025		13,790,000		8,670,559		22,460,559
April 30, 2026 - 2030		8,430,000		5,999,983		14,429,983
April 30, 2031 - 2035		14,275,000		2,454,860		16,729,860
	\$	71,106,212	\$	60,976,071	\$	132,082,283

As a Home Rule entity, under the Illinois Constitution, the City has no statutory debt limit.

The City has entered into several special agreements with developers involving rebates of sales tax and real estate tax revenues in excess of agreed-upon floor amounts. The details of various agreements are as follows:

- The City will rebate to the developers of a project to renovate a former apartment building into an upscale apartment building in downtown Bloomington. The maximum outlay by the City will be \$558,200. The outstanding liability as of April 30, 2005 is \$372,133.
- The City will rebate to the redevelopers of Eastland Mall incremental sales tax revenue generated by businesses on the property annually. The maximum liability of the City is \$3,000,000. The outstanding liability as of April 30, 2005 is \$464,068.
- The City will rebate to the redevelopers of a bank project in downtown Bloomington, the cost of improvements based on the annual real estate revenue resulting from the redevelopment. The maximum liability to the City is \$400,000. The outstanding liability as of April 30, 2005 is \$305,840.
- The City will rebate to developers the cost of improvements for various downtown projects. The maximum liability to the City for these projects is \$2,695,610. The outstanding liability as of April 30, 2005 is \$1,360,144.
- The City will rebate to the developers for various economic development projects the cost of specific improvements and incremental sales tax revenue generated by the businesses on the property annually. The maximum liability to the City is \$1,781,929. The outstanding liability as of April 30, 2005 is \$808,985.

The payments on the bonds payable that pertain to the City's governmental activities are made by the Debt Service Fund. The payments on the developer agreements are made by the General Fund and the Central Bloomington TIF Redevelopment Capital Project Fund. The compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The City entered into two separate loan agreements with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency both for the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program. The City may draw up to \$7,447,292 for the program. Payment will be required each May 1 and November 1 until final repayment due April 1, 2025. The outstanding loan payable as of April 30, 2005 matures as follows:

	Principal	Interest		Total	
April 30, 2006	\$ 169,131	\$	155,681	\$	324,812
April 30, 2007	205,266		119,546		324,812
April 30, 2008	210,511		114,301		324,812
April 30, 2009	215,888		108,925		324,813
April 30, 2010	221,404		103,410		324,814
April 30, 2011 - 2015	1,194,795		429,260		1,624,055
April 30, 2016 - 2020	1,258,946		268,645		1,527,591
April 30, 2021 - 2025	1,408,626		87,578		1,496,204
	\$ 4,884,567	\$	1,387,346	\$	6,271,913

On September 27, 2004, the City issued \$15,600,000 in General Obligation Demand Bonds Series 2004 with an average interest rate of 4 percent. A portion of this issue was used to advance refund \$3,365,000 of outstanding 1994 Series Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.8 percent. The net proceeds from the refunding portion, \$3,261,497 were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1994 Series bonds. As a result, the 1994 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide statement of net assets. The defeased debt became due and payable on December 1, 2004.

The advance refunding resulted in a \$103,503 difference between the reaquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The City completed the advance refunding on a variable rate basis to reduce its total expected debt service payments and to balance the City's fixed and variable rate debt portfolio. Based on a 3.20% interest rate (the ten-year tax-exempt variable rate average plus certain administrative fees), the refunding is expected to reduce debt service by \$169,539 over the next eight years and result is an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payment) of \$203,673.

Prior Year Defeasances:

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. As of April 30, 2005, \$3,990,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Note 6. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of April 30, 2005 are as follows:

	Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable		
Governmental activities:					
General	\$ 2,884,405	\$	-		
Library	18,000		41,662		
Debt service	96,563		1,104,123		
Nonmajor governmental funds	1,368,450		1,727,861		
Internal service	37,573		-		
Total governmental activities	4,404,991		2,873,646		
Business-type activities:					
Water	663,000		1,106,051		
Sewer	175,031		135,672		
Parking	-		539,575		
Nonmajor enterprise funds	235,242		823,320		
Total business-type activities	1,073,273		2,604,618		
Total	\$ 5,478,264	\$	5,478,264		

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

Note 7. Interfund Transfers

The following is a schedule of transfers as included in the basic financial statements of the City:

Iran	Transfers In		ansfers Out
Governmental activities:			
General \$	690,099	\$	3,621,250
Debt service 1,	,279,511		34,485
Nonmajor governmental funds 4,	,008,276		1,717,390
Total governmental activities 5,	,977,886		5,373,125
Business-type activities:			
Water	-		511,712
Sewer	-		546,852
Parking	-		62,114
Nonmajor enterprise funds	541,066		25,149
Total business-type activities	541,066		1,145,827
Total \$ 6,	,518,952	\$	6,518,952

Note 7. Interfund Transfers (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions and Provisions:

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The City's defined benefit pension plan, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides retirement disability, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF is an agent multiple employer pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at www.imrf.org/pubs-homepage.htm or by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

Employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer rate for calendar year 2004 was 9.27 percent of payroll. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The amortization period as of December 31, 2004 was 28 years.

For December 31, 2004, the City's annual pension cost of \$1,769,297 was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2002 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) (b) projected salary increases of 4% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 11.6% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 15% corridor. The assumptions used for the 2004 actuarial valuation were based on the 1999-2001 experience study.

Three-Year Trend Information

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	Actuarial Valuation Date		nual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation				
	December 31, 2004	\$	1,769,297	100%	\$	-				
	December 31, 2003		1,486,797	100		-				
	December 31, 2002		1,487,030	100		-				

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Police Pension

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single employer pension plan. The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report which is available at City Hall, 109 East Olive Street, P.O. Box 3157, Bloomington, Illinois 61702. It is included as a Pension Trust Fund in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits, as well as the employee and employer contribution levels, are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Plan members' contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions.

The Plan provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of fifty or more with twenty or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The monthly pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional year of service over twenty years up to thirty years, to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than twenty years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% simple interest annually thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than twenty years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City's annual contribution to the Plan is provided by a property tax levy. These tax levies are required to be of an amount necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2020, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Plan is fully funded.

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Asset</u>: The City's annual pension cost and net pension asset to the Police Pension Plan for the most current year (April 30, 2004) were as follows:

Annual required contributions	\$ 1,524,268
Interest on net pension asset	(59,507)
Adjustments to annual required contribution	 37,234
Annual pension cost	 1,501,995
Annual contributions made	 1,621,029
Increase in net pension asset	119,034
Net pension asset, beginning of year	 793,427
Net pension asset, end of year	\$ 912,461

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

The annual required contribution was determined as part of the May 1, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost funding method. The actuarial assumption included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increases of 5.0%. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at the May 1, 2002 actuarial valuation date was 30 years.

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	nual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net	Pension Asset
April 30, 2004	\$ 1,501,995	107.92%	\$	912,461
April 30, 2003	1,494,795	105.69		793,427
April 30, 2002	1,507,235	106.32		708,362

Firefighters' Pension

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single employer pension plan. The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report which is available at City Hall, 109 East Olive Street, P.O. Box 3157, Bloomington, Illinois 61702. It is included as a Pension Trust Fund in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Although this is a single employer pension plan, the defined benefits, as well as the employee and employer contribution levels, are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Plan members' contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions.

The Plan provides retirement as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of fifty or more with twenty or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held on the last date of service. The monthly pension shall be increased by 1/12 of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over twenty years through thirty years, to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least ten years of service but less than twenty years of service may retire at or after age sixty and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the amount of the pension payable at the time of the increase.

Covered employees are required to contribute 8.455% of their base salary to the Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than twenty years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City's annual contribution to the Plan is provided by a property tax levy. These tax levies are required to be of an amount necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2020, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Plan is fully funded.

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Asset: The City's annual pension cost and net pension asset to the Firefighters' Pension Plan for the most current year (April 30, 2004) were as follows:

Annual required contributions	\$ 1,398,442
Interest on net pension asset	(56,146)
Adjustments to annual required contribution	 35,131
Annual pension cost	 1,377,427
Annual contributions made	 1,495,594
Increase in net pension asset	118,167
Net pension asset, beginning of year	 748,619
Net pension asset, end of year	\$ 866,786

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the May 1, 2004, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost funding method. The actuarial assumption included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increases of 5.0%. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at May 1, 2002 actuarial valuation date was 30 years.

Three-	.Year	Trend	lln	f∩rm	ation
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		Ar	nnual Pension	Percentage of						
	Fiscal Year Ending		Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Net	Net Pension Asset				
	April 30, 2004	\$	1,377,427	108.57%	\$	866,786				
	April 30, 2003		1,313,451	106.76		748,619				
	April 30, 2002		1,299,164	107.29		659,769				

Note 9. Leases

The City of Bloomington leases a total of 266 residential lots to various individuals under agreements expiring in 2032 and 2131. Other long-term agreements involve a lake marina which is leased through April 15, 2017 and a parking area property which is leased indefinitely. In addition, certain parking lots, parking garage spaces and various other properties are rented on a monthly or other short-term basis. All of these agreements are accounted for as operating leases.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Leases (Continued)

A total of \$68,386 in lease revenue relating to these leases was received by the City during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2005. The following is a schedule by years of minimum future rentals due to the City under noncancellable lease agreements in effect as of April 30, 2005:

eal Year Ending April 30:		Operating		
2006	\$	72,670		
2007		64,310		
2008		68,169		
2009		72,259		
2010		76,595		
Later years		7,905,000		
	\$	8,259,003		

The assets leased have a cost of \$4,933,302, accumulated depreciation of \$1,954,078 and net book value of \$2,979,224.

The City is a lessee for office space and a parking area. The lease requires the City to pay \$741,092 each October 1 until October 1, 2021. The future minimum lease obligation is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30:		
2006	\$ 741,092	
2007	741,092	
2008	741,092	
2009	741,092	
2010	741,092	
2011-2015	3,705,460	
2016-2020	3,705,460	
2021-2022	1,482,184	
	\$ 12,598,564	_

Note 10. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan has been amended to comply with IRC Section 457(g) which allowed for the plan to hold its assets in trust. Under these new requirements, the City no longer owns the amount deferred by employees and, therefore, the liability and corresponding assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 11. Joint Venture

The Transit System is a joint venture between the City of Bloomington and the Town of Normal for the purpose of engaging in a wide variety of activities necessary for operation of a transit system within the corporate limits of the two governmental entities. The governing Board is divided equally between City and Town representatives. The System is funded primarily through federal and state governmental assistance. Other revenue sources include fares and contractual fees. Any deficits incurred by the System are to be made up by the City and Town in accordance with a prescribed formula. The System's financial activities, other than operating subsidies and advances from the City, are not included in the City's reporting entity.

Summarized unaudited financial information of the Bloomington-Normal Public Transit System, for the year ended June 30, 2005, is presented below:

Balance Sheet as of June 30,	2005			
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,030,898		
Accounts receivable		1,690,296		
Inventory		6,237		
Prepaid expenses		102,347		
Total current assets			- \$	5,829,778
Capital assets, net				5,455,394
Total assets			\$	11,285,172
Current liabilities:				
Advances from City of Bloomington and Town of Normal		122,299		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other		1,759,228		
Total current liabilities			\$	1,881,527
Net assets:				
Investment in capital assets, net		5,455,394		
Restricted		3,853,141		
Unrestricted		95,110		
Total fund equity				9,403,645
Total liabilities and net assets			\$	11,285,172

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 11. Joint Venture (Continued)

Operations for Year Ended June 30, 2005 - General Fund and Capital Project Fund

Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 692,676
Operating grants and contributions	3,689,099
Capital grants and contributions	2,180,973
Nonoperating	87,724
Total revenues	6,650,472
Expenses	 4,871,310
Excess of revenues over expenses	1,779,162
Net assets, beginning of year	 7,624,483
Net assets, end of year	\$ 9,403,645

Complete financial statements for the System may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices located at 104 East Oakland Avenue, Bloomington, Illinois.

Note 12. Risk Management and Self Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City is self-insured and carries supplemental commercial insurance. The City maintains internal service funds for its self-insured employees' health insurance program, and its general liability, property and worker's compensation insurance claims. Each participating fund makes payments to the self-insurance fund for amounts which are determined based on historical claims experience. Such payments are displayed on the fund financial statements as revenues and expenditures/expenses.

For medical claims, self-insurance is in effect up to a stop loss of \$90,000 per individual occurrence. Coverage from a private insurance company is maintained for losses in excess of the stop loss amount. An independent claims administrator performs all claim handling procedures.

On October 1, 1995, the City established the Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority (CIRPA), a blended component unit, pursuant to the provisions of the Illinois Compiled Statutes for general liability and worker's compensation claims. CIRPA has purchased commercial insurance for coverage in excess of self-insured reserve limits and for all other risks of loss. For those exposures covered by insurance policies, settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage purchased for each of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 12. Risk Management and Self Insurance (Continued)

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the years ended April 30, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

Claims payable, beginning of the year
Claims incurred and changes in accrual
Claim payments
Claims payable, end of the year

	Employee He	alth	Insurance		CIRPA						
	2005		2004	2005 2004							
\$ 709,608 \$ 77 3,449,340 3,90		774,734 3,900,120 (3,965,246)	\$	3,640,829 3,055,586 (3,097,196)	\$	2,196,969 4,151,214 (2,707,354)					
\$	700,000	\$	709,608	\$	3,599,219	\$	3,640,829				

Note 13. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City has several construction contract commitments to be financed from capital projects and enterprise funds. The total outstanding construction commitments of the City as of April 30, 2005 is \$45,341,501.

Note 14. New Pronouncements

As of April 30, 2005, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) had issued the following statements not yet implemented by the City. The statements which might impact the City are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, issued March 2003, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending April 30, 2006. This Statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. As an element of interest rate risk, this Statement requires certain disclosures of investments that have fair values that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. This Statement also establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for deposit risks.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 14. New Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and Insurance Recoveries, issued November 2003, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending April 30, 2006. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets. A capital asset is considered impaired when its service utility has declined significantly and unexpectedly. This Statement also clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, issued April 2004, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending April 30, 2008. This Statement establishes uniform financial reporting standards for other postemployment benefit plans (OPEB plans) and supersedes existing guidance.

GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions, issued June 2004, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending April 30, 2009. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of other postretirement benefits expenses and related liabilities or assets, note disclosures and, if applicable, required supplementary information.

GASB Statement No. 46, *Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34, issued December 2004, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending April 30, 2007. This Statement establishes and modifies requirements related to restrictions of net assets resulting from enabling legislation.

GASB Statement No. 47, Accounting for Termination Benefits, issued June 2005, will be effective for the City with its year ending April 30, 2007. This Statement establishes accounting standards for termination benefits. In financial statements prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, employers should recognize a liability and expense for voluntary termination benefits (early retirement incentives) when the offer is accepted and the amount can be estimated. A liability for involuntary termination benefits (severance benefits) should be recognized when a plan of termination has been approved by those with the authority to commit the government to the plan, the plan has been communicated to the employees, and the amount can be estimated. In financial statements prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, liabilities and expenditures for termination benefits should be recognized to the extent the liabilities are normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The City's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the City's financial statements.

The City adopted Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*; however, it had no effect to the City's financial statements. The City also adopted Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*. This Statement revises the statistical section to include more government-wide financial information and to augment statistical schedules with notes regarding sources, methodologies, assumptions, and narrative explanations of unfamiliar concepts, atypical trends and anomalous data.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Fiscal Year Ended	Valuation Net Assets (AAL) *		Unfunded (Over- funded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]	
2005	12/31/2004	\$ 46,926,424	\$ 54,147,215	\$ 7,220,791	86.66%	\$	19,086,271	37.83%
2004	12/31/2003	47,554,724	51,689,356	4,134,632	92.00		18,492,199	22.36
2003	12/31/2002	47,237,555	49,278,243	2,040,688	95.86		17,808,742	11.46
2002	12/31/2001	46,247,843	45,386,955	(860,888)	101.90		16,789,700	-
2001	12/31/2000	41,993,596	41,750,750	(242,846)	100.58		15,634,600	-
2000	12/31/1999	36,156,640	38,072,848	1,916,208	94.97		14,560,354	13.16
1999	12/31/1998	29,860,516	34,543,831	4,683,315	86.44		14,083,189	33.25

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Annual Required ontributions (ARC) (a)	С	Total ontributions (b)	Percentage of ARC Contributed (b/a)
12/31/2004 12/31/2003 12/31/2002 12/31/2001 12/31/2000 12/31/1999	\$ 1,769,297 1,486,797 1,487,030 1,512,752 1,529,064 1,509,908	\$	1,769,297 1,486,797 1,487,030 1,512,752 1,529,064 1,509,908	100.00% 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2002 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from .4% to 11.6% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% per year. The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The amortization period as of December 31, 2004 was 28 years.

Digest of changes: The actuarial assumptions used to determine the actuarial accrued liability for 2004 were changed due to the 1999-2001 experience study.

The principal changes were:

- Fewer members are expected to take refunds early in their career.
- For regular members, fewer normal and early retirements are expected to occur.

Required Supplementary Information Police Pension Plan

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Net Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) * (b)	Unfunded (Over- funded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	ded atio /b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
2005	05/01/2004	\$ 32,352,495	\$ 53,449,052	\$ 21,096,557	60.5%	\$ 6,498,943	324.6%
2004	05/01/2003	28,557,244	49,554,943	20,997,699	57.6	5,993,055	350.4
2003	05/02/2002	28,841,069	46,529,753	17,688,684	62.0	6,037,774	293.0
2002	05/03/2002	29,004,064	42,383,076	13,379,012	68.4	5,444,299	245.7
2001	05/04/2002	30,033,994	39,924,283	9,890,289	75.2	5,118,223	193.2
2000	05/05/2002	26,599,910	35,258,742	8,658,832	75.4	4,791,255	180.7

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2004. Additional information follows:

- 1. The cost method used to determine the ARC is the entry age normal cost funding method.
- 2. The assets are shown at fair value.
- 3. Economic assumptions are as follows: inflation rate of 3%, investment return rate of 7.5%, salary increase of 5.0%.
- 4. The amortization method is a closed period, level percentage of payroll. The remaining amortization period as of the May 1, 2002 actuarial valuation date was 30 years.

Required Supplementary Information Fire Pension Plan

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Net Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) * (b)	Unfunded (Over- funded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Ra	nded atio //b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
2005	05/01/2004	\$ 30,547,302	\$ 49,675,449	\$ 19,128,147		61.5%	\$ 4,889,807	391.2%
2004	05/01/2003	28,280,545	44,545,200	16,264,655		63.5	4,733,615	343.6
2003	05/01/2002	28,367,668	42,134,932	13,767,264		67.3	4,514,155	305.0
2002	05/01/2001	29,351,692	39,154,645	9,802,953		75.0	4,301,614	227.9
2001	05/01/2000	30,734,110	37,029,757	6,295,647		83.0	4,207,590	149.6
2000	05/01/1999	26,792,736	33,675,324	6,882,588		79.6	4,041,889	170.3

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2004. Additional information follows:

- 1. The cost method used to determine the ARC is the entry age normal cost funding method.
- 2. The assets are shown at fair value.
- 3. Economic assumptions are as follows: inflation rate of 3%, investment return rate of 7.5%, salary increase of 5.0%.
- 4. The amortization method is a closed period, level percentage of payroll. The remaining amortization period as of the May 1, 2002 actuarial valuation date was 30 years.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	Bu	dget					
	Original		Final	_	Actual		Variance
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 47,425,819	\$	47,425,819	\$	49,467,899	\$	2,042,080
Intergovernmental	522,875		522,875		478,832		(44,043)
Licenses and permits	1,305,740		1,305,740		1,230,803		(74,937)
Charges for services	7,945,242		7,945,242		8,106,427		161,185
Fine and forfeitures	726,215		726,215		916,103		189,888
Use of money and property	140,050		140,050		290,107		150,057
Other	 1,205,101		1,205,101		1,487,926		282,825
Total revenues	59,271,042		59,271,042		61,978,097		2,707,055
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	8,641,081		8,755,081		9,403,238		(648,157)
Public safety	23,373,567		23,373,567		23,132,980		240,587
Highways and streets	3,383,302		3,383,302		3,363,293		20,009
Sanitation	9,013,163		9,013,163		9,269,284		(256,121)
Culture and recreation	8,047,015		8,047,015		8,155,297		(108,282)
Debt service, principal	1,350,000		1,350,000		954,234		395,766
Capital outlay	4,932,670		4,932,670		2,366,476		2,566,194
Total expenditures	58,740,798		58,854,798		56,644,802		2,209,996
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 530,244		416,244		5,333,295		4,917,051
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	664,877		664,877		690,099		25,222
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	41,150		41,150		127,235		86,085
Transfers out	(3,471,176)		(3,471,176)		(3,621,250)		(150,074)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(2,765,149)		(2,765,149)		(2,803,916)		(38,767)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,234,905)	\$	(2,348,905)		2,529,379	\$	4,878,284
Fund balance, beginning of year	 ,_,,		,=,:::,:00)	=	14,430,580	<u> </u>	., , 1
Fund balance, end of year, budgetary basis					16,959,959	_	
Change in encumbrances					2,561,038		
Fund balance, end of year				\$	19,520,997	-	

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual Library Fund

For the	Year	Ended	April	30, 2005
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	Bu	dget					
	Original		Final	-	Actual		Variance
Revenues:	 						
Taxes	\$ 3,828,180	\$	3,828,180	\$	3,820,004	\$	(8,176)
Intergovernmental	100,000		100,000		127,941		27,941
Charges for services	39,000		39,000		48,226		9,226
Use of money and property	25,000		25,000		24,588		(412)
Other	 279,102		279,102		271,144		(7,958)
Total revenues	4,271,282		4,271,282		4,291,903		20,621
Expenditures, culture and recreation	 4,553,280		4,553,280		4,350,195		203,085
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	 (281,998)		(281,998)		(58,292)		223,706
Other financing sources, proceeds from							
sale of capital assets	102		102		3,346		3,244
Net change in fund balance	\$ (281,896)	\$	(281,896)	=	(54,946)	\$	226,950
Fund balance, beginning of year					661,684		
Fund balance, end of year, budgetary basis					606,738	•	
Change in encumbrances					-		
Fund balance, end of year				\$	606,738	_	
						=	

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Required Supplementary Information Note to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are legally adopted and separately reported for all funds of the City of Bloomington except for the 1988 Bond Redemption Account of the Debt Service Fund and the Market Square TIF Redevelopment Fund. The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to February 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal
 year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means
 of financing them. All budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis except for the following modifications:
 - ✓ Encumbrances are treated as expenditures in the year in which the purchase commitment is made.
 - ✓ Collections of special revenue fund loans, capital project fund assessments and special assessments are budgeted as revenue in the year received.
 - ✓ Special revenue fund loans are shown as expenditures when the funds are disbursed.
 - Special revenue fund disbursements which result in increases in balances of properties held for rehabilitation or development and transfers to savings accounts used for property rehabilitation purposes are shown as expenditures. Receipts from sales of these properties or transfers from the savings accounts are treated as revenues.
 - The proceeds of general obligation bond proceeds reserved for enterprise fund projects and expenditures of such monies are accounted for in a Capital Project Fund.
 - Certain operating transfers between governmental funds are budgeted as revenues and expenditures.
 Budgeted Governmental Fund expenditures also include capital expenditures related to proprietary fund operations.
 - ✓ In the Debt Service Fund, transfers from enterprise funds for payment of revenue-supported general obligation debt are reflected as revenue and payments of the debt are shown as expenditures.
 - ✓ For report presentation purposes, actual revenues and expenditures and other financing sources and uses have been adjusted to incorporate these modifications with reconciliation provided.
 - Capital contributions and capital outlay from donated assets are not budgeted.
- Public hearings are conducted at locations throughout the City to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to May 1, the annual operating budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Passage of the annual budget is done in lieu of an appropriation ordinance as permitted by the Illinois Compiled Statutes.
- The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
 The level of control (level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is the fund total, not the individual line items.
- The annual budget can be amended by a two-thirds vote of the City Council. Various budget amendments
 were approved in this manner by the Council during the current year, and the changes are reflected in the
 budgetary figures included in the accompanying financial statements. Individual amendments were not
 material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.
- All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds April 30, 2005

			Sp	Special Revenue						
				ecial Olympics						
	M	otor Fuel Tax	a	nd Recreation	Boar	d of Elections				
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,545,778	\$	20,172	\$	193,514				
Investments		=		=		-				
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:										
Loans		-		-		-				
Accounts		-		-		-				
Due from other governmental units		309,687		-		_				
Due from other funds		-		-		-				
Prepaid items		-		-		-				
Properties held for resale		-		-		_				
Total assets	\$	4,855,465	\$	20,172	\$	193,514				
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	-	\$	9,782	\$	8,417				
Due to other funds		-		· -		-				
Unearned revenue		_		_		_				
Deferred revenue		_		_		_				
Total liabilities		-		9,782		8,417				
Fund balances (deficits):										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances		3,601,553		_		_				
Trust corpus		· · · ·		-		-				
Loans		_		_		_				
Prepaid items		-		_		_				
Property held for resale		-		-		-				
Unreserved, undesignated		1,253,912		10,390		185,097				
Total fund balances (deficits)		4,855,465		10,390		185,097				
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	4,855,465	\$	20,172	\$	193,514				

Special Revenue Residential/ Community Cultural District Drug Enforcement Rehabilitation Escrow Sister City Program Development IHDA Grant \$ 31,724 \$ 1,434,165 \$ 125,499 6,258 4,311 561 1,167,162 1,076 53,332 630,643 87,500 55,095 347,490 31,724 1,522,741 125,499 1,173,420 1,090,871 561 \$ 34,430 5,310 50,065 4,324 630,991 63,230 38,754 5,310 630,991 113,295 211,811 1,167,162 87,500 55,095 347,490 31,724 1,396,487 120,189 (624,733)363,180 561 31,724 1,483,987 120,189 542,429 977,576 31,724 \$ 1,522,741 125,499 1,173,420 \$ 1,090,871 561

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds April 30, 2005

	Spe	cial Revenue	Capital Projects					
			Mark	et Square TIF	Centra	al Bloomington		
	Par	k Dedication	Red	development	TIF R	Redevelopment		
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	553,074	\$	-	\$	498,606		
Investments		-		-		-		
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:								
Loans		-		-		-		
Accounts		-		-		23,286		
Due from other governmental units		-		-		-		
Due from other funds		-		-		-		
Prepaid items		-		-		-		
Properties held for resale		-		-		-		
Total assets	\$	553,074	\$	-	\$	521,892		
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits) Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	4,841	\$	_	\$	66,034		
Due to other funds	,	-	·	596,095	·	-		
Unearned revenue		_		-		_		
Deferred revenue		_		-		-		
Total liabilities		4,841		596,095		66,034		
Fund balances (deficits):								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances		28,474		-		113,073		
Trust corpus		-		-		-		
Loans		-		-		-		
Prepaid items		-		-		-		
Property held for resale		-		-		-		
Unreserved, undesignated		519,759		(596,095)		342,785		
Total fund balances (deficits)		548,233		(596,095)		455,858		
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	553,074	\$	-	\$	521,892		

					Capital	Proj	ects		
199	1 Southeast	19	995 Southwest						Capital
Impr	ovement Bond		Development	20	03 Bond Projects		Pepsi Ice Center	Cultural District	Improvements
\$	850,744 -	\$	73,399 -	\$	7,820,449 -	\$	134,084 3,810,317	\$ 15,548 1,704,582	\$ 2,070,251
	-		-		-		-	-	-
	-		-		-		-	-	4,791
	-		-		-		-	-	- 737,807
	-		-		_		- 8,926	_	131,001
	_		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-	<u>-</u>	-
\$	850,744	\$	73,399	\$	7,820,449	\$	3,953,327	\$ 1,720,130	\$ 2,812,849
\$	- 23,171	\$	- 73,392	\$	- 317,258	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 51,499
	23,171		13,392		317,236		_	_	113,300
	_		_		-		_	_	51,412
	23,171		73,392		317,258		-	-	216,211
	816,826		-		507,361		3,133,622	11,577,889	974,140
	-		-		-		-	-	-
	-		-		-		-	-	-
	-		-		-		8,926	-	-
	- 10,747		- 7		- 6,995,830		- 810,779	- (9,857,759)	- 1,622,498
	827,573		7		7,503,191		3,953,327	1,720,130	2,596,638
\$	850,744	\$	73,399	\$	7,820,449	\$	3,953,327	\$ 1,720,130	\$ 2,812,849

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds April 30, 2005

	Сар	ital Projects	 Permanent	_	
		Library			
	E	xpansion	 J.M. Scott		Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 45,195	\$	18,423,332
Investments		-	7,618,713		13,133,612
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:					
Loans		-	-		1,167,162
Accounts		-	-		82,485
Due from other governmental units		-	-		309,687
Due from other funds		-	-		1,368,450
Prepaid items		-	-		151,521
Properties held for resale		-	 -		347,490
Total assets	\$	-	\$ 7,663,908	\$	34,983,739
	·				
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	-	\$ 90,078	\$	320,456
Due to other funds		18,000	1,400		1,727,861
Unearned revenue		-	-		113,300
Deferred revenue		-	-		51,412
Total liabilities		18,000	91,478		2,213,029
F 11 4 7 7 5 7 1					
Fund balances (deficits):					
Reserved for:			0.4.0		00 004 005
Encumbrances		-	216		20,964,965
Trust corpus		-	5,402,151		5,402,151
Loans		-	-		1,167,162
Prepaid items		-	-		151,521
Property held for resale		-	-		347,490
Unreserved, undesignated		(18,000)	 2,170,063		4,737,421
Total fund balances (deficits)		(18,000)	 7,572,430		32,770,710
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$		\$ 7,663,908	\$	34,983,739

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

Revenues: Motor Fuel Tax Special Olympics and Recreation Board of Elections Taxes \$		Special Revenue								
Revenues: \$				Spec	ial Olympics					
Taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 378,173 3 378,173 3 378,173 3 3 7 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3		Mo	otor Fuel Tax	and	Recreation	Boar	d of Elections			
Intergovernmental 1,918,991 104,493 378,173 Charges for services - - - Fines and foreitures - - - Use of money and property 64,527 - - Other, primarily contributions - 30,065 - Total revenues 1,983,518 134,558 378,173 Expenditures: - - - Current - - 367,390 Highways and streets 2,015,839 - - Health and welfare - - - Culture and recreation - 2,75,593 - Community development - - - Debt service: - - - Principal retirement - - - - Bond issuance costs - - - - Capital outlay - - - - Total expenditures (32,321) (141,035) 20,783 <th>Revenues:</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Revenues:									
Charges for services -	Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Fines and forfeitures -	Intergovernmental		1,918,991		104,493		378,173			
Use of money and property Other, primarily contributions 64,527 -	Charges for services		-		-		-			
Other, primarily contributions - 30,065 - Total revenues 1,983,518 134,558 378,173 Expenditures: Current: General government - - 357,390 Highways and streets 2,015,839 - - - Health and welfare -	Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-			
Total revenues 1,983,518 134,558 378,173 Expenditures: Current: General government - - 357,390 Highways and streets 2,015,839 - - Health and welfare - - - Culture and recreation - 275,593 - Community development - - - Debt service: - - - - Principal retirement - - - - - Bond issuance costs -	Use of money and property		64,527		-		-			
Expenditures: Current:	Other, primarily contributions		-				-			
Current: General government - - 357,390 Highways and streets 2,015,839 - - Culture and recreation - 275,593 - Culture and recreation - 275,593 - Community development - - - Community development - - - Principal retirement - - - - Bond issuance costs - - - - - Capital outlay - <t< th=""><th>Total revenues</th><th></th><th>1,983,518</th><th></th><th>134,558</th><th></th><th>378,173</th></t<>	Total revenues		1,983,518		134,558		378,173			
General government - - 357,390 Highways and streets 2,015,839 - - Health and welfare - - - Culture and recreation - 275,593 - Community development - - - Debt service: - - - Principal retirement - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures 2,015,839 275,593 357,390 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (32,321) (141,035) 20,783 Other financing sources (uses): - 156,740 - Transfers in - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - - - -<										
Highways and streets 2,015,839 -										
Health and welfare			-		-		357,390			
Culture and recreation - 275,593 - Community development - - - Debt service: Principal retirement - - - - Principal retirement -			2,015,839		-		-			
Community development - - - Debt service: Principal retirement - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures 2,015,839 275,593 357,390 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (32,321) (141,035) 20,783 Other financing sources (uses): - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Health and welfare		-		-		-			
Debt service: Principal retirement - - - Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - - Total expenditures 2,015,839 275,593 357,390 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (32,321) (141,035) 20,783 Other financing sources (uses): - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783			-		275,593		-			
Principal retirement -			-		-		-			
Bond issuance costs - - - Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures 2,015,839 275,593 357,390 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (32,321) (141,035) 20,783 Other financing sources (uses): 3 156,740 - Transfers in - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - - Transfers out - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) - - - - - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314										
Capital outlay -	Principal retirement		-		-		-			
Total expenditures 2,015,839 275,593 357,390 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (32,321) (141,035) 20,783 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - (74) - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314			-		-		-			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (32,321) (141,035) 20,783 Other financing sources (uses): - 156,740 - Transfers in - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - (74) - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314			-		-					
(under) expenditures (32,321) (141,035) 20,783 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - (74) - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Total expenditures		2,015,839		275,593		357,390			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - (74) - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Excess of revenues over									
Transfers in - 156,740 - Issuance of long-term debt - - - Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - (74) - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	(under) expenditures		(32,321)		(141,035)		20,783			
Issuance of long-term debt	Other financing sources (uses):									
Discount on debt issuance - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - (74) - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Transfers in		-		156,740		-			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - Transfers out - (74) - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-			
Transfers out - (74) - Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Discount on debt issuance		-		-		-			
Total other financing sources (uses) - 156,666 - Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-			
Net change in fund balances (32,321) 15,631 20,783 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Transfers out		-				-			
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 4,887,786 (5,241) 164,314	Total other financing sources (uses)		-		156,666		-			
	Net change in fund balances		(32,321)		15,631		20,783			
Fund balances (deficit), end of year \$ 4,855,465 \$ 10,390 \$ 185,097	Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		4,887,786		(5,241)		164,314			
	Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	4,855,465	\$	10,390	\$	185,097			

Special Revenue

					Орсона	T CVCIIG	esidential/		Community		
0:-4	O:t - D		Outson District	Б.	- F. (•		ILIDA O
Sister	City Program		Cultural District	Dru	gEnforcement	Rehal	oilitation Escrow		Development		IHDA Grant
\$	_	\$	1,500,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
•	9,558	•	-	•	36,680	•	-	*	1,291,005	•	_
	-		52,346		22,469		-		4,250		-
	-		-		39,776		-		5,911		-
	-		19,234		-		4,119		-		-
	21,121		208		3,840		-		19,888		-
	30,679		1,571,788		102,765		4,119		1,321,054		-
	36,346		993,331		112,267		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		- 1,561,339		-
	-		-		-		-		1,501,559		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	36,346		993,331		112,267		-		1,561,339		-
	(5,667)		578,457		(9,502)		4,119		(240,285)		
	9,250		-		-		-		119,855		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>		-
	-		-		-		-		95,575		-
	- 0.050		-		-		(119,855)		- 04F 420		-
	9,250		-		-		(119,855)		215,430		-
	3,583		578,457		(9,502)		(115,736)		(24,855)		-
	28,141		905,530		129,691		658,165		1,002,431		561
\$	31,724	\$	1,483,987	\$	120,189	\$	542,429	\$	977,576	\$	561

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

			Capital Projects			
	Park	Dedication	Deter	ntion Basin		t Square TIF evelopment
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-
Use of money and property		-		-		-
Other, primarily contributions		99,254		-		-
Total revenues		99,254		-		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-		-		-
Highways and streets		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		151,762		-		-
Community development		-		-		-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total expenditures		151,762		-		-
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(52,508)		-		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-
Discount on debt issuance		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		_
Transfers out		(937,946)		(541,066)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(937,946)		(541,066)		-
Net change in fund balances		(990,454)		(541,066)		-
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		1,538,687		541,066		(596,095)
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	548,233	\$	-	\$	(596,095)

				Capital	Proje	cts		
	ral Bloomington	1991 Southeast	1	1995 Southwest				
TIF	Redevelopment	Improvement Bond		Development	20	03 Bond Projects	Pepsi Ice Center	Cultural District
\$	923,826	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-		-		-	-	-
	-	-		-		- 131,555	- 57,338	- 25,212
	39,286	12,904		-		131,333	J1,330 -	25,212
	963,112	12,904		-		131,555	57,338	25,212
	-	-		-		-	-	-
	-	-		-		-	-	-
	-	-		-		-	- 1,544,476	- 1,319,416
	933,902	891,378		193,800		453,418	-	-
	341,352	-		-		-	-	-
	-	-		-		-	12,515	15,037
	1,275,254	891,378		193,800		453,418	1,556,991	1,334,453
	(312,142)	(878,474)	١	(193,800)		(321,863)	(1,499,653)	(1,309,241)
	34,485	-		-		-	-	-
	773,200	-		-		-	5,486,061	3,047,710
	-	-		-		-	(33,081)	(18,339)
	(118,449)	-		- -		-	- -	- -
	689,236	-		-		-	5,452,980	3,029,371
	377,094	(878,474	1	(193,800)		(321,863)	3,953,327	1,720,130
	78,764	1,706,047		193,807		7,825,054	-	-
\$	455,858	\$ 827,573	\$	7	\$	7,503,191	\$ 3,953,327	\$ 1,720,130

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	Capital	Projects	Permanent		
	Capital Improvements	Library Expansion	J.M. Scott	Total	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	2,423,826	
Intergovernmental	693,943	-	-	4,432,843	
Charges for services	-	-	-	79,065	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	45,687	
Use of money and property	4,266	-	492,264	798,515	
Other, primarily contributions	130,521	-	6,730	363,817	
Total revenues	828,730	-	498,994	8,143,753	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	1,499,334	
Highways and streets	-	-	-	2,015,839	
Health and welfare	-	-	333,432	333,432	
Culture and recreation	-	18,000	-	3,309,247	
Community development	-	-	-	4,033,837	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	341,352	
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	27,552	
Capital outlay	1,404,136	-	-	1,404,136	
Total expenditures	1,404,136	18,000	333,432	12,964,729	
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(575,406)	(18,000)	165,562	(4,820,976)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	3,687,946	-	-	4,008,276	
Issuance of long-term debt	· · -	-	_	9,306,971	
Discount on debt issuance	-	_	_	(51,420)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	141,733	-	-	237,308	
Transfers out	· -	-	-	(1,717,390)	
Total other financing				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
sources (uses)	3,829,679	-		11,783,745	
Net change in fund balances	3,254,273	(18,000)	165,562	6,962,769	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	(657,635)	-	7,406,868	25,807,941	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 2,596,638	\$ (18,000)	\$ 7,572,430 \$	32,770,710	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

				Special	Reve	enue	
		Motor I	Fuel Tax	·		Special Olympics and	Recreation
		Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget	Actual
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Intergovernmental		2,420,000		1,918,991		104,493	104,493
Charges for services		-		-		-	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	-
Use of money and property		50,000		64,527		-	-
Other, primarily contributions		304,000		-		37,073	30,065
Total revenues		2,774,000		1,983,518		141,566	134,558
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		-		-		-	-
Highways and streets		4,718,000		3,601,553		-	-
Health and welfare		-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation		-		-		296,628	275,593
Community development		-		-		-	-
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-		-		-	-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		-		-		-	-
Total expenditures		4,718,000		3,601,553		296,628	275,593
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,944,000)		(1,618,035)		(155,062)	(141,035)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		_		_		156,740	156,740
Issuance of long-term debt		_		-		-	-
Discount on debt issuance		-		-		-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-	-
Transfers out		-		-		(74)	(74)
Total other financing						1EC CCC	156 666
sources (uses)		-		-		156,666	156,666
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,944,000)	=	(1,618,035)	\$	1,604	15,631
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year				4,887,786			(5,241)
Fund balances (deficit), end of year, budgetary ba	asis			3,269,751	_		10,390
Change in encumbrances				1,585,714	_		
Fund balances (deficit), end of year			\$	4,855,465	=	\$	10,390

Special Revenue

	Board of	f Elections		Sister Cit	y Progi	ram		Cultural District		
	Final Budget	Actual		Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget		Actual
\$	-	\$ -	\$	- 0.050	\$	-	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000
	337,544	378,173 -		9,250		9,558		- 1,340,000		- 52,346
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		20,000		19,234
_	500	-		27,145		21,121		-		208
	338,044	378,173		36,395		30,679		2,860,000		1,571,788
	358,355	357,390		45,645		36,346		1,115,131		957,148
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	358,355	357,390		45,645		36,346		1,115,131		957,148
	(20,311)	20,783		(9,250)		(5,667)		1,744,869		614,640
	-	-		9,250		9,250		2,060		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		(5,000)		-
	-	-		9,250		9,250		(2,940)		-
\$	(20,311)	20,783	\$	_		3,583	\$	1,741,929		614,640
	(==,=.1)	-					_	.,,.	=	
		164,314	_			28,141	_			905,530
		185,097				31,724				1,520,170
		\$ 185,097	-		\$	31,724	-		\$	(36,183) 1,483,987
		100,007	=			01,124	=		*	1, 100,007

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	Special Revenue							
		Drug En	forceme	nt		Residential/Rehabilitat	ion Escrow	
		Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	
Intergovernmental		-		36,680		-	-	
Charges for services		14,500		22,469		-	-	
Fines and forfeitures		47,300		39,776		-	-	
Use of money and property		-		-		1,500	4,119	
Other, primarily contributions		-		3,840		60,000	-	
Total revenues		61,800		102,765		61,500	4,119	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		149,500		112,267		-	-	
Highways and streets		-		-		-	-	
Health and welfare		-		-		-	-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	-	
Community development		-		-		-	=	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-	-	
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-	-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-	-	
Total expenditures		149,500		112,267		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(87,700)		(9,502)		61,500	4,119	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		_		_		_	_	
Issuance of long-term debt		_		_		-	-	
Discount on debt issuance		-		_		_	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		_		-	_	
Transfers out		-		-		(141,000)	(119,855)	
Total other financing						, , ,	, , ,	
sources (uses)		-		-		(141,000)	(119,855)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(87,700)	=	(9,502)	\$	(79,500)	(115,736)	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year				129,691			658,165	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year, budgetary ba	sis			120,189	-		542,429	
Change in encumbrances Fund balances (deficit), end of year			\$	120,189	-	\$	- 542,429	
r and balances (denoty, end of year			Ψ	120,100	=	_Φ	J4Z,4Z3	

Special Revenue

 Community	Development			HDA Gran		Park D	edication	n .
 Final Budget	Actu	ual	Final Budget	ID/ (Olai	Actual	Final Budget	Calcati	Actual
i mai Baaget	71011		i mai Baaget		, to taki	Tillar Buuget		, 10 talai
\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	-
1,207,354	1	,291,005		-	-	-		-
36,500		4,250		-	-	-		=
-		5,911		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
1,600		19,888		-	-	-		99,254
 1,245,454	1	,321,054		-	-	-		99,254
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	50,000		180,236
1,952,921	1	,773,150		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		<u>-</u>
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-			<u>-</u>
 1,952,921	1	,773,150		-	-	50,000		180,236
(707,467)		(452,096)		_	_	(50,000)		(80,982)
(101,401)		(402,000)				(00,000)		(00,002)
61,500		119,855		-	-	-		-
-		-		=	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
90,000		95,575		-	-	-		-
 -		-		-	-	(1,066,000)		(937,946)
151,500		215,430		-	-	(1,066,000)		(937,946)
\$ (555,967)	=	(236,666) =	\$	<u> </u>	-	\$ (1,116,000)	=	(1,018,928)
	1	,002,431			561			1,538,687
		765,765			561			519,759
		211,811			-			28,474
	\$	977,576		\$	561		\$	548,233

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	Special Revenue				Capital Projects				
		Detentio			Cen		on TIF Redevelopment		
	Fina	al Budget	Actua	ıl	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	735,000	\$	923,826	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-	
Charges for services		-		-		-		-	
Fines and forfetures		-		-		-		-	
Use of money and property		-		-		-		-	
Other, primarily contributions		-		-		25,000		39,286	
Total revenues		-		-		760,000		963,112	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		-		_		_		-	
Highways and streets		-		_		-		-	
Health and welfare		-		_		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	
Community development		-		-		189,727		837,201	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		-		-		457,000		341,352	
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-			
Total expenditures		-		-		646,727		1,178,553	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		-		-		113,273		(215,441)	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		_		_		_		34,485	
Issuance of long-term debt		_		_		_		773,200	
Discount on debt issuance		-		-		-		-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		(542,000)	(;	541,066)		(60,000)		(118,449)	
Total other financing			·					<u> </u>	
sources (uses)		(542,000)	(5	541,066)		(60,000)		689,236	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(542,000)	(5	541,066)	\$	53,273	=	473,795	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year			í	541,066				78,764	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year, budgetary ba	ısis	-		-	,			552,559	
Change in encumbrances		_		-				(96,701)	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year		-	\$				\$	455,858	
		-			•				

Capital Projects

	1991 Southeast	Improve	ement Bond		1995 Southwes				2003 Bond	Bond Projects	
	Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget		Actual
\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	- !	\$	_
•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	*	-	*	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		131,555
	20,000 20,000		12,904 12,904		-				-		131,555
	20,000		12,904		-		-		-		131,000
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,750,000		1,708,204		214,000		193,800		7,152,000		960,779
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,750,000		- 1,708,204		214,000		193,800		7,152,000		960,779
	(1,730,000)		(1,695,300)		(214,000)		(193,800)		(7,152,000)		(829,224)
	(1,700,000)		(1,000,000)		(211,000)		(100,000)		(1,102,000)		(020,221)
	-		-		-		-		- 272,000		-
	-		_		-		_		-		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		272,000		-
\$	(1,730,000)	=	(1,695,300)	\$	(214,000)		(193,800)	\$	(6,880,000)		(829,224)
			1,706,047				193,807	_	_		7,825,054
			10,747				7				6,995,830
		•	816,826	-	-	¢.	<u>-</u> 7	-	-	<u></u>	507,361
		\$	827,573		-	\$		_	_ <u>_</u>	\$	7,503,191

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

Pepsi Ice Center Cultural District Final Budget Actual Final Budget Actual	
Final Budget Actual Final Budget Actual	
Revenues:	
Taxes \$ - \$ - \$	-
Intergovernmental	-
Charges for services	-
Fines and forfeitures	-
Use of money and property - 57,338 - 2	5,212
Other, primarily contributions	
Total revenues - 57,338 - 2	5,212
Expenditures:	
Current:	
General government	-
Highways and streets	-
Health and welfare	-
Culture and recreation 4,690,613 4,678,098 13,300,000 12,89	7,305
Community development	-
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	-
Bond issuance costs - 12,515 - 1	5,037
Capital outlay	-
Total expenditures 4,690,613 4,690,613 13,300,000 12,91	2,342
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures (4,690,613) (4,633,275) (13,300,000) (12,880)	7,130)
Other financing sources (uses):	
Transfers in	_
Issuance of long-term debt 3,700,000 5,486,061 3,000,000 3,00	7,710
	8,339)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-
Transfers out	-
Total other financing	
sources (uses) 3,700,000 5,452,980 3,000,000 3,02	9,371
Net change in fund balances <u>\$ (990,613)</u> 819,705 <u>\$ (10,300,000)</u> (9,88	7,759)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	-
	7,759)
	7,889
Fund balances (deficit), end of year \$ 3,953,327 \$ 1,72	0,130

	Capital		Permanent						
	provements		Library Exp	oansic			J.M. Scott Hea	lth Ca	re Trust
Final Budget	Actual		Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget		Actual
\$ -	\$ - 693,943	\$	- \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-	-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-
130,000	4,266 130,521		-		-		50,000 350,000		492,264 6,730
 130,000	828,730		<u>-</u>				400,000		498,994
100,000	020,100						100,000		100,001
-	-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-
-	-		<u>-</u>		-		400,000		333,648
-	-		212,000		18,000		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-
- 2 175 000	- 265,643		-		-		-		-
 2,175,000 2,175,000	265,643		212,000		18,000		400,000		333,648
2,110,000	200,010		212,000		10,000		100,000		000,010
(2,045,000)	563,087		(212,000)		(18,000)		-		165,346
2,750,000	3,687,946		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-
-	141,733		-		-		-		-
 -	-		<u>-</u>		-		-		-
 2,750,000	3,829,679		-		-		-		-
\$ 705,000	4,392,766	\$	(212,000)		(18,000)	\$			165,346
	(657,635)	_				_			7,406,868
	3,735,131	-	_		(18,000)	-	_		7,572,214
	(1,138,493)	_	_		-		_		216
	\$ 2,596,638	_	<u>_\$</u>	<u> </u>	(18,000)		_	\$	7,572,430

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual Debt Service Fund

For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	 Final Budget	Actual
Revenues:		
Taxes	\$ 2,708,504 \$	3,030,424
Use of money and property	 10,000	23,565
Total revenues	 2,718,504	3,053,989
Expenditures:		
Debt Service:		
Principal	2,250,000	2,250,000
Interest and fiscal agent fees	2,567,139	2,459,702
Bond issuance costs	-	27,124
Total expenditures	4,817,139	4,736,826
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (2,098,635)	(1,682,837)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	971,062	1,279,511
Issuance of long-term debt	-	4,042,303
Discount on issuance of debt	-	(15,265)
Proceeds of refunding bonds	-	3,365,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(3,500,000)	(3,365,000)
Transfers out	(34,485)	(34,485)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,563,423)	5,272,064
Net change in fund balance	\$ (4,662,058)	3,589,227
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,127,926
Fund balance, end of year, budgetary basis		6,717,153
Change in encumbrances		· · ·
Fund balance, end of year	\$	6,717,153
•		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis - Budget to Actual U.S. Cellular Coliseum Capital Project Fund

For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	 Final Budget	Actual
Revenues:		0.40.000
Intergovernmental	\$ - \$	240,000
Use of money and property	 -	393,963
Total revenues	 -	633,963
Expenditures:		
Culture and recreation	27,049,787	26,430,139
Debt service, bond issuance costs	-	281,301
Total expenditures	 27,049,787	26,711,440
(Deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures	 (27,049,787)	(26,077,477)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Issuance of long-term debt	24,820,000	25,939,198
Discount on issuance of debt	-	(357,897)
Total other financing sources and uses	 24,820,000	25,581,301
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,229,787)	(496,176)
Fund balance, beginning of year		18,818
Fund balance, end of year, budgetary basis		(477,358)
Change in encumbrances		18,212,978
Fund balance, end of year	\$	17,735,620

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Enterprise Funds April 30, 2005

Assets	U.S. Cellular Coliseum		Stormwater Management		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,804	\$ 8,32	1 \$	24,125	
Accounts receivable		-	292,89	1	292,891	
Due from other funds		-	235,24	2	235,242	
Prepaid items and other assets		413,064	102,32	0	515,384	
Total current assets		428,868	638,77	4	1,067,642	
Noncurrent assets, capital assets, net		-	1,742,94	2	1,742,942	
Total assets	\$	428,868	\$ 2,381,71	6 \$	2,810,584	
Liabilities and Net Assets						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	814	\$ 15,03	4 \$	15,848	
Compensated absences		-	5,23	5	5,235	
Due to other funds		670,000	153,32	0	823,320	
Unearned revenue		169,950	-		169,950	
Total current liabilities		840,764	173,58	9	1,014,353	
Net assets (deficits):						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		_	1,742,94	2	1,742,942	
Unrestricted		(411,896)	465,18		53,289	
Total net assets (deficits)		(411,896)	2,208,12		1,796,231	
Total liabilities and net assets (deficits)	<u>\$</u>	428,868	\$ 2,381,71	6 \$	2,810,584	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets (Deficits) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

	U.S. Co		Stormwater Management	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Operating revenues, charges for services	\$	- \$	1,391,849	\$	1,391,849
Operating expenses:					
Personal services		-			606,295
Contractual services		460,350			580,328
Commodities		2,624			58,433
Depreciation					63,680
Total operating expenses		462,974	845,762		1,308,736
Operating income (loss)		(462,974)	546,087		83,113
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings		92	_		92
Other income		-	32,191		32,191
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		92	32,191		32,283
Capital contributions		-	1,113,932		1,113,932
Income (loss) before transfers		(462,882)	1,692,210		1,229,328
Transfers in		-	541,066		541,066
Transfers out		-	(25,149)		(25,149)
Total transfers		-	515,917		515,917
Change in net assets		(462,882)	2,208,127		1,745,245
Total net assets, beginning of year		50,986			50,986
Total net assets (deficits), end of year	\$	(411,896) \$	2,208,127	\$	1,796,231

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

		U.S. Cellular Coliseum	Stormwater Management	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:			-		,
Receipts from customers and users	\$	-	\$ 1,098,958	\$	1,098,958
Payments to suppliers		(717,033)	(263,073)		(980,106)
Payments to employees		-	(601,060)		(601,060)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(717,033)	234,825		(482,208)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Payments from interfund accounts		670,000	433,995		1,103,995
Other nonoperating income		-	32,191		32,191
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		670,000	466,186		1,136,186
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities, purchase of					
capital assets		-	(692,690)		(692,690)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest and dividends received		92	-		92
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments		5,645	-		5,645
Net cash provided by investing activities		5,737	-		5,737
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(41,296)	8,321		(32,975)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		57,100	-		57,100
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	15,804	\$ 8,321	\$	24,125
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(462,974)	\$ 546,087	\$	83,113
Adjustments to reconcile operating					
income (loss) to net cash provided					
by (used in) operating activities, depreciation		-	63,680		63,680
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Receivables		-	(292,891)		(292,891)
Prepaid items and other assets		(413,064)	(102,320)		(515,384)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(5,445)	15,034		9,589
Unearned revenue		164,450	-		164,450
Compensated absences		-	5,235		5,235
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(717,033)	\$ 234,825	\$	(482,208)
Schedule of noncash items, capital and related financing					
activities, contribution of capital assets	\$	-	\$ 1,113,932	\$	1,113,932

Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds April 30, 2005

	Employee Group Health Care		Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority		Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	342,642	\$	176,130	\$ 518,772
Investments		-		2,876,754	2,876,754
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		-		705,948	705,948
Accrued interest		-		12,967	12,967
Due from other funds		37,573		-	37,573
Prepaid items and other assets		-		604,337	604,337
Total current assets	\$	380,215	\$	4,376,136	\$ 4,756,351
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	6,938	\$	-	\$ 6,938
Claims payable		700,000		3,599,219	4,299,219
Unearned revenue		145,849		1,065,417	1,211,266
Total current liabilities		852,787		4,664,636	5,517,423
Net assets (deficit), unrestricted		(472,572)		(288,500)	(761,072)
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$	380,215	\$	4,376,136	\$ 4,756,351

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets (Deficits) Internal Service Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

	Er	Employee Group Central Illinois Risk Health Care Pooling Authority				Total	
Operating revenues, charges for services	\$	6,052,303	\$	3,522,917	\$	9,575,220	
Operating expenses:							
Contractual services		2,194,356		-		2,194,356	
Other charges, claims		3,449,340		4,197,891		7,647,231	
Total operating expenses		5,643,696		4,197,891		9,841,587	
Operating income (loss)		408,607		(674,974)		(266,367)	
Nonoperating income, investment earnings		<u>-</u>		40,243		40,243	
Change in net assets		408,607		(634,731)		(226,124)	
Net assets (deficit), beginning		(881,179)		346,231		(534,948)	
Net assets (deficit), ending	\$	(472,572)	\$	(288,500)	\$	(761,072)	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

		Employee Group		entral Illinois Risk		T
Oach floor from a section as their	_	Health Care		Pooling Authority		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$	6,030,875	\$	4 E60 6E6	\$	10 501 521
Receipts from customers and users Payments to claimants	Φ	(3,458,948)	Φ	4,560,656 (3,097,196)	Φ	10,591,531 (6,556,144)
Payments for contractual services		(2,257,810)		(1,746,261)		(4,004,071)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	314,117		(282,801)		31,316
Het cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	314,117		(202,001)		31,310
Cash flows from noncapital financing						
activities, payments from interfund accounts	_	23,621		-		23,621
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest and dividends received		-		123,488		123,488
Purchase of investments		-		(1,763,261)		(1,763,261)
Sale of investments	_	-		2,043,321		2,043,321
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	-		403,548		403,548
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		337,738		120,747		458,485
Cash and cash equivalents,						
beginning of year		4,904		55,383		60,287
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	342,642	\$	176,130	\$	518,772
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	408,607	\$	(674,974)	\$	(266,367)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	·	,	·	(,,	·	(,,
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Receivables		-		253,506		253,506
Prepaid items and other assets		-		(51,807)		(51,807)
Accounts payable and accrued						
expenses		(63,454)		-		(63,454)
Claims payable		(9,608)		419,470		409,862
Unearned revenue	_	(21,428)		(228,996)		(250,424)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	314,117	\$	(282,801)	\$	31,316
Schedule of noncash items, investing activities,						
net appreciation in fair value of investments	\$	-	\$	328,605	\$	328,605

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds April 30, 2005

	Police Pension Fire F		Fire Pension	Total	
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,336,940	\$	2,651,543	\$ 3,988,483
Investments:					
U.S. government securities		10,507,746		4,733,850	15,241,596
U.S. government agencies and corporations		3,163,284		3,456,517	6,619,801
IPPFA real estate		741,714		-	741,714
Annuities - fixed		1,805,678		3,732,127	5,537,805
Annuities - variable		-		8,358,098	8,358,098
Mutual funds		8,403,492		6,645,882	15,049,374
Stocks		6,272,724		-	6,272,724
Deposits at financial institutions		-		473,312	473,312
Receivables:					
Employer		1,518,851		1,436,424	2,955,275
Employee		-		42,521	42,521
Accrued interest		202,383		52,504	254,887
Total assets		33,952,812		31,582,778	65,535,590
Liabilities,					
accounts payable		13,189		3,777	16,966
		10,100		٥٫١١١	10,000
Net assets,					
held in trust for pension benefits	\$	33,939,623	\$	31,579,001	\$ 65,518,624

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2005

	Police Pension Fire Pension			Fire Pension	Total	
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	1,615,608	\$	1,533,448	\$	3,149,056
Plan member deposits		713,313		465,391		1,178,704
Total contributions		2,328,921		1,998,839		4,327,760
Net investment income:						
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		777,173		1,013,324		1,790,497
Interest		509,335		238,474		747,809
Dividends		285,411		53,836		339,247
Total investment income		1,571,919		1,305,634		2,877,553
Less investment expense		40,052		-		40,052
Net investment income		1,531,867		1,305,634		2,837,501
Total additions		3,860,788		3,304,473		7,165,261
Deductions:						
Benefits		2,167,398		2,230,926		4,398,324
Refund of contributions		43,090		-		43,090
Administrative expenses		63,172		41,848		105,020
Total deductions		2,273,660		2,272,774		4,546,434
Change in net assets		1,587,128		1,031,699		2,618,827
Net assets held in trust for benefits, beginning of year		32,352,495		30,547,302		62,899,797
Net assets held in trust for benefits, end of year	\$	33,939,623	\$	31,579,001	\$	65,518,624

Statistical Section Contents

The statistical section of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	102 - 106
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax.	107 - 114
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	115 - 117
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	118 - 120
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	121 - 126
Exhibits	127 - 129

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB 34 in fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets By Components Last Three Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2003		2004		2005
Governmental activities:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	101,340,822	\$	102,956,350	\$	80,134,161
Restricted		5,402,151		5,402,151		5,402,151
Unrestricted		24,573,968		36,621,181		69,762,181
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	131,316,941	\$	144,979,682	\$	155,298,493
Business-type activities:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	115,691,264	\$	121,523,887	\$	121,814,898
Unrestricted		3,596,404		1,366,819		5,338,425
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	119,287,668	\$	122,890,706	\$	127,153,323
Primary government:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	217,032,086	\$	224,480,237	\$	201,949,059
Restricted		5,402,151		5,402,151		5,402,151
Unrestricted		28,170,372		37,988,000		75,100,606
Total primary government net assets	\$	250,604,609	\$	267,870,388	\$	282,451,816

GASB Statement No. 34 Implemented in Fiscal Year 2003

Changes In Net Assets Last Three Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year	
	2003	2004	2005
Expenses:			
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$ 11,492,732	\$ 11,863,297	\$ 9,315,837
Public safety	18,411,111	18,816,277	22,632,094
Highway and streets	11,789,502	12,881,016	11,228,589
Sanitation	8,098,356	8,221,203	9,603,786
Health and welfare	344,003	372,700	333,600
Culture and recreation	12,020,505	12,391,433	13,253,966
Community development	2,097,137	3,601,348	3,875,334
Interest on long-term debt	 1,322,768	1,371,371	3,429,408
Total governmental activities expenses	 65,576,114	69,518,645	73,672,614
Business-type activities:			
Water	9,193,747	8,971,757	8,986,194
Sewer	2,238,765	2,581,981	2,423,695
Parking	618,427	1,028,987	1,080,682
U.S Cellular Coliseum	´ -	49,159	462,974
Stormwater	-	· -	844,984
Total business-type activities expenses	12,050,939	12,631,884	13,798,529
Total primary government expenses	77,627,053	82,150,529	87,471,143
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Program Revenue:			
Governmental activities:			
Charges for services:	4 0 44 0 40	4.570.000	C 200 04E
General government	4,041,612	4,573,663	6,360,215
Public safety	1,320,738	1,195,762	1,240,643
Highway and streets	43,635	44,479	290,843
Culture and recreation	3,231,038	3,295,253	3,828,057
Operating grants and contributions:	1 117 012	2 022 500	4 642 004
General government	1,117,843	2,022,589	1,643,091
Public safety Culture and recreation	373,198 121,005	238,157 2,016,740	115,913 121,005
Community development	1,303,161	1,047,303	1,281,005
Confinding development Capital grants and contributions, highways and streets	1,303,101	4,125,266	4,651,148
Total governmental activities program revenue	 12,869,183	18,559,212	19,531,920
Total governmental activities program revenue	 12,009,103	10,555,212	13,001,020
Business-type activities:			
Charges for services:			
Water	11,457,577	11,929,664	11,762,235
Sewer	2,212,244	2,186,887	2,165,669
Parking	781,186	656,059	737,942
Stormwater management	-	-	1,391,849
Operating grants and contributions:			
Water	-	-	590,681
Sewer			287,763
Stormwater management	-	-	31,991
Capital grants and contributions:			
Water	-	1,129,220	702,910
Sewer	-	1,107,822	546,457
Stormwater management	 - 44.454.007		158,186
Total business-type activities program revenues	 14,451,007	17,009,652	18,375,683
Total primary government program revenues	 27,320,190	35,568,864	37,907,603
Net (Expense) Revenue:			
Governmental activities	(52,706,931)	(50,959,433)	(54,140,694)
Business-type activities	2,400,068	4,377,768	4,577,154
Total primary government net expense	 (50,306,863)	(46,581,665)	(49,563,540)
		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(Continued)

Changes In Net Assets (Continued) Last Three Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
	2003	2004	2005			
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets:						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	13,392,139	14,781,434	15,523,328			
Franchise taxes	871,301	880,155	908,809			
Sales taxes	15,876,621	12,921,369	13,714,717			
Home rule sales tax	-	-	11,212,571			
Utility taxes	-	5,209,817	5,478,337			
Income taxes	-	3,909,506	4,515,877			
Food and beverage	-	-	3,184,108			
Other taxes	30,206,186	19,954,451	4,214,587			
Investment earnings	(365,542)	1,983,582	1,490,494			
Miscellaneous	1,982,066	3,496,999	3,790,779			
Transfers	1,539,067	1,484,861	425,898			
Capital contributions	4,628,564	-	-			
Total governmental activities	68,130,402	64,622,174	64,459,505			
Business-type activities:						
Investment earnings	8,346	7,973	43,062			
Miscellaneous	682,980	702,158	68,299			
Transfers	(1,539,067)	(1,484,861)	(425,898)			
Capital contributions	2,286,186	<u>-</u>	· •			
Total business-type activities	1,438,445	(774,730)	(314,537)			
Total primary government	69,568,847	63,847,444	64,144,968			
Changes in Net Assets:						
Governmental activities	15,423,471	13,662,741	10,318,811			
Business-type activities	3,838,513	3,603,038	4,262,617			
Total primary government	\$ 19,261,984 \$	17,265,779 \$	14,581,428			

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Three Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year 2003 2004 2005						
	2003 2004					2005	
General Fund:						_	
Reserved	\$	965,733	\$	1,511,498	\$	5,822,565	
Unreserved		6,994,367		12,919,082		13,698,432	
Total General Fund	\$	7,960,100	\$	14,430,580	\$	19,520,997	
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Reserved	\$	14,556,265	\$	11,124,746	\$	46,294,843	
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		8,634,687		7,112,627		3,863,304	
Debt service funds		2,019,564		3,127,926		6,717,153	
Capital projects funds		(1,766,307)		6,246,353		(1,215,142)	
Permanent fund		1,281,183		2,004,717		2,170,063	
Total all other government funds	\$	24,725,392	\$	29,616,369	\$	57,830,221	

Changes In Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Three Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					
		2003		2004		2005
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	51,351,777	\$	51,692,304	\$	58,742,153
Intergovernmental		10,819,977		11,242,773		5,279,616
Licenses and permits		1,261,416		1,220,639		1,230,803
Charges for services		6,154,225		7,052,141		8,233,718
Fines and forfeitures		790,549		836,377		961,790
Use of money and property		92,462		1,404,675		1,530,738
Other		2,112,820		3,450,556		2,122,887
Total revenues		72,583,226		76,899,465		78,101,705
Expenditures:						
General government		10,858,251		9,717,458		8,341,534
Public safety		17,764,701		21,208,982		23,132,980
Highways and streets		4,715,143		7,848,841		5,379,132
Sanitation		7,691,902		9,306,027		9,269,284
Health and welfare		341,489		372,180		333,432
Culture and recreation		10,936,750		12,757,737		24,031,900
Community development		2,059,672		3,817,235		4,033,837
Capital outlay		14,213,928		6,803,445		3,770,612
Debt service:						
Principal		4,137,793		4,522,146		3,545,586
Bond issuance costs		-		-		335,977
Interest		1,200,066		1,053,574		2,459,702
Total expenditures		73,919,695		77,407,625		84,633,976
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures		(1,336,469)		(508,160)		(6,532,271)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		12,613,592		3,018,578		5,977,886
Transfers out		(11,074,525)		(1,533,717)		(5,373,125)
Issuance of long-term debt		-		10,000,000		39,288,472
Proceeds of refunding bonds		-		-		3,365,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		(3,365,000)
Premium (discount) on long-term debt		-		149,320		(424,582)
Capital contributions		4,628,564		-		-
Proceeds from sale of property		213,150		235,436		367,889
Total other financing sources (uses)		6,380,781		11,869,617		39,836,540
Net changes in fund balance	\$	5,044,312	\$	11,361,457	\$	33,304,269
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		9.1%)	9.0%		9.6%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property		Industrial Property		Farm Property
1995	\$ 432,936,964	\$ 306,123,581	\$	10,228,203	\$	591,316
1996	480,857,413	348,799,356		10,816,856		517,585
1997	525,861,741	371,968,219		10,535,988		484,983
1998	557,628,895	381,687,795		10,268,125		527,701
1999	592,165,145	397,767,921		11,671,392		689,064
2000	644,500,805	425,046,288		11,676,370		803,163
2001	705,893,866	467,457,141		12,281,963		692,227
2002	761,108,215	504,737,694		9,639,734		703,867
2003	822,313,319	519,140,108		9,420,399		487,499
2004	861,824,156	543,262,723		9,692,733		509,803

Source: County of McLean Tax Extension Office

Note: There is no personal property tax (on cars or jewelry); only real property is taxed. The above information presents the information for each period for which it is levied. A tax levy provides taxes remitted in the following year. The farmland value is based upon productivity instead of actual market value.

Railway Property		Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth			Taxable	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$ 143,853	\$	750,023,917	10.78% \$	1.5323	\$	2,250,071,751	33.33%
156,999		841,148,209	12.15	1.4350		2,523,444,627	33.33
321,845		909,172,776	8.09	1.3952		2,727,518,328	33.33
312,279		950,424,795	4.54	1.4008		2,851,274,385	33.33
316,489		1,002,610,011	5.49	1.3850		3,007,830,033	33.33
269,430		1,082,296,056	7.95	1.3380		3,246,888,168	33.33
273,554		1,186,598,751	9.64	1.2744		3,559,796,253	33.33
311,403		1,276,500,913	7.58	1.2935		3,829,502,739	33.33
334,688		1,351,696,013	5.89	1.2839		4,055,088,039	33.33
381,264		1,415,670,679	4.73	1.2807		4,247,012,037	33.33

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

			City Direct Rates													
								Illinois								
Tax				Fire		Police	ľ	Municipal			[Bond and		Public		Public
Year		General		Pension		Pension	R	Retirement		ludgment		Interest		Benefit		Library
Levied		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
1995	\$	0.53990	\$	0.12790	\$	0.13060	\$	0.20940	\$	0.09340	\$	0.18140	\$	0.02070	\$	0.22550
1996	*	0.49690	*	0.12860	*	0.13610	*	0.19420	*	0.08330	٧	0.15990	*	0.01840	*	0.21400
1997		0.46180		0.12990		0.13930		0.18700		0.07710		0.14670		0.01710		0.23260
1998		0.44660		0.13280		0.13740		0.18600		0.07380		0.17070		0.01630		0.23360
1999		0.53574		0.12713		0.13406		0.10209		0.06981		0.16058		0.01545		0.23650
2000		0.52079		0.12285		0.12705		0.10538		0.06467		0.14723		0.01432		0.23223
2001		0.50007		0.11092		0.12858		0.09996		0.05899		0.13403		0.01306		0.22462
2002		0.50007		0.10440		0.11872		0.09664		0.05483		0.12563		0.01214		0.27621
2003		0.50788		0.10346		0.11276		0.09240		0.05178		0.12605		0.01146		0.27325
2004		0.52874		0.10147		0.10729		0.08406		0.04945		0.12003		0.01095		0.27359

Source: County of McLean Tax Extension Office

Notes: As a home rule unit of local government, the City of Bloomington, Illinois has no statutory tax limit.

In 2004, the cemetery tax rate was combined with the township tax rate.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners, although the County property tax rates apply to all City property owners; the Airport Authority rates apply to the property owners within that Authority's geographic boundaries.

Over		

Audit Fund	Total Direct	 School District	McLean County	-	Гоwnshiр	R	Water eclamation District	,	Airport Authority	(Cemetery	C	Heartland ommunity College
\$ 0.00400	\$ 1.53280	\$ 4.44520	\$ 1.00250	\$	0.10220	\$	0.10060	\$	0.12350	\$	0.02740	\$	0.24980
0.00370	1.43510	4.47070	0.96120		0.17620		0.09470		0.11660		0.02560		0.26200
0.00360	1.39510	4.47790	0.97070		0.17150		0.09200		0.11700		0.02490		0.29120
0.00360	1.40080	4.48080	0.98200		0.23680		0.09260		0.11270		0.02510		0.28390
0.00361	1.38497	4.43060	0.92510		0.22000		0.12870		0.10590		0.02500		0.27960
0.00351	1.33803	4.42150	0.91520		0.22060		0.12180		0.09900		0.02430		0.28410
0.00421	1.27444	4.40540	0.93720		0.14470		0.11240		0.09190		0.02330		0.30960
0.00489	1.29353	4.43750	0.93060		0.13440		0.10770		0.08320		0.02270		0.33850
0.00485	1.28389	4.43450	0.93690		0.15620		0.14310		0.10920		0.02190		0.35260
0.00511	1.28069	4.47014	0.93874		0.18862		0.15014		0.10680		-		0.38752

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2004	
			Percentage
			of Total City
	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value
State Farm Insurance Co.	\$ 160,152,834	1	11.31%
Country Life Insurance Co.	13,384,871	2	0.95
BMJ Development	10,755,551	3	0.76
Illinois Agricultural Assn.	9,102,909	4	0.64
Wal-Mart	5,688,476	5	0.40
Westminister Village	5,184,403	6	0.37
Turnberry	5,078,453	7	0.36
M & J/LJP Parkway LP	5,000,000	8	0.35
Land Tr BY-1	4,703,070	9	0.33
Verizon North, Inc.	4,535,824	10	0.32
First of America	-		-
Great Lakes Property	-		-
OSF Healthcare	-		-
Jumers	 <u>-</u>		
Total	\$ 223,586,391		15.79%

Source: City of Bloomington Township

Note:

Total 1995 Assessed Valuation \$750,023,917 Total 2004 Assessed Valuation \$1,415,670,679

	1996			
		Percentage		
		of Total City		
Taxable		Taxable		
Assessed		Assessed		
Value	Rank	Value		
\$ 87,553,037	1	11.67%		
8,942,042	2	1.19		
6,886,606	4	0.09		
8,578,842	3	1.14		
-		-		
3,142,008	10	0.42		
-		-		
-		-		
-		-		
5,799,301	5	0.77		
5,394,121	6	0.72		
3,902,707	7	0.52		
3,547,453	8	0.47		
3,240,540	9	0.43		
\$ 136,986,657		17.42%		

Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Taxes Levied for the Tax Year			Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Fiscal Year Ended April 30:	Tax Year				Amount	Percentage of Levy		
1996	1995	\$	11,482,600	\$	11,388,945	99.18%		
1997	1996		12,057,730		11,854,623	98.32		
1998	1997		12,659,567		12,561,253	99.22		
1999	1998		13,313,650		13,216,952	99.27		
2000	1999		13,886,258		13,795,251	99.34		
2001	2000		14,481,723		14,126,852	97.55		
2002	2001		15,120,405		14,985,365	99.11		
2003	2002		16,510,246		16,334,789	98.94		
2004	2003		17,354,447		17,226,781	99.26		
2005 **	2004		18,129,927		10,788,526	59.51		

Source: County of McLean Tax Extension Office

Note:

There is no personal property tax (on cars or jewelry); only real property is taxed.

The above information presents the information for each period for which it is levied.

A tax levy provides taxes remitted in the following year.

The farmland value is based upon productivity instead of actual market value.

 $^{^{**}}$ 2005 - collections as of August 23, 2005 - second installment due on September 6, 2005

		Total Collection	ns to Date
Collections in			
Subsequent			Percentage
Years		Amount	of Levy
68,834	\$	11,457,779	99.78%
69,332		11,923,955	98.89
81,104		12,642,357	99.86
17,855		13,234,807	99.41
74,809		13,870,060	99.88
87,517		14,214,369	98.15
98,420		15,083,785	99.76
135,270		16,470,059	99.76
80,435		17,307,216	99.73
-		10,788,526	59.51
	Subsequent Years 68,834 69,332 81,104 17,855 74,809 87,517 98,420 135,270	Subsequent Years 68,834 \$ 69,332 81,104 17,855 74,809 87,517 98,420 135,270	Subsequent Years Amount 68,834 \$ 11,457,779 69,332 11,923,955 81,104 12,642,357 17,855 13,234,807 74,809 13,870,060 87,517 14,214,369 98,420 15,083,785 135,270 16,470,059 80,435 17,307,216

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities General Less Amount Net Percentage of Debt Fiscal Obligation Available in General Actual Property Per Bonded Debt Year Bonds Debt Service Value Capita 1996 \$ 34,022,219 \$ 14,622 \$ 34,007,597 4.04% 589.31 1997 38,894,876 (275,092)39,169,968 4.40 678.77 1998 638.84 36,370,511 (495,005)36,865,516 4.01 1999 32,489,864 (446, 150)32,936,014 3.47 570.75 2000 30,015,916 (62,594)30,078,510 0.30 521.23 2001 423.78 27,622,239 157,916 27,464,323 2.54 2002 25,972,946 837,992 25,134,954 2.12 387.84 2003 2,019,564 21,699,296 1.70 325.60 23,718,860 2004 424.65 31,428,719 3,127,926 28,300,793 2.09 2005 893.55 67,931,484 6,717,153 61,214,331 5.02

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt may be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. As a Home Rule entity, under the State of Illinois Constitution, the City has no statutory debt limit.

Business-Type Activities

	General Loan Obligation Payable Bonds		Obligation	Revenue Bonds		Total Primary Government		Percentage of Per Capita Income	Per Capita
\$		\$	_	\$	6,129,500	\$	40,151,719	0.059%	695.79
*	_	*	_	*	4.937.548	*	43.832.424	0.055	759.57
	-		-		3,692,788		40,063,299	0.065	694.25
	-		-		2,376,360		34,866,224	0.077	604.19
	-		-		992,036		31,007,952	0.090	537.33
	-		-		-		27,622,239	0.104	426.22
	-		-		-		25,972,946	0.111	400.77
	1,568,767		-		-		25,287,627	0.116	379.44
	2,659,006		-		-		34,087,725	0.086	511.48
	4.884.567		3,174,728		-		75,990,779	0.039	1,109,24

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Year Ended April 30, 2005

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Bloomington Normal Airport Authority	\$ 22,810,000	69.26% \$	15,797,750
Bloomington Schools District #87	21,985,000	99.63	21,902,996
Heartland Community College #540	20,745,000	41.90	8,692,155
County of McLean	20,980,000	49.47	10,378,806
Normal Schools District #5	147,844,969	42.70	63,129,802
Subtotal, overlapping debt			119,901,509
City Direct Debt	71,106,212		71,106,212
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$	191,007,721

Sources: Debt outstanding provided by each governmental unit.

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal				Illinois					
Year			Annı	ual Average					
Ended		Per Capita	lr	ndividual	Median	School	Home	Unempl	oyment
April 30	Population (3)	Income (3)		Pay (3)	Age (3)	Enrollment	Sales (3)	Ra	te
1996	57,707	23,592		*	31	7,201 (1)	\$ 113,439	4.0%	6 (2)
1997	57,707	24,152		*	31	7,118 (1)	116,744	3.0	(2)
1998	57,707	25,959		*	31	7,555 (1)	120,645	2.5	(2)
1999	57,707	26,843		*	31	7,787 (1)	126,927	2.8	(2)
2000	57,707	27,840	\$	30,587	30	7,829 (3)	131,768	2.1	(3)
2001	57,707	28,801		32,888	30	7,651 (3)	134,351	1.9	(3)
2002	64,808	28,926		34,226	30	7,520 (3)	139,322	1.9	(3)
2003	66,645	29,313		35,106	30	7,557 (3)	144,641	2.4	(3)
2004	66,645	29,451		36,116	31	7,544 (3)	153,422	2.7	(3)
2005	68,507	29,769		34,910	31	7,777 (3)	161,135	4.6	(3)

Sources:

- (1) Regional Office of Education for the McLean County-Dewitt County Education Service Region.
- (2) State of Illinois Department of Employment Security as of May of the current year.
- (3) Bloomington Normal Economic Development Council Demographic Profile.

Note: The demographic statistic is being added to the report.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2005 Percentage of Total City Employer Employees Rank Employment State Farm Insurance Company 20.63% 14,132 1 Country Insurance & Financial Services 2,289 2 3.34 Mitsubishi Motor Manufacturing 3 1,979 2.89 Anderson Financial Network, Inc. 1,047 4 1.53 OSF - St Joseph Medical Center 5 974 1.42 McLean County Government 892 6 1.30 District #87 879 7 1.28 City of Bloomington 863 8 1.26 Wal-Mart, Inc. 789 9 1.15 Verizon Communications 700 10 1.02 Kathryn Beich, Inc. First America Savings and Loans

Source: Human Resource Departments reporting to the Economic Council of Bloomington/Normal Area.

Note: The estimated population in 2005 is 68,507 The estimated population in 1996 is 57,707

		Percentage		
		of Total City		
Employees	Rank	Employment		
7,957	1	13.79%		
1,712	3	2.97		
3,900	2	6.76		
-	-	-		
940	4	1.63		
669	8	1.16		
643	9	1.11		
430	10	0.75		
-	-	-		
750	6	1.30		
750	5	1.30		
671	7	1.16		

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees By Functions/Programs Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of April 30							
	2005	2004	2003	2002				
Functions/Program								
General Government:								
Legislative	9	9	9	9				
City Manager	4	4	4	4				
City Clerk	4	3	4	3				
Personnel	10	9	10	12				
Finance	15	14	14	14				
Computer Services	10	9	10	9				
Legal	5	5	5	5				
Building Safety	21	19	18	18				
Planning	3	3	3	3				
Facility Mgmt	2	2	2	2				
Community Development	7	7	8	8				
Parks and Recreation:	· ·	,	v	v				
General & Administrative	34	32	35	33				
SOAR	6	6	5	5				
Recreation	24	23	24	24				
Pool(s)	8	9	10	10				
Zoo	16	15	16	15				
Forestry	4	4	4	4				
Golf Course(s)	40	40	39	38				
Police:	400	444	400	400				
Officers	120	114	108	109				
Civilians (a)	26	27	25	18				
Fire:								
Firefighters and Officers	93	88	89	89				
Civilians	9	9	8	8				
Public Works:								
Administration	4	4	4	4				
Street Maintenance	16	16	16	16				
Street Sweeping	1	4	3	3				
Snow and Ice Control	4	4	4	4				
Refuse Collection	50	47	47	47				
Weed Control	2	3	3	3				
Central Garage	9	7	7	7				
Street Lighting	1	1	1	1				
Traffic Control	11	10	10	11				
Water:	••	10						
Administration	6	6	6	6				
Transmission	21	21	21	20				
Purification	19	19	19	19				
Lake Bloomington Park	6	6	6	6				
Sewer Maintenance		16	16	16				
	15	10	10	10				
Stormwater	9	-	-	-				
Other Programs/Functions:	40	00	00	00				
Engineering	19	23	22	22				
Library	64	60	62	55				
Parking	8	8	8	8				
JM Scott	3	3	3	3				
Cultural District	6	5	5	5				
Total	744	714	713	696				

Source: City of Bloomington Human Resource Department

Note: The City created a Stormwater Fund in 2005 to maintain and manage the stormwater system.

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of April 30					
2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996
9	9	9	9	9	9
4	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	2
11	11	8	8	8	8
13	13	13	11	11	10
8	8	6	6	5	6
5	4	4	4	4	4
16	14	14	14	13	13
3	2	2	2	2	1
2	2	1	1	1	1
8	8	8	9	9	9
0	0	0	y	y	9
32	31	30	30	30	30
5	5	5	5	6	6
24	24	24	24	26	24
10	10	12	12	12	12
15	15	13	13	13	12
4	4	4	4	4	4
37	37	36	36	32	23
31	ગ	30	30	32	23
103	99	99	94	95	92
24	21	21	21	17	29
				.,	20
89	88	88	89	88	89
7	7	7	6	7	6
4	4	4	4	4	4
14	11	11	11	11	11
3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4
47	47	47	48	48	45
3	3	3	3	3	3
7	6	6	6	7	7
1	1	1	1	1	1
11	11	11	11	11	10
6	4	4	4	4	4
22	20	20	20	20	20
18	15	15	15	15	15
6	15 6	15 6	15 6	15 6	15 6
18 6 16	14	14	14	14	14
-	-	-	-	-	-
21	20	20	20	20	20
51 8	49	47 8	44 8	47	49
8	8	8	8	47 8	8
3	3	3	3	3	49 8 3
-	-	-	-	-	-
677	647	637	629	627	620

City of Bloomington, Illinois

Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Calendar Years

	Calendar Year							
Function/Program		1995		1996		1997		1998
Police:								
Calls for service		39,274		39,275		37,784		42,198
Adult arrest		1,757		1,830		1,709		2,001
Juvenile arrest		323		523		373		306
Speeding citations only		1,335		1,238		2,245		2,188
Traffic citations		6,749		8,044		8,517		10,243
Fire:								
Total fire runs		1,318		1,310		1,359		1,338
Total rescue runs		3,811		3,891		3,784		4,093
Property loss	\$	397,505	\$	816,985	\$	639,705	\$	549,139
Building safety:								
Total building permits		2,382		2,251		2,683		2,554
Total value all permits	\$	99,563,127	\$	96,325,820	\$	116,330,850	\$	134,057,741
Library, volumes in collection		171,457		172,828		179,217		183,067
Public service:								
Garbage collected (ton)		**		15,487		16,322		17,149
Recycle collected (ton)		817		1,351		1,726		2,363
Parks and Recreation:								
Recreation program attendance		129,338		150,588		161,032		171,770
Aquatics program attendance		92,310		85,132		75,325		72,750
Golf rounds played		84,799		80,030		94,293		94,651
Miller Park Zoo attendance		102,052		101,598		111,881		105,090
Street trees maintained		N/A		N/A		N/A		12,866

Source: Various City departments

Note: ** Indicator not available

\sim	l	I —	Vaa	

Calendar Year									
1999		2000		2001		2002		2003	2004
44,201		47,988		51,185		54,507		54,916	51,775
2,144		2,048		1,783		1,895		2,083	1,984
298		246		214		257		221	252
3,688		7,706		8,514		6,205		3,699	2,720
13,245		17,426		16,582		14,512		13,783	10,907
1,354		1,508		1,630		1,794		2,106	2,492
4,260		4,606		5,269		5,620		5,427	5,235
\$ 727,875	\$	738,140	\$	832,481	\$	1,219,642	\$	1,749,600	\$ 1,114,600
2,277		2,709		2,458		2,579		3,001	3,017
\$ 264,287,318	\$	155,369,125	\$	189,573,800	\$	154,261,448	\$	185,562,460	\$ 156,392,339
225,623		251,980		254,470		250,240		248,280	241,240
18,027		17,776		17,729		17,865		18,601	18,537
2,083		2,143		2,243		2,010		2,338	2,420
198,394		202,931		190,723		199,257		218,243	227,437
73,479		70,361		72,798		68,361		55,058	53,296
94,454		98,698		95,788		87,528		89,844	92,303
111,803		99,001		107,055		98,262		90,389	113,641
13,466		13,830		14,003		14,212		14,385	14,494

City of Bloomington, Illinois

Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	1996	1997	1998	1999
Police:				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Zone Offices	-	- -	-	_
Fire, Fire Stations	4	4	4	4
Refuse Collection:				
Collection Trucks	8	8	8	9
Other Public Works	31	32	33	35
Streets (Miles)	242	248	253	258
Traffic Signals	68	83	102	105
Parks & Recreation:				
Acreage	446	446	407	409
Parks	36	36	40	41
Golf Course	2	2	3	3
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	17	17	17	17
In-line Hockey Rinks	-	-	-	-
Soccer/Football Fields	12	12	13	13
Basketball Courts	8	8	9	9
Tennis Courts	20	20	20	20
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2
Parks with Playground Equipment	19	19	20	20
Picnic Shelters	19	19	20	20
Community Centers	1	1	1	1
Library:				
Facilities	1	1	1	1
Volumes	171,457	172,828	179,217	183,067
Water:				
Lakes	2	2	2	2
Storage Capacity (MGPD)	18	18	18	18
Average Daily Consumption (MGPD)	11	11	11	11
Peak Consumption (MGPD)	15	15	15	15
Wastewater:				
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	235	235	235	238
Storm Sewers (miles)	170	173	173	176
Combination Sanitary and Storm (miles)	100	100	100	100

Source: Various City Departments **Note**: MGPD - Millions Gallons per Day

2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
2000	2001	2002	2000	2004	2000
4	4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1	1 1
4	4	4	4	4	4
4	4	4	4	4	7
9	10	10	11	11	11
36	35	36	36	37	37
263	271	272	274	276	276
111	112	114	115	121	127
418	589	589	589	595	602
38	39	43	44	44	52
3	3	3	3	3	3
17	17	17	17	17	24
1	1	1	1	1	1
13	13	13	13	13	14
9	9	9	9	10	13
20	20	20	20	20	20
2	2	2	2	2	2
21	21	21	21	21	31
20	20	20	20	20	28
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
225,623	251,980	254,470	250,240	248,280	241,240
2	2	2	2	2	2
18	18	18	18	18	18
11	11	11	11	11	11
17	17	17	17	20	20
	••				
238	243	245	248	250	250
185	189	192	194	197	200
100	100	100	100	100	100

Supplemental Disclosure Requirements Set Forth in \$10,000,000 2003 Bond Issue

Exhibit	Page
Exhibit A Direct general obligation bonded debt (principal only)	128
Exhibit A-1 Debt service requirements	129
Exhibit B Overlapping general obligation bonded debt	117
Exhibit C Composition of equalized assessed value	107 - 108
Exhibit D City tax rates by purpose-direct and overlapping property tax rates	109 - 110
Exhibit E Representative total tax rates	109 - 110
Exhibit F Top ten largest taxpayers	111 - 112
Exhibit G Combined statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in general fund balances	106

Note: Exhibit labels match exhibits required in the bond covenant

Exhibit A - Direct General Obligation Bonded Debt (Principal Only) (1)

Year Ending December 31:	Total Existing Debt	Less Abated Amount (2)	Net Tax Levied Amount
2005	\$ 2,021,913	\$ 1,017,000	\$ 1,004,913
2006	2,282,404	1,267,000	1,015,404
2007	2,674,008	1,643,000	1,031,008
2008	4,648,544	3,718,000	930,544
2009	3,270,000	1,724,000	1,546,000
2010	3,495,000	1,880,000	1,615,000
2011	875,000	875,000	-
2012	1,890,000	1,890,000	-
2013	1,955,000	1,955,000	_
2014	1,955,000	1,955,000	-
2015	1,975,000	1,975,000	-
2016	2,050,000	2,050,000	-
2017	2,225,000	2,225,000	-
2018	2,320,000	2,320,000	-
2019	2,165,000	2,165,000	-
2020	2,375,000	2,375,000	-
2021	2,490,000	2,490,000	-
2022	2,345,000	2,345,000	-
2023	2,480,000	2,480,000	-
2024	2,350,000	2,350,000	-
2025	1,310,000	1,310,000	-
2026	1,485,000	1,485,000	-
2027	1,675,000	1,675,000	-
2028	1,880,000	1,880,000	-
2029	2,080,000	2,080,000	-
2030	2,310,000	2,310,000	-
2031	2,565,000	2,565,000	-
2032	2,835,000	2,835,000	-
2033	3,125,000	3,125,000	-
2034	3,440,000	3,440,000	-
	\$ 70,546,869	\$ 63,404,000	\$ 7,142,869

⁽¹⁾ Does not include revenue bonds.

⁽²⁾ Includes General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 1994; General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 1995; a portion of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2001; General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003; Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 and General Obligation Demand Bonds, Series 2004 that the City has historically and plans to continue to pay from other revenue sources and abate property tax levies for.

Exhibit A-1 - Debt Service Requirements

Tax Year	Total Debt Service (1)			Less Annually Abated Debt Service (2)		Total Tax Levied Debt Service
2004	\$	3,777,011	\$	2,077,826	\$	1,699,185
2005	•	6,401,537	*	4,711,084	*	1,690,453
2006		6,393,996		4,710,108		1,683,888
2007		8,361,117		6,674,572		1,686,545
2008		6,301,264		4,648,999		1,652,265
2009		6,453,220		4,805,920		1,647,300
2010		4,580,574		4,580,574		-
2011		4,560,415		4,560,415		-
2012		4,476,719		4,476,719		-
2013		4,425,194		4,425,194		-
2014		4,427,722		4,427,722		-
2015		4,522,725		4,522,725		-
2016		4,528,007		4,528,007		-
2017		4,275,757		4,275,757		-
2018		4,390,965		4,390,965		-
2019		4,398,434		4,398,434		-
2020		4,139,007		4,139,007		-
2021		4,161,007		4,161,007		-
2022		3,909,469		3,909,469		-
2023		2,749,506		2,749,506		-
2024		2,842,631		2,842,631		-
2025		2,939,819		2,939,819		-
2026		3,040,131		3,040,131		-
2027		3,122,631		3,122,631		-
2028		3,220,031		3,220,031		-
2029		3,327,769		3,327,769		-
2030		3,434,250		3,434,250		-
2031		3,543,519		3,543,519		-
2032		3,659,300		3,659,300		-

⁽¹⁾ Interest on General Obligation Demand Bonds, Series 2004 calculated at 4.00%.

⁽²⁾ Includes General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 1994; General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 1995; a portion of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2001; General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003; Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 and General Obligation Demand Bonds, Series 2004 that the City has historically and plans to continue to pay from other revenue sources and abate property tax levies for.

Statistical Section Comments Relative to Statistical Section

The following statistical table recommended by the National Council on Governmental Accounting is not included for the reason stated below:

The table showing legal debt margin is omitted because as a "Home Rule" unit established by the 1970 Illinois Constitution, the City of Bloomington, Illinois has no statutory debt limit. Nonhome Rule units in Illinois may issue bonds up to 8.625% of Assessed Valuation. Some types of General Obligation Bonds may be issued up to 5% of Assessed Valuation.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended April 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
			— г
Direct Programs:			
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-03-MC-17-0004	\$ 560,447
	14.218	B-04-MC-17-0004	280,404
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	IL-01B31-2005	51,960
	14.235	IL-01B21-2003	26,956
	14.235	IL-01B21-2004	5,199
	14.235	IL-01B21-2008	14,627
	14.235	IL-01B31-2004	17,388
	14.235	IL-01B21-2007	5,796
	14.235	IL-01B31-2008	6,898
	14.235	IL-01B31-2003	148,241
	14.235	IL-01B31-2002	149,813
Shelter Plus Care	14.238	IL-01C91-2002	13,277
Shorton Fide Gard	11.200	12 0 100 1 2002	1,281,006
II.C. Department of Justice:			
U.S. Department of Justice:	16 607	00002705	12 110
Bulletproof Vest Program Law Enforcement Block Grant	16.607	99003795	13,118 8,988
Law Enforcement Block Grant	16.592 16.592	2003-LB-BX-2330	
	16.592	2004-LB-BX-1233	10,264 32,370
			,
Federal Emergency Management Agency,			
Assistance to Firefighters	97.044	EMW-2003-FG-06982	44,801
U.S. Department of Justice:			
(Passed through Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority)			
Edward Byrne Local Law Enforcement:			
Assistance Formula Grant	16.579	402020	2,748
	16.579	401214	26,892
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Program	16.710	601173	15,000
			44,640
Environmental Protection Agency:			
(Passed through Illinois Environmental Protection			
Agency)			
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	66.468	L17225200	 1,091,237
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 2,494,054

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended April 30, 2005

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Bloomington, Illinois for the year ended April 30, 2005. All federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies as well as federal financial assistance passed through other governmental agencies is included in the schedule. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the City has done everything necessary to establish its right to revenue. For governmental funds, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures of federal awards are recognized in the accounting period when the liability is incurred.

Note 3. Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City of Bloomington, Illinois provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	 unt Provided ubrecipients
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	\$ 422,153

Note 4. Federal Loan Program

Under the Community Development Block Grant program, the City administers loan programs which are accounted for in the Residential/Rehabilitation Escrow Fund, a special revenue fund. As of April 30, 2005, the loans outstanding under these programs total \$1,676,640 net of \$117,500 of allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended April 30, 2005

	Comment	Status	Corrective Action or Other Explanation
	Reportable Conditions:		
04-II-A	The City has an inadequate segregation of duties over the receipts transaction cycle at the golf course locations.	Not corrected. Similar finding at 05-II-A.	

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bloomington, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bloomington, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2005. We did not audit the financial statements of Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority which represents 10% and 18%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information and 2% and none, respectively, of the governmental activities assets and revenues. We did not audit the Police Pension and Fire Pension which represents all of the assets and revenues of the fiduciary funds of the City of Bloomington, Illinois. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority, Police Pension and Fire Pension, is based on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. However, the financial statements of the Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority, Police Pension, and Fire Pension were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and, accordingly, this report does not extend to those funds.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-II-A.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by fraud or error in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the reportable condition described above is not a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving internal control over financial reporting which we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 28, 2005.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

McGladry & Pullen, LCP

Davenport, Iowa June 28, 2005

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bloomington, Illinois

Scope of this Report

The City of Bloomington, Illinois' basic financial statements include the financial statements of the Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority, the Police Pension and the Fire Pension, which were audited by other auditors. The financial statements of the Central Illinois Risk Pooling Authority, the Police Pension and Fire Pension were not audited in accordance with the *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations. Accordingly, our audit, described below, does not extend to those funds.

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Bloomington, Illinois with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended April 30, 2005. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2005. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-III-A.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Bloomington, Illinois is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of City Council, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

McGladry of Pullen, LCP

Davenport, Iowa June 28, 2005

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended April 30, 2005

l.	Summary of the Auditor's Results					
	Financial Statements					
	Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified					
	 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? 	☐ Yes ☑ Yes ☐ Yes		No None Reported No		
	Federal Awards					
	Internal control over major programs: • Material weakness(es) identified? • Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	☐ Yes☐ Yes	_	No None Reported		
	 Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133? 	✓ Yes		No		
	Identification of major programs:					
	CFDA Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster	_				
	14.218 Community Development Block Grant					
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000					
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	✓ Yes		No		
(C	(Continued)					

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2005

II. Findings Relating to the Basic Financial Statement Audit as Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

A. Reportable conditions in internal control over financial reporting:

05-II-A

<u>Finding</u>: A good system of internal control policies and procedures contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to its completion. In gaining an understanding of the City of Bloomington, Illinois' internal control, the following improper segregation of duties was identified.

<u>Condition</u>: The City has an inadequate segregation of duties over the receipts transaction cycle at the City golf courses, pool and zoo. The same employee who collects receipts may also reconcile and edit the receipts ledger.

Effect: Misappropriation of cash could occur and not be detected on a timely basis.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend an employee, separate from the cash collection function, reconcile the fees collected by these locations to a separate ledger or tracking system.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The City of Bloomington has researched the possibility of segregation of duties and implementation of a separate tracking system for recording admission at these locations. The benefit of segregating duties and implementing a separate tracking system has been determined by management to not outweigh the costs.

(Continued)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2005

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

A. Reportable conditions in internal control

None

B. Instances of noncompliance

05-III-A

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Community Development Block Grant (CFDA 14.218)

Finding: The City included a disallowed cost in the reimbursement request.

<u>Condition</u>: The City made a payment to an association and did not properly identify a portion of the payment contributed to political action committees as a disallowed cost.

Questioned Costs: \$32.

<u>Criteria</u>: In accordance with OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, contributing to or paying the expenses of a political action committee are not allowable.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The agency should discontinue use of grant funds for lobbying purposes in accordance with regulations.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The City will discontinue such payments in the future.

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended April 30, 2005

Current Number	Comment	Corrective Action Plan	Anticipated Date of Completion	Contact Person					
Reportable Conditions in Internal Control									
05-II-A	The City has an inadequate segregation of duties over the receipts transaction cycle at the golf courses, pool and zoo locations.	See response and corrective action plan at 05-II-A.	N/A	Judy Whikehart					
Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards									
05-III-A	The City made a payment to an association and did not identify a portion of the payment contributed to political action committees as a disallowed cost.	See response and corrective action plan at 05-III-A.	July 2005	Judy Whikehart					